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# Farmers' Bulletins and Leaflets

of the

United States

Department of Agriculture

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## Accounting — Budgeting — Farm Management

- 511 F. Farm bookkeeping.
- 572 F. A system of farm cost accounting.
- 782 F. The use of a diary for farm accounts.
- 924 F. A simple way to increase crop yields.
- \*986 F. Farm practices that increase crop yields in the Gulf Coast region.
- 1015 F. Producing family and farm supplies on the cotton farm.
- 1082 F. Home supplies furnished by the farm.
- 1088 F. Selecting a farm.
- 1117 F. Forestry and farm income.
- 1139 F. A method of analyzing the farm business.
- 1164 F. The farm lease contract.
- 1182 F. Farm inventories.
- \*1421 F. Successful farming on 80-acre farms in central Indiana.
- \*1463 F. Successful farming on 160-acre farms in central Indiana.
- 1475 F. Soil productivity as affected by crop rotation.
- 1545 F. Dry-farming methods and practices in wheat growing in the Columbia and Snake River Basins.
- 1546 F. Systems of livestock farming in the Black Prairie Belt of Alabama and Mississippi.
- 1553 F. Planning and recording family expenditures.
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- \*1565 F. Shall I buy a combine?
- 1614 F. Business records for poultry keepers.
- 1662 F. Husker-shredders in corn-borer control.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manure in the Cotton Belt.
- 1678 F. Safe use and storage of gasoline and kerosene on the farm.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to meet corn-borer conditions.
- 1697 F. Using soil-binding plants to reclaim gullies in the South.
- 82 L. Controlling small gullies by bluegrass sod.
- 85 L. Strip cropping to prevent erosion.

## Alfalfa

- 1021 F. Alfalfa on Corn Belt farms.
- 1229 F. Utilization of alfalfa.
- 1283 F. How to grow alfalfa.
- 1467 F. Commercial varieties of alfalfa.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- 1630 F. Irrigation practices in growing alfalfa.
- 1722 F. Growing alfalfa.

## Animal Breeding

- \*525 F. Raising guinea pigs.
- 1167 F. Essentials of animal breeding.

## Bees—Honey

- \*447 F. Bees.
- \*653 F. Honey and its uses in the home.
- \*695 F. Outdoor wintering of bees.
- \*961 F. Transferring bees to modern hives.
- 975 F. Control of European foulbrood.
- \*1012 F. Preparation of bees for outdoor wintering.
- \*1014 F. Wintering bees in cellars.
- \*1039 F. Commercial comb-honey production.
- \*1198 F. Swarm control.
- \*1215 F. Beekeeping in the clover region.
- \*1216 F. Beekeeping in the buckwheat region.
- \*1222 F. Beekeeping in the tulip-tree region.
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## Berries

- 887 F. Raspberry culture.
- 901 F. Everbearing strawberries.
- \*998 F. Culture of Logan blackberry and related varieties.
- 1026 F. Strawberry culture, South Atlantic and Gulf Coast regions.
- 1027 F. Strawberry culture, western United States.
- 1028 F. Strawberry culture, eastern United States.
- 1043 F. Strawberry varieties.
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- 1399 F. Blackberry growing.
- 1400 F. Establishing cranberry fields.
- 1401 F. Managing cranberry fields.
- 1402 F. Cranberry harvesting and handling.
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## Birds

- 497 F. Game, aquatic, and rapacious birds in relation to man.
- 506 F. Food of well-known birds.
- \*513 F. Fifty common birds of farm and orchard. 25c.
- 621 F. Attracting birds in northeastern United States.
- 630 F. Birds useful to the farmer.
- 684 F. Squab raising.
- 755 F. Common birds of southeastern United States.
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- 844 F. Attracting birds, Middle Atlantic States.
- 912 F. Attracting birds, East Central States.
- 1102 F. Crow in relation to agriculture.
- \*1327 F. Canaries, care and management.
- \*1373 F. Homing pigeons, their training.
- 1456 F. Homes for birds.
- 1571 F. European starling in United States.
- 1612 F. Propagation of aquatic game birds.
- 1613 F. Propagation of upland game birds.
- 1644 F. Local bird refuges.
- 1682 F. Usefulness of birds on the farm.
- \*36 L. Gourds for bird houses.
- 61 L. English sparrow control.



## **Building — Buildings — Engineering — Mechanics—Machinery**

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- 847 F. Potato-storage houses.
- \*927 F. Farm home conveniences.
- 1045 F. Laying out fields for tractor plowing.
- \*1078 F. Harvesting and storing ice on the farm.
- \*1131 F. Tile-trenching machinery.
- 1132 F. Planning the farmstead.
- 1214 F. Farm dairy houses.
- 1227 F. Sewage and sewerage of farm homes.
- 1234 F. Gullies: How to control and reclaim them.
- 1279 F. Plain concrete for farm use.
- 1318 F. Greenhouse construction and heating.
- \*1319 F. Cotton-dusting machinery.
- 1342 F. Dairy-barn construction.
- 1350 F. Beef-cattle barns.
- 1393 F. Principles of dairy-barn ventilation.
- 1426 F. Farm plumbing.
- 1448 F. Farmstead water supply.
- 1452 F. Painting on the farm.
- 1460 F. Simple plumbing repairs in the home.
- 1480 F. Small concrete construction on the farm.
- 1487 F. Practical hog houses.
- \*1500 F. Rammed earth walls for buildings.
- 1525 F. Effective haying equipment and practices for northern Great Plains and intermountain regions.
- 1526 F. Clearing land of brush and stumps.
- 1554 F. Poultry houses and fixtures.
- \*1565 F. Shall I buy a combine?
- 1572 F. Making cellars dry.
- 1589 F. Husker-shredder on eastern Corn-Belt farms.
- 1590 F. Fire-protective construction on the farm.
- 1608 F. Operation and care of the combined harvester-thresher.
- 1615 F. Hay stackers and their use.
- 1638 F. Rat-proofing buildings and premises.
- 1649 F. Construction of chimneys and fireplaces.
- 1658 F. Farm water power.
- 1660 F. The use of logs and poles in farm construction.
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- 1669 F. Farm terracing.
- 1678 F. Safe use and storage of gasoline and kerosene on the farm.
- 1690 F. Plowing with moldboard plows.
- 1698 F. Heating the farm home.
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- 1703 F. Reservoirs for farm use.
- 1715 F. Methods and costs of husking corn in the field.
- 1720 F. Adobe or sun dried brick for farm buildings.
- \*56 L. Preventing cracks in new wood floors.
- 62 L. Why some wood surfaces hold paint longer than others.
- 77 L. Bracing farm buildings.
- 87 L. Wind-resistant construction for farm buildings.
- 97 L. Cross-blocking sugar beets by machine.

## **Canning — Drying — Pickling—Preserving (Home)**

- \*900 F. Home-made fruit butters.
- \*984 F. Farm and home drying of fruits and vegetables.
- 1172 F. Farm slaughtering and use of lamb and mutton.
- 1186 F. Pork on the farm—killing, curing, and canning.
- 1415 F. Beef on the farm—slaughtering, cutting, curing.
- 1438 F. Making fermented pickles.
- 1471 F. Canning fruits and vegetables.

## **Cattle: Beef**

- 612 F. Breeds of beef cattle.
- 1068 F. Judging beef cattle.
- 1135 F. The beef calf, its growth and development.
- 1350 F. Beef-cattle barns.
- 1395 F. Beef-cattle production in the range area.
- 1415 F. Beef on the farm, slaughtering, cutting, curing.
- 1549 F. Feeding cattle for beef.
- 1584 F. Feed-lot and ranch equipment for beef cattle.
- 1592 F. Beef production on the farm.
- 1600 F. Dehorning, castrating, branding, and marking beef cattle.

## **Cattle: Dairy**

- 1412 F. Care and management of dairy bulls.
- 1443 F. Dairy cattle breeds.
- 1470 F. Care and management of dairy cows.
- 1532 F. Dairy-herd improvement through cooperative bull associations.
- 1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1604 F. Dairy-herd improvement associations and stories the records tell.
- 1626 F. Feeding dairy cows.
- 1723 F. Feeding, care, and management of young dairy stock.
- 7 L. Feeding dairy cows in summer.
- \*10 L. Care of the dairy cow at calving time.
- \*14 L. Raising the dairy heifer.
- 16 L. Purebred dairy sires.
- 20 L. Care of the dairy calf.

## **Cattle: Miscellaneous**

- 1066 F. Determining the age of cattle by the teeth.
- 51 L. Improving cattle in areas freed of ticks.

## **Clovers**

- 676 F. Hard clover seed and its treatment in hulling.
- 693 F. Bur clover.
- \*1151 F. Alsike clover.
- \*1339 F. Clover failure.
- \*1411 F. Crimson clover: Seed production.
- 1653 F. Sweetclover in Corn Belt farming.
- 23 L. Sweetclover.
- 93 L. Red-clover seed production in the Intermountain States.

## **Conservation**

- 1234 F. Gullies: How to control and reclaim them.
- 1697 F. Using soil-binding plants to reclaim gullies in the South.
- 1719 F. Improving the farm environment for wild life.
- \*58 L. Making a model to show how forests prevent erosion.
- 82 L. Controlling small gullies by bluegrass sod.
- 85 L. Strip cropping to prevent erosion.

## **Corn**

- \*773 F. Corn growing under droughty conditions.
- \*915 F. How to reduce weevil waste in southern corn.
- 1029 F. Conserving corn from weevils in the Gulf Coast States.
- 1149 F. Growing corn in the Southeastern States.
- 1175 F. Better seed corn.
- 1562 F. Farm practices under corn-borer conditions.
- 1589 F. Husker-shredder on eastern Corn-Belt farms.
- 1634 F. Growing sugar corn for the cannery.
- 1662 F. Husker-shredder in corn-borer control.
- 1679 F. Pop corn.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to meet corn-borer conditions.
- 1701 F. Corncribs for the Corn Belt.
- 1714 F. Corn culture.
- 1715 F. Methods and costs of husking corn in the field.

## **Cost of Production Studies**

- \*1298 F. Cost of using horses on Corn Belt farms.
- 1715 F. Methods and costs of husking corn in the field.

## **Cotton—Cottonseed**

- 501 F. Cotton improvement under weevil conditions.
- \*1319 F. Cotton-dusting machinery.
- 1384 F. Community cotton production.
- \*1432 F. Culture of Pima and upland cotton in Arizona.
- \*1465 F. Cotton ginning.
- 1661 F. Farm study of the cotton plant.
- 1686 F. Common errors in cotton production.

## **Dairying—Dairy Products**

- 602 F. Production of clean milk.
- 876 F. Making butter on the farm.
- 960 F. Neufchatel and cream cheese, farm manufacture and use.
- 976 F. Cooling milk and cream on the farm.
- 1191 F. Making American cheese on the farm.
- 1214 F. Farm dairy houses.
- \*1272 F. Renting dairy farms.



- 1315 F. Cleaning milking machines.
- 1342 F. Dairy-barn construction.
- 1451 F. Making and using cottage cheese in the home.
- 1610 F. Dairy farming for beginners.
- 1675 F. Care of milk utensils on the farm.
- 3 L. Improved sanitation in milk production.
- 9 L. Making and storing farm butter for winter use.
- 19 L. Improving dairy herds.
- 20 L. Care of the dairy calf.
- 25 L. Preventing feed flavors and odors in milk

#### Diseases: Animal—Poultry

- 449 F. Rabies or hydrophobia.
- 666 F. Foot-and-mouth disease.
- 713 F. Sheep scab.
- 781 F. Tuberculosis of hogs.
- 784 F. Anthrax or charbon.
- 834 F. Hog cholera: Prevention and treatment.
- 1017 F. Cattle scab and methods of control and eradication.
- 1018 F. Hemorrhagic septicemia, stockyards fever, swine plague, fowl cholera, etc.
- 1054 F. Loco-weed disease.
- 1069 F. Tuberculosis in livestock. Detection, control, and eradication.
- 1085 F. Hog lice and hog mange. Methods of control and eradication.
- 1146 F. Dourine of horses.
- 1155 F. Diseases of sheep, infectious and noninfectious.
- 1200 F. Tuberculosis of fowls.
- 1244 F. Diseases, ailments, and abnormal conditions of swine.
- 1330 F. Parasites and parasitic diseases of sheep.
- 1355 F. Blackleg, its nature, cause, and prevention.
- 1422 F. Udder diseases of dairy cows.
- 1536 F. Infectious abortion of cattle.
- 1593 F. Trembles (milk sickness).
- 1596 F. Cattle grubs or heel flies with suggestions for their control.
- \*1625 F. Tick fever.
- 1652 F. Diseases and parasites of poultry.
- 1704 F. Bang's disease (infectious abortion).
- \*34 L. Trichinosis: A disease caused by eating raw pork.
- 75 L. Warts on cattle.
- 89 L. Controlling stomach worms in sheep and lambs.
- 102 L. Eradicating tuberculosis from poultry and swine.

#### Diseases: Berries—Fruits—Nuts

- 938 F. Apple bitter-rot and its control.
- 1053 F. Control of cherry leaf-spot.
- 1120 F. Control of apple powdery mildew.
- 1160 F. Diseases of apples in storage.
- 1380 F. Apple scald and its control.
- 1458 F. Strawberry diseases.
- 1478 F. Apple scab.
- 1479 F. Apple blotch.
- 1488 F. Diseases of raspberries and blackberries.
- 1527 F. Peach brown rot and scab.
- 1672 F. Diseases of pecans in the Southern States.

#### Diseases: Fiber—Forage—Grain Crops

- \*1124 F. The brown-spot of corn with suggestions for its control.
- \*1212 F. Straighthead of rice and its control.
- \*1414 F. The rosette disease of wheat and its control.
- 1544 F. Common barberry and black stem rust.
- 1599 F. Scab of wheat and barley and its control.
- 1607 F. Nematode disease of wheat and rye.
- 1711 F. Wheat smuts and their control.
- 98 L. Red-clover failure in relation to anthracnose in the southern part of the Clover Belt.

#### Diseases: Flowers — Vegetables — Miscellaneous

- 736 F. Ginseng diseases and their control.
- 1059 F. Sweetpotato diseases.
- 1060 F. Onion diseases and their control.
- 1345 F. Root-knot, its cause and control.
- 1367 F. Control of potato-tuber diseases.
- 1371 F. Diseases and insects of garden vegetables.
- 1439 F. Diseases of cabbage and related plants.
- 1547 F. Rose diseases: Their cause and control.
- 1692 F. Bean diseases and their control.

#### Dogs

- 1268 F. Sheep-killing dogs.
- 1491 F. Breeds of dogs.

#### Drainage

- 805 F. Drainage of irrigated farms.
- \*815 F. Organization, financing, and administration of drainage districts.
- \*1131 F. Tile-trenching machinery.
- 1606 F. Farm drainage.

#### Dry Farming

- \*1163 F. Dry farming in western South Dakota.
- 1545 F. Dry-farming methods and practices in wheat growing in Columbia and Snake River Basins.

#### Feeds—Feeding

- 724 F. Feeding of grain sorghums to livestock.
- 1133 F. Feeding garbage to hogs.
- 1179 F. Feeding cottonseed products to livestock.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding sows and litters.
- 1549 F. Feeding cattle for beef.
- 1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1626 F. Feeding dairy cows.
- 1699 F. Growing root crops for livestock.
- 1718 F. Important sugar-beet byproducts and their utilization.
- 1723 F. Feeding, care, and management of young dairy stock.

#### Fertilizers

- 921 F. Principles of liming soils.
- 1250 F. Green manuring.
- 1496 F. Inoculation of legumes and nonlegumes with nitrogen-fixing and other bacteria.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manure in the Cotton Belt.
- 70 L. Home mixing of fertilizers.
- 71 L. Fertilizers for pecan soils.

#### Fire Hazards—Dust Explosions

- 1512 F. Protection from lightning.
- 1590 F. Fire-protective construction on the farm.
- 1643 F. Fire safeguards for the farm.
- 1667 F. Rural community fire departments.
- 1678 F. Safe use and storage of gasoline and kerosene on the farm.
- 44 L. Fires on farms.

#### Flax

- 669 F. Fiber flax.
- 1650 F. Flaxseed production by power farming methods in northern Great Plains.

#### Flowers—Shrubs—Lawns

- 750 F. Roses for the home.
- 1087 F. Beautifying the farmstead.
- 1171 F. Growing annual flowering plants.
- 1311 F. Chrysanthemums for the home.
- 1370 F. Dahlias for the home.
- 1381 F. Herbaceous perennials.
- 1406 F. Garden irises.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1677 F. Planting and care of lawns.
- \*90 L. Rockeries.

#### Foods—Nutrition

- \*653 F. Honey, its uses in the home.
- 712 F. School lunches.
- 960 F. Neufchatel and cream cheese: Farm manufacture and use.
- \*1075 F. Unfermented grape juice. How to make it in the home.
- 1082 F. Home supplies furnished by the farm.
- 1191 F. Making American cheese on the farm.
- \*1195 F. Rice as food (with recipes).
- 1236 F. Corn and its uses as food.
- \*1264 F. Farm manufacture of unfermented apple juice.
- 1313 F. Good proportions in the diet.
- \*1359 F. Milk, and its uses in the home.
- 1374 F. Care of food in the home.
- 1424 F. Making vinegar in the home and on the farm.
- 1450 F. Home baking.
- 1471 F. Canning fruits and vegetables at home.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1674 F. Food for children.
- 1705 F. Milk for the family.
- \*17 L. Cooking beef according to the cut.
- \*28 L. Lamb as you like it.
- \*39 L. Eggs at any meal.
- 42 L. Good food habits for children.
- \*45 L. Pork in preferred ways.
- 48 L. Reindeer recipes.



- 49 L. Ice creams frozen without stirring.
- \*66 L. Rabbit recipes.
- 74 L. Boning lamb cuts.
- \*81 L. Cooking cured pork.

### Forestry—Forest Products

- \*622 F. Basket willow culture.
- \*1071 F. Making woodlands profitable in Southern States.
- 1117 F. Forestry and farm income.
- 1123 F. Growing and planting hardwood seedlings on the farm.
- 1177 F. Care and improvement of farm woods.
- \*1208 F. Trees for town and city streets.
- \*1209 F. Planting and care of street trees.
- 1210 F. Measuring and marketing farm timber.
- 1256 F. Slash pine.
- \*1312 F. Tree planting in Great Plains region.
- 1392 F. Black walnut for timber and nuts.
- 1405 F. Windbreak as a farm asset.
- \*1417 F. Idle land and costly timber.
- 1453 F. Growing and planting coniferous trees on the farm.
- \*1481 F. Planting the roadside.
- \*1482 F. Trees for roadside planting.
- 1486 F. Long-leaf pine primer.
- \*1492 F. Arbor Day: Its purpose and observance.
- 1517 F. Loblolly pine primer.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1603 F. Planting and care of shelter belts on the northern Great Plains.
- 1628 F. Growing black locust trees.
- 1671 F. Shortleaf pine.
- 1680 F. Farmers in Northern States grow timber as a money crop.
- \*1693 F. Growing Christmas holly on the farm.
- \*18 L. Bamboos and bamboo culture.
- 29 L. Farm woods—A savings bank paying interest.
- \*30 L. Cutting the farm woods "profit wise."
- 32 L. Planting southern pine.
- 35 L. Producing pine nursery stock in the South.
- 40 L. Woods burning in the South.
- 41 L. Good naval-stores practice.
- 55 L. Small trees wasteful to cut for saw timber.
- 57 L. Pulp-wood crops in the Northeast.
- \*58 L. Making a model to show how forests prevent erosion.
- 62 L. Why some wood surfaces hold paint longer than others.
- 83 L. More turpentine, less scar, better pine.
- 84 L. Planting black walnut.
- 86 L. Protect hardwood stands from grazing.

### Fruits

- 471 F. Grape propagation, pruning, and training.
- 685 F. The native persimmon.
- 727 F. Growing fruit for home use in the Great Plains area.
- 776 F. Growing cherries east of Rocky Mountains.
- 794 F. Citrus-fruit improvement. How to secure and use tree-performance records.
- 917 F. Growing peaches—Sites and cultural methods.
- 918 F. Peach varieties and their classification.
- 1001 F. Growing fruit for home use.
- 1031 F. Fig growing in the South Atlantic and Gulf States.
- \*1075 F. Unfermented grape juice. How to make it in the home.
- 1204 F. Northwestern apple packing houses.
- \*1237 F. Pineapple culture in Florida.
- \*1249 F. Olive growing in southwestern United States.
- 1284 F. Apple orchard renovation.
- 1333 F. Pruning citrus trees in the Southwest.
- 1343 F. Culture of citrus fruits in the Gulf States.
- 1360 F. Apple growing east of the Mississippi River. 10c.
- \*1372 F. Plum and prune growing in Pacific States. 10c.
- 1447 F. Citrus fruit growing in the Southwest.
- 1454 F. Home utilization of muscadine grapes.
- 1522 F. Home fruit garden on northern Great Plains.
- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.
- 1687 F. Removing spray residue from apples and pears.
- 1639 F. Grape districts and varieties in the United States.
- \*1696 F. Deciduous-fruit improvement through tree-performance records.

### Fur-Bearing Animals

- 587 F. Economic value of North American skunks
- 869 F. Muskrat as fur bearer. With notes on its use as food.
- 1247 F. American moles as agricultural pests and as fur producers.
- \*1519 F. Rabbit skins for fur.
- 1568 F. Rabbit parasites and diseases.
- \*1598 F. Mountain beavers in the Pacific Northwest: Their habits, economic status, and control.
- 1716 F. Mole control.
- 1717 F. Game laws for the season 1933-34.
- 8 L. Mink raising.
- 27 L. Recommendations to beginners in fur farming.
- 47 L. Hygiene in fox farming.

### Game: Propagation—Protection

- 1612 F. Propagation of aquatic game birds.
- 1613 F. Propagation of upland game birds.
- 1717 F. Game laws for the season 1933-34.
- 1719 F. Improving the farm environment for wild life.

### Gardening: Home—School

- \*218 F. The school garden.
- 434 F. The home production of onion seed and sets.
- 879 F. Home storage of vegetables.
- \*934 F. Home gardening in the South.
- 1044 F. The city home garden.
- 1242 F. Permanent fruit and vegetable gardens.
- \*1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10c.

### Gardening: Truck—Greenhouse

- 232 F. Okra: Its culture and uses.
- 354 F. Onion culture.
- 434 F. The home production of onion seed and sets.
- 1064 F. Production of late or main-crop potatoes.
- 1253 F. Seed peas for the canner.
- \*1320 F. The production of cucumbers in greenhouses.
- 1338 F. Tomatoes as a truck crop.
- \*1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- \*1418 F. Lettuce growing in greenhouses.
- 1509 F. Bean growing in northern Idaho, eastern Washington, and eastern Oregon.
- 1563 F. Cucumber growing.
- 1609 F. Lettuce growing.
- 1620 F. Growing cucumbers for pickling.
- 1646 F. Asparagus growing.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10c.

### Grains

- \*786 F. Fall-sown grains in Maryland and Virginia.
- \*793 F. Foxtail millet: Its culture and utilization.
- \*827 F. Shallu, or "Egyptian wheat": A late-maturing variety of sorghum.
- \*878 F. Grains for western North and South Dakota.
- 1062 F. Buckwheat.
- \*1103 F. Growing irrigated grain in southern Idaho.
- 1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1162 F. Proso, or hog millet.
- \*1290 F. Bulk handling of grain.
- 1429 F. Emmer and spelt.
- 1464 F. Barley: Culture, uses, and varieties.
- 1542 F. Cleaning grain on farms and in country elevators.
- 1577 F. Harvesting grain sorghums.
- 1636 F. Farm bulk storage for small grains.

### Grasses — Grazing — Forage Crops — Legumes

- 515 F. Vetches, with chapter on vetch seed and its adulterants.
- \*690 F. Field pea as a forage crop.
- \*793 F. Foxtail millet, its culture and utilization.
- 945 F. Eradication of Bermuda grass.
- 990 F. Timothy.
- \*1072 F. Prickly pear as a stock feed.
- \*1125 F. Forage for the Cotton Belt, 1920.
- 1126 F. Sudan grass.
- 1148 F. Cowpeas: Culture and varieties.
- 1153 F. Cowpeas: Utilization.
- \*1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1254 F. Important cultivated grasses.
- 1276 F. Velvet bean.



- 1433 F. Cultivated grasses of secondary importance.
- \*1511 F. Forage crops and their culture in northern Nebraska and the Dakotas.
- 1520 F. Soybeans: Culture and varieties.
- 1537 F. Johnson grass as a weed.
- 1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1602 F. Reed canary grass.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manuring in the Cotton Belt.
- 91 L. Kudzu, a forage crop for the Southeast.
- 100 L. Lespedeza.

### Hay—Haymaking

- \*977 F. Hay caps.
- 990 F. Timothy.
- 1525 F. Effective haying equipment and practices for northern Great Plains and inter-mountain regions.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- 1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
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- \*1091 F. Protection of potatoes from cold in transit, lining and loading cars.
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of the U. S. Department of Agriculture

## United States Department of Agriculture

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- 684 F. Squab raising.
- 755 F. Common birds of southeastern United States.
- 760 F. Attracting birds in northwestern United States.
- 844 F. Attracting birds, Middle Atlantic States.
- 912 F. Attracting birds, East Central States.
- 1102 F. Crow in relation to agriculture.
- \*1327 F. Canaries, care and management.
- \*1373 F. Homing pigeons, their training.
- 1456 F. Homes for birds.
- 1571 F. European starling in United States.
- 1612 F. Propagation of aquatic game birds.
- 1613 F. Propagation of upland game birds.
- 1644 F. Local bird refuges.
- 1682 F. Usefulness of birds on the farm.
- \*36 L. Gourds for bird houses.
- 61 L. English sparrow control.

### Building — Buildings — Engineering — Mechanics—Machinery

- 744 F. The preservative treatment of farm timbers.
- 847 F. Potato-storage houses.
- \*927 F. Farm home conveniences.

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- 1045 F. Laying out fields for tractor plowing.
- \*1078 F. Harvesting and storing ice on the farm.
- \*1131 F. Tile-trenching machinery.
- 1132 F. Planning the farmstead.
- 1214 F. Farm dairy houses.
- 1227 F. Sewage and sewerage of farm homes.
- 1234 F. Gullies: How to control and reclaim them.
- 1279 F. Plain concrete for farm use.
- 1318 F. Greenhouse construction and heating.
- 1342 F. Dairy-barn construction.
- 1350 F. Beef-cattle barns.
- 1393 F. Principles of dairy-barn ventilation.
- 1426 F. Farm plumbing.
- 1448 F. Farmstead water supply.
- 1452 F. Painting on the farm.
- 1460 F. Simple plumbing repairs in the home.
- 1480 F. Small concrete construction on the farm.
- 1487 F. Practical hog houses.
- \*1500 F. Rammed earth walls for buildings.
- 1525 F. Effective haying equipment and practices for northern Great Plains and intermountain regions.
- 1526 F. Clearing land of brush and stumps.
- 1554 F. Poultry houses and fixtures.
- \*1565 F. Shall I buy a combine?
- 1572 F. Making cellars dry.
- 1589 F. Husker-shredder on eastern Corn-Belt farms.
- 1590 F. Fire-protective construction on the farm.
- 1608 F. Operation and care of the combined harvester-thresher.
- 1615 F. Hay stackers and their use.
- 1638 F. Rat-proofing buildings and premises.
- 1649 F. Construction of chimneys and fireplaces.
- 1658 F. Farm water power.
- 1660 F. The use of logs and poles in farm construction.
- 1662 F. Husker-shredder in corn-borer control.
- 1669 F. Farm terracing.
- 1678 F. Safe use and storage of gasoline and kerosene on the farm.
- 1690 F. Plowing with moldboard plows.
- 1698 F. Heating the farm home.
- 1701 F. Cornercribs for the Corn Belt.
- 1703 F. Reservoirs for farm use.
- 1715 F. Methods and costs of husking corn in the field.
- 1720 F. Adobe or sun dried brick for farm buildings.
- 1442 F. Storage of sweetpotatoes.
- 1729 F. Machinery for dusting cotton.
- 1737 F. Stop gullies—save your farm.
- 1738 F. Farmhouse plans. 10c.
- 1743 F. Hotbeds and coldframes.
- \*56 L. Preventing cracks in new wood floors.
- 62 L. Why some wood surfaces hold paint longer than others.
- 77 L. Bracing farm buildings.
- 87 L. Wind-resistant construction for farm buildings.
- 97 L. Cross-blocking sugar beets by machine.
- 107 L. The barrel seed scarifier.

#### **Canning — Drying — Pickling — Preserving (Home)**

- \*900 F. Home-made fruit butters.
- \*984 F. Farm and home drying of fruits and vegetables.
- 1075 F. Unfermented grape juice. How to make it in the home.
- 1172 F. Farm slaughtering and use of lamb and mutton.
- 1186 F. Pork on the farm—killing, curing, and canning.
- 1415 F. Beef on the farm—slaughtering, cutting, curing.
- 1438 F. Making fermented pickles.
- 1471 F. Canning fruits and vegetables.
- 1264 F. Farm manufacture of unfermented apple juice.
- 1424 F. Making vinegar in the home and on the farm.
- 1454 F. Home utilization of muscadine grapes.

#### **Cattle: Beef**

- 612 F. Breeds of beef cattle.
- 1068 F. Judging beef cattle.
- 1135 F. The beef calf, its growth and development.
- 1350 F. Beef-cattle barns.
- 1395 F. Beef-cattle production in the range area.
- 1415 F. Beef on the farm, slaughtering, cutting, curing.
- 1549 F. Feeding cattle for beef.
- 1584 F. Feed-lot and ranch equipment for beef cattle.

- 1592 F. Beef production on the farm.
- 1600 F. Dehorning, castrating, branding, and marking beef cattle.

#### **Cattle: Dairy**

- 1412 F. Care and management of dairy bulls.
- 1443 F. Dairy cattle breeds.
- 1470 F. Care and management of dairy cows.
- 1532 F. Dairy-herd improvement through cooperative bull associations.
- 1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1604 F. Dairy-herd improvement associations and stories the records tell.
- 1626 F. Feeding dairy cows.
- 1723 F. Feeding, care, and management of young dairy stock.
- 7 L. Feeding dairy cows in summer.
- \*10 L. Care of the dairy cow at calving time.
- \*14 L. Raising the dairy heifer.
- 16 L. Purebred dairy sires.
- 20 L. Care of the dairy calf.

#### **Cattle: Miscellaneous**

- 1066 F. Determining the age of cattle by the teeth.
- 51 L. Improving cattle in areas freed of ticks.

#### **Clovers**

- 676 F. Hard clover seed and its treatment in hulling.
- \*1151 F. Alsike clover.
- \*1339 F. Red clover culture.
- \*1411 F. Crimson clover: Seed production.
- 1653 F. Sweetclover in Corn-Belt farming.
- 1741 F. Bur-clover cultivation and utilization.
- 23 L. Sweetclover.
- 93 L. Red-clover seed production in the Intermountain States.
- 110 L. Why red clover fails.

#### **Conservation**

- 1234 F. Gullies: How to control and reclaim them.
- 1697 F. Using soil-binding plants to reclaim gullies in the South.
- 1719 F. Improving the farm environment for wildlife.
- \*58 L. Making a model to show how forests prevent erosion.
- 82 L. Controlling small gullies by bluegrass sod.
- 85 L. Strip cropping to prevent erosion.

#### **Corn**

- \*773 F. Corn growing under droughty conditions.
- \*915 F. How to reduce weevil waste in southern corn.
- 1029 F. Conserving corn from weevils in the Gulf Coast States.
- 1149 F. Growing corn in the Southeastern States.
- 1175 F. Better seed corn.
- 1562 F. Farm practices under corn-borer conditions.
- 1589 F. Husker-shredder on eastern Corn-Belt farms.
- 1634 F. Growing sugar corn for the cannery.
- 1662 F. Husker-shredder in corn-borer control.
- 1679 F. Pop corn.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to meet corn-borer conditions.
- 1701 F. Cornercribs for the Corn Belt.
- 1714 F. Corn culture.
- 1715 F. Methods and costs of husking corn in the field.
- 1744 F. The what and how of hybrid corn.

#### **Cost of Production Studies**

- \*1298 F. Cost of using horses on Corn-Belt farms.
- 1715 F. Methods and costs of husking corn in the field.

#### **Cotton—Cottonseed**

- 501 F. Cotton improvement under weevil conditions.
- \*1319 F. Cotton-dusting machinery.
- 1384 F. Community cotton production.
- \*1432 F. Culture of Pima and upland cotton in Arizona.
- \*1465 F. Cotton ginning.
- 1661 F. Farm study of the cotton plant.
- 1686 F. Common errors in cotton production.
- 1729 F. Machinery for dusting cotton.

#### **Dairying—Dairy Products**

- 602 F. Production of clean milk.
- 876 F. Making butter on the farm.
- 960 F. Neufchatel and cream cheese, farm manufacture and use.



- 976 F. Cooling milk and cream on the farm.
- 1214 F. Farm dairy houses.
- \*1272 F. Renting dairy farms.
- 1315 F. Cleaning milking machines.
- 1342 F. Dairy-barn construction.
- 1451 F. Making and using cottage cheese in the home.
- 1610 F. Dairy farming for beginners.
- 1675 F. Care of milk utensils on the farm.
- 1734 F. Making American cheese on the farm for home consumption.
- 8 L. Improved sanitation in milk production.
- 9 L. Making and storing farm butter for winter use.
- 19 L. Improving dairy herds.
- 20 L. Care of the dairy calf.
- 25 L. Preventing feed flavors and odors in milk.

#### Diseases: Animal—Poultry

- 449 F. Rabies or hydrophobia.
- 666 F. Foot-and-mouth disease.
- 713 F. Sheep scab.
- 781 F. Tuberculosis of hogs.
- 834 F. Hog cholera: Prevention and treatment.
- 1017 F. Cattle scab and methods of control and eradication.
- 1018 F. Hemorrhagic septicemia, stockyards fever, swine plague, fowl cholera, etc.
- 1054 F. Loco-weed disease.
- 1069 F. Tuberculosis in livestock. Detection, control, and eradication.
- 1085 F. Hog lice and hog mange. Methods of control and eradication.
- 1146 F. Dourine of horses.
- 1155 F. Diseases of sheep, infections and noninfectious.
- 1244 F. Diseases, ailments, and abnormal conditions of swine.
- 1330 F. Parasites and parasitic diseases of sheep.
- 1355 F. Blackleg, its nature, cause, and prevention.
- 1422 F. Udder diseases of dairy cows.
- 1536 F. Infectious abortion of cattle.
- 1593 F. Trembles (milk sickness).
- 1596 F. Cattle grubs or heel flies with suggestions for their control.
- \*1625 F. Tick fever.
- 1652 F. Diseases and parasites of poultry.
- 1704 F. Bang's disease (infectious abortion).
- 1736 F. Anthrax.
- \*34 L. Trichinosis: A disease caused by eating raw pork.
- 75 L. Warts on cattle.
- 89 L. Controlling stomach worms in sheep and lambs.
- 102 L. Eradicating tuberculosis from poultry and swine.
- 108 L. Controlling kidney worms in swine in the Southern States.

#### Diseases: Berries—Fruits—Nuts

- 938 F. Apple bitter-rot and its control.
- 1053 F. Control of cherry leaf-spot.
- 1120 F. Control of apple powdery mildew.
- 1160 F. Diseases of apples in storage.
- 1380 F. Apple scald and its control.
- 1458 F. Strawberry diseases.
- 1478 F. Apple scab.
- 1479 F. Apple blotch.
- 1488 F. Diseases of raspberries and blackberries.
- 1527 F. Peach brown rot and scab.
- 1672 F. Diseases of pecans in the Southern States.

#### Diseases: Fiber—Forage—Grain Crops

- \*1124 F. The brown-spot of corn with suggestions for its control.
- \*1212 F. Straighthead of rice and its control.
- \*1414 F. The rosette disease of wheat and its control.
- 1544 F. Common barberry and black stem rust.
- 1599 F. Scab of wheat and barley and its control.
- 1607 F. Nematode disease of wheat and rye.
- 1711 F. Wheat smuts and their control.
- 98 L. Red-clover failure in relation to anthracnose in the southern part of the Clover Belt.

#### Diseases: Flowers—Vegetables—Miscellaneous

- 736 F. Ginseng diseases and their control.
- 1059 F. Sweetpotato diseases.
- 1060 F. Onion diseases and their control.
- 1345 F. Root-knot, its cause and control.
- 1367 F. Control of potato-tuber diseases.
- 1371 F. Diseases and insects of garden vegetables.
- 1439 F. Diseases of cabbage and related plants.

- 1547 F. Rose diseases: Their cause and control.
- 1692 F. Bean diseases and their control.
- 1735 F. Pea diseases and their control.

#### Dogs

- 1268 F. Sheep-killing dogs.
- 1491 F. Breeds of dogs.

#### Drainage

- 805 F. Drainage of irrigated farms.
- \*815 F. Organization, financing, and administration of drainage districts.
- \*1131 F. Tile-trenching machinery.
- 1606 F. Farm drainage.

#### Dry Farming

- \*1163 F. Dry farming in western South Dakota.
- 1545 F. Dry-farming methods and practices in wheat growing in Columbia and Snake River Basins.

#### Feeds—Feeding

- 724 F. Feeding of grain sorghums to livestock.
- 1133 F. Feeding garbage to hogs.
- 1179 F. Feeding cottonseed products to livestock.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding sows and litters.
- 1549 F. Feeding cattle for beef.
- 1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1626 F. Feeding dairy cows.
- 1699 F. Growing root crops for livestock.
- 1718 F. Important sugar-beet byproducts and their utilization.
- 1723 F. Feeding, care, and management of young dairy stock.
- 1732 F. Growing barley for malt and feed.

#### Fertilizers

- 921 F. Principles of liming soils.
- 1250 F. Green manuring.
- 1496 F. Inoculation of legumes and nonlegumes with nitrogen-fixing and other bacteria.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manure in the Cotton Belt.
- 70 L. Home mixing of fertilizers.
- 71 L. Fertilizers for pecan soils.

#### Fire Hazards—Dust Explosions

- 1512 F. Protection from lightning.
- 1590 F. Fire-protective construction on the farm.
- 1643 F. Fire safeguards for the farm.
- 1667 F. Rural community fire departments.
- 1678 F. Safe use and storage of gasoline and kerosene on the farm.
- 44 L. Fires on farms.

#### Flax

- 669 F. Fiber flax.
- 1650 F. Flaxseed production by power farming methods in northern Great Plains.
- 1728 F. Flax-fiber production.

#### Flowers—Shrubs—Lawns

- 750 F. Roses for the home.
- 1087 F. Beautifying the farmstead.
- 1171 F. Growing annual flowering plants.
- 1311 F. Chrysanthemums for the home.
- 1370 F. Dahlias for the home.
- 1381 F. Herbaceous perennials.
- 1406 F. Garden irises.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1677 F. Planting and care of lawns.
- \*90 L. Rockeries.

#### Foods—Nutrition

- 712 F. School lunches.
- 960 F. Neufchatel and cream cheese: Farm manufacture and use.
- \*1075 F. Unfermented grape juice. How to make it in the home.
- 1082 F. Home supplies furnished by the farm.
- 1191 F. Making American cheese on the farm.
- \*1195 F. Rice as food (with recipes).
- 1236 F. Corn and its uses as food.
- \*1264 F. Farm manufacture of unfermented apple juice.
- 1313 F. Good proportions in the diet.
- \*1359 F. Milk, and its uses in the home.
- 1374 F. Care of food in the home.
- 1424 F. Making vinegar in the home and on the farm.
- 1450 F. Home baking.
- 1471 F. Canning fruits and vegetables at home.



- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1674 F. Food for children.
- 1705 F. Milk for the family.
- \*17 L. Cooking beef according to the cut.
- \*28 L. Lamb as you like it.
- \*39 L. Eggs at any meal.
- 42 L. Good food habits for children.
- \*45 L. Pork in preferred ways.
- 48 L. Reindeer recipes.
- 49 L. Ice creams frozen without stirring.
- \*66 L. Rabbit recipes.
- 74 L. Boning lamb cuts.
- \*81 L. Cooking cured pork.

### Forestry—Forest Products

- \*622 F. Basket willow culture.
- \*1071 F. Making woodlands profitable in Southern States.
- 1117 F. Forestry and farm income.
- 1123 F. Growing and planting hardwood seedlings on the farm.
- 1177 F. Care and improvement of farm woods.
- \*1208 F. Trees for town and city streets.
- \*1209 F. Planting and care of street trees.
- 1210 F. Measuring and marketing farm timber.
- 1256 F. Slash pine.
- \*1312 F. Tree planting in Great Plains region.
- 1392 F. Black walnut for timber and nuts.
- 1405 F. Windbreak as a farm asset.
- \*1417 F. Idle land and costly timber.
- 1453 F. Growing and planting coniferous trees on the farm.
- \*1481 F. Planting the roadside.
- \*1482 F. Trees for roadside planting.
- 1486 F. Long-leaf pine primer.
- \*1492 F. Arbor Day: Its purpose and observance.
- 1517 F. Loblolly pine primer.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1603 F. Planting and care of shelter belts on the northern Great Plains.
- 1628 F. Growing black locust trees.
- 1671 F. Shortleaf pine.
- 1680 F. Farmers in Northern States grow timber as a money crop.
- \*1693 F. Growing Christmas holly on the farm.
- 1726 F. Treatment and care of tree wounds.
- 18 L. Bamboos and bamboo culture.
- 29 L. Farm woods—A savings bank paying interest.
- \*30 L. Cutting the farm woods "profit wise."
- 32 L. Planting southern pine.
- 35 L. Producing pine nursery stock in the South.
- 40 L. Woods burning in the South.
- 41 L. Good naval-stores practice.
- 55 L. Small trees wasteful to cut for saw timber.
- 57 L. Pulp-wood crops in the Northeast.
- \*58 L. Making a model to show how forests prevent erosion.
- 62 L. Why some wood surfaces hold paint longer than others.
- 83 L. More turpentine, less scar, better pine.
- 84 L. Planting black walnut.
- 86 L. Protect hardwood stands from grazing.

### Fruits

- 471 F. Grape propagation, pruning, and training.
- 685 F. The native persimmon.
- 727 F. Growing fruit for home use in the Great Plains area.
- 776 F. Growing cherries east of Rocky Mountains.
- 794 F. Citrus-fruit improvement. How to secure and use tree-performance records.
- 917 F. Growing peaches—Sites and cultural methods.
- 918 F. Peach varieties and their classification.
- 1001 F. Growing fruit for home use.
- 1031 F. Fig growing in the South Atlantic and Gulf States.
- \*1075 F. Unfermented grape juice. How to make it in the home.
- 1204 F. Northwestern apple packing houses.
- \*1237 F. Pineapple culture in Florida.
- \*1249 F. Olive growing in southwestern United States.
- 1284 F. Apple orchard renovation.
- 1333 F. Pruning citrus trees in the Southwest.
- 1343 F. Culture of citrus fruits in the Gulf States.
- 1360 F. Apple growing east of the Mississippi River. 10c.
- \*1372 F. Plum and prune growing in Pacific States. 10c.
- 1447 F. Citrus fruit growing in the Southwest.
- 1454 F. Home utilization of muscadine grapes.
- 1522 F. Home fruit garden on northern Great Plains.

- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.
- 1687 F. Removing spray residue from apples and pears.
- 1639 F. Grape districts and varieties in the United States.
- \*1696 F. Deciduous-fruit improvement through tree-performance records.
- 1739 F. Pear growing in the Pacific Coast States.

### Fur-Bearing Animals

- 587 F. Economic value of North American skunks.
- 839 F. Muskrat as fur bearer. With notes on its use as food.
- 1247 F. American moles as agricultural pests and as fur producers.
- \*1519 F. Rabbit skins for fur.
- 1568 F. Rabbit parasites and diseases.
- \*1593 F. Mountain beavers in the Pacific Northwest: Their habits, economic status, and control.
- 1716 F. Mole control.
- 1730 F. Rabbit production.
- 8 L. Mink raising.
- 27 L. Recommendations to beginners in fur farming.
- 47 L. Hygiene in fox farming.

### Game: Propagation—Protection

- 1612 F. Propagation of aquatic game birds.
- 1613 F. Propagation of upland game birds.
- 1719 F. Improving the farm environment for wild life.
- 1742 F. Game laws for the season 1934-35.

### Gardening: Home—School

- \*218 F. The school garden.
- 879 F. Home storage of vegetables.
- \*934 F. Home gardening in the South.
- 1044 F. The city home garden.
- 1242 F. Permanent fruit and vegetable gardens.
- \*1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10c.
- 1746 F. Subsistence farm gardens.

### Gardening: Truck—Greenhouse

- 232 F. Okra: Its culture and uses.
- 354 F. Onion culture.
- 434 F. The home production of onion seed and sets.
- 1064 F. Production of late or main-crop potatoes.
- 1253 F. Seed peas for the canner.
- \*1320 F. The production of cucumbers in greenhouses.
- 1338 F. Tomatoes as a truck crop.
- \*1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- \*1418 F. Lettuce growing in greenhouses.
- 1509 F. Bean growing in northern Idaho, eastern Washington, and eastern Oregon.
- 1563 F. Cucumber growing.
- 1609 F. Lettuce growing.
- 1620 F. Growing cucumbers for pickling.
- 1646 F. Asparagus growing.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10c.

### Grains

- \*786 F. Fall-sown grains in Maryland and Virginia.
- \*793 F. Foxtail millet: Its culture and utilization.
- \*827 F. Shallu, or "Egyptian wheat": A late-maturing variety of sorghum.
- \*878 F. Grains for western North and South Dakota.
- 1062 F. Buckwheat.
- \*1103 F. Growing irrigated grain in southern Idaho.
- 1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1162 F. Proso, or hog millet.
- \*1290 F. Bulk handling of grain.
- 1429 F. Emmer and spelt.
- 1464 F. Barley: Culture, uses, and varieties.
- 1542 F. Cleaning grain on farms and in country elevators.
- 1577 F. Harvesting grain sorghums.
- 1636 F. Farm bulk storage for small grains.
- 1732 F. Growing barley for malt and feed.

### Grasses — Grazing — Forage Crops — Legumes

- \*690 F. Field pea as a forage crop.
- \*793 F. Foxtail millet: Its culture and utilization.
- 945 F. Eradication of Bermuda grass.
- 990 F. Timothy.
- \*1072 F. Prickly pear as a stock feed.
- \*1125 F. Forage for the Cotton Belt, 1920.



- 1126 F. Sudan grass.
- 1148 F. Cowpeas: Culture and varieties.
- 1153 F. Cowpeas: Utilization.
- \*1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1254 F. Important cultivated grasses.
- 1276 F. Velvet bean.
- 1433 F. Cultivated grasses of secondary importance.
- \*1511 F. Forage crops and their culture in northern Nebraska and the Dakotas.
- 1520 F. Soybeans: Culture and varieties.
- 1537 F. Johnson grass as a weed.
- 1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1602 F. Reed canary grass.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manuring in the Cotton Belt.
- 1724 F. Farm practice with lespedeza.
- 1740 F. Vetch culture and uses.
- 91 L. Kudzu, a forage crop for the Southeast.
- 100 L. Lespedeza.
- 104 L. Crested wheatgrass.

### Hay—Haymaking

- \*977 F. Hay caps.
- 990 F. Timothy.
- 1525 F. Effective haying equipment and practices for northern Great Plains and intermountain regions.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- 1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.
- 1615 F. Hay stackers and their use.
- 72 L. Measuring hay in stacks.
- 99 L. Huron timothy.

### Health—Sanitation—Rural Sociology

- \*450 F. Some facts about malaria.
- 602 F. Production of clean milk.
- 954 F. Disinfection of stables.
- 1173 F. Plans of rural community buildings.
- 1227 F. Sewage and sewerage of farm homes.
- \*1245 F. Farmers' telephone companies, organization, financing, and management.
- \*1325 F. Social aspects of rural planning.
- \*1388 F. Rural planning: Social aspects of recreation places.
- 1408 F. House fly and how to suppress it.
- \*1441 F. Rural planning—the village.
- \*1485 F. Rural hospitals.
- 1559 F. Rural libraries.
- 1622 F. Rural buildings for business and social uses.
- 1667 F. Rural community fire departments.

### Hogs

- 1133 F. Feeding garbage to hogs.
- 1186 F. Pork on the farm, killing, curing, and canning.
- 1263 F. Breeds of swine.
- 1357 F. Castration of hogs.
- 1437 F. Swine production.
- 1455 F. Fitting, showing, and judging hogs.
- 1487 F. Practical hog houses.
- 1490 F. Hog-lot equipment.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding of sows and litters.

### Home Economics

- \*927 F. Farm home conveniences.
- 1157 F. Waterproofing and mildew proofing cotton duck.
- 1180 F. Housecleaning made easier.
- 1219 F. Floors and floor covering.
- 1374 F. Care of food in the home.
- 1449 F. Selection of cotton fabrics.
- 1474 F. Stain removal from fabrics: Home methods.
- 1497 F. Methods and equipment for home laundering.
- 1513 F. Convenient kitchens.
- 1530 F. Fitting dresses and blouses.
- 1553 F. Planning and recording family expenditures.
- 1633 F. Window curtaining.
- 52 L. Suits for small boys.
- \*54 L. Play suits for winter.
- 63 L. Ensembles for sunny days.
- 76 L. Slip covers.

- 79 L. Rompers.
- 80 L. Dresses for little girls.
- 103 L. Quality guides in buying sheets and pillowcases.
- 105 L. Quality guides in buying ready-made dresses.

### Horses—Mules

- 619 F. Breeds of draft horses.
- 779 F. How to select a sound horse.
- 803 F. Horse-breeding suggestions for farmers.
- 952 F. Breeds of light horses.
- 1030 F. Feeding horses.
- 1341 F. Mule production.
- 1368 F. Breaking and training colts.
- 1419 F. Care and management of farm work horses.
- 1535 F. Farm horseshoeing.

### Insecticides, Fungicides, Disinfectants

- 799 F. Carbon disulphide as an insecticide.
- 926 F. Some common disinfectants.
- 954 F. Disinfection of stables.
- 994 F. Commercial bordeaux mixtures. How to calculate their value.
- \*1285 F. Lime-sulphur concentrates, preparation, uses, and designs for plants.
- 1666 F. Insecticides, equipment, and methods for controlling orchard insect pests. 10c.
- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.

### Insects: Animal—Poultry

- 793 F. Sheep tick and its eradication by dipping.
- 801 F. Mites and lice on poultry.
- 857 F. Screw-worms and other maggots affecting animals.
- 897 F. Fleas and their control.
- 909 F. Cattle lice and their eradication.
- 980 F. Spinose ear tick, and methods of treating infested animals.
- 1057 F. Cattle-fever ticks, and methods of eradication.
- 1070 F. The fowl tick and how premises may be freed from it.
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of the

## United States Department of Agriculture

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- 87 L. Wind-resistant construction for farm buildings.
- 97 L. Cross-blocking sugar beets by machine.
- 107 L. The barrel seed scarifier.

#### **Canning—Drying—Pickling—Preserving (Home).**

- \*900 F. Home-made fruit butters.
- \*984 F. Farm and home drying of fruits and vegetables.
- 1075 F. Unfermented grape juice. How to make it in the home.
- 1172 F. Farm slaughtering and use of lamb and mutton.
- 1186 F. Pork on the farm—killing, curing, and canning.
- 1264 F. Farm manufacture of unfermented apple juice.
- 1415 F. Beef on the farm—slaughtering, cutting, curing.
- 1424 F. Making vinegar in the home and on the farm.
- 1438 F. Making fermented pickles.
- 1454 F. Home utilization of muscadine grapes.
- 1471 F. Canning fruits and vegetables.

#### **Cattle: Beef.**

- 612 F. Breeds of beef cattle.
- 1068 F. Judging beef cattle.
- 1135 F. The beef calf, its growth and development.
- 1350 F. Beef-cattle barns.
- 1395 F. Beef-cattle production in the range area.

- 1415 F. Beef on the farm, slaughtering, cutting, curing.

- 1549 F. Feeding cattle for beef.
- 1584 F. Feed-lot and ranch equipment for beef cattle.

- 1592 F. Beef production on the farm.
- 1600 F. Dehorning, castrating, branding, and marking beef cattle.

#### **Cattle: Dairy.**

- 1412 F. Care and management of dairy bulls.
- 1443 F. Dairy cattle breeds.
- 1470 F. Care and management of dairy cows.
- 1532 F. Dairy-herd improvement through cooperative bull associations.
- 1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1604 F. Dairy-herd improvement associations and stories the records tell.
- 1626 F. Feeding dairy cows.
- 1723 F. Feeding, care, and management of young dairy stock.
- 7 L. Feeding dairy cows in summer.
- \*10 L. Care of the dairy cow at calving time.
- \*14 L. Raising the dairy heifer.
- 16 L. Purebred dairy sires.
- 20 L. Care of the dairy calf.

#### **Cattle: Miscellaneous.**

- 1066 F. Determining the age of cattle by the teeth.
- 51 L. Improving cattle in areas freed of ticks.

#### **Clovers.**

- 676 F. Hard clover seed and its treatment in hulling.
- \*1151 F. Alsike clover.
- \*1339 F. Red clover culture.
- \*1411 F. Crimson clover: Seed production.
- 1653 F. Sweetclover in Corn-Belt farming.
- 1741 F. Bur-clover cultivation and utilization.
- 23 L. Sweetclover.
- 93 L. Red-clover seed production in the Intermountain States.
- 110 L. Why red clover fails.

#### **Conservation.**

- 1234 F. Gullies: How to control and reclaim them.
- 1697 F. Using soil-binding plants to reclaim gullies in the South.
- 1719 F. Improving the farm environment for wildlife.
- \*58 L. Making a model to show how forests prevent erosion.
- 82 L. Controlling small gullies by bluegrass sod.
- 85 L. Strip cropping to prevent erosion.

#### **Corn.**

- \*773 F. Corn growing under droughty conditions.
- \*915 F. How to reduce weevil waste in southern corn.
- 1029 F. Conserving corn from weevils in the Gulf Coast States.
- 1149 F. Growing corn in the Southeastern States.
- 1175 F. Better seed corn.
- 1562 F. Farm practices under corn-borer conditions.
- 1589 F. Husker-shredder on eastern Corn-Belt farms.
- 1634 F. Growing sugar corn for the cannery.
- 1662 F. Husker-shredder in corn-borer control.
- 1679 F. Pop corn.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to meet corn-borer conditions.
- 1701 F. Cornercribs for the Corn Belt.
- 1714 F. Corn culture.
- 1715 F. Methods and costs of husking corn in the field.
- 1744 F. The what and how of hybrid corn.

#### **Cost of Production Studies.**

- \*1298 F. Cost of using horses on Corn-Belt farms.
- 1715 F. Methods and costs of husking corn in the field.

#### **Cotton—Cottonseed.**

- 501 F. Cotton improvement under weevil conditions.
- \*1319 F. Cotton-dusting machinery.
- 1384 F. Community cotton production.
- \*1432 F. Culture of Pima and upland cotton in Arizona.
- \*1465 F. Cotton ginning.
- 1661 F. Farm study of the cotton plant.
- 1686 F. Common errors in cotton production.
- 1729 F. Machinery for dusting cotton.
- 1748 F. Ginning cotton.



## **Dairying—Dairy Products.**

- 602 F. Production of clean milk.
- 876 F. Making butter on the farm.
- 960 F. Neufchatel and cream cheese, farm manufacture and use.
- 976 F. Cooling milk and cream on the farm.
- 1214 F. Farm dairy houses.
- 1272 F. Renting dairy farms.
- 1315 F. Cleaning milking machines.
- 1342 F. Dairy-barn construction.
- 1451 F. Making and using cottage cheese in the home.
- 1610 F. Dairy farming for beginners.
- 1675 F. Care of milk utensils on the farm.
- 1734 F. Making American cheese on the farm for home consumption.
- 3 L. Improved sanitation in milk production.
- 9 L. Making and storing farm butter for winter use.
- 19 L. Improving dairy herds.
- 20 L. Care of the dairy calf.
- 25 L. Preventing feed flavors and odors in milk.

## **Diseases: Animal—Poultry.**

- 449 F. Rabies or hydrophobia.
- 666 F. Foot-and-mouth disease.
- 713 F. Sheep scab.
- 781 F. Tuberculosis of hogs.
- 834 F. Hog cholera: Prevention and treatment.
- 1017 F. Cattle scab and methods of control and eradication.
- 1018 F. Hemorrhagic septicemia, stockyards fever, swine plague, fowl cholera, etc.
- 1054 F. Loco-weed disease.
- 1069 F. Tuberculosis in livestock. Detection, control, and eradication.
- 1085 F. Hog lice and hog mange. Methods of control and eradication.
- 1146 F. Dourine of horses.
- 1155 F. Diseases of sheep, infectious and noninfectious.
- 1244 F. Diseases, ailments, and abnormal conditions of swine.
- 1330 F. Parasites and parasitic diseases of sheep.
- 1355 F. Blackleg, its nature, cause, and prevention.
- 1422 F. Udder diseases of dairy cows.
- 1536 F. Infectious abortion of cattle.
- 1593 F. Trembles (milk sickness).
- 1596 F. Cattle grubs or heel flies with suggestions for their control.
- \*1625 F. Tick fever.
- 1652 F. Diseases and parasites of poultry.
- 1704 F. Bang's disease (infectious abortion).
- 1736 F. Anthrax.
- \*34 L. Trichinosis: A disease caused by eating raw pork.
- 75 L. Warts on cattle.
- 89 L. Controlling stomach worms in sheep and lambs.
- 102 L. Eradicating tuberculosis from poultry and swine.
- 108 L. Controlling kidney worms in swine in the Southern States.

## **Diseases: Berries—Fruits—Nuts.**

- 938 F. Apple bitter-rot and its control.
- 1053 F. Control of cherry leaf-spot.
- 1120 F. Control of apple powdery mildew.
- 1160 F. Diseases of apples in storage.
- 1380 F. Apple scald and its control.
- 1458 F. Strawberry diseases.
- 1478 F. Apple scab.
- 1479 F. Apple blotch.
- 1488 F. Diseases of raspberries and blackberries.
- 1527 F. Peach brown rot and scab.
- 1672 F. Diseases of pecans in the Southern States.

## **Diseases: Fiber—Forage—Grain Crops.**

- \*1124 F. The brown-spot of corn with suggestions for its control.
- \*1212 F. Straighthead of rice and its control.
- \*1414 F. The rosette disease of wheat and its control.
- 1544 F. Common barberry and black stem rust.
- 1599 F. Scab of wheat and barley and its control.
- 1607 F. Nematode disease of wheat and rye.
- 1711 F. Wheat smuts and their control.
- 1745 F. Cotton diseases and methods of control.
- 98 L. Red-clover failure in relation to anthracnose in the southern part of the Clover Belt.

## **Diseases: Flowers — Vegetables — Miscellaneous.**

- 736 F. Ginseng diseases and their control.
- 1059 F. Sweetpotato diseases.

- 1060 F. Onion diseases and their control.
- 1345 F. Root-knot, its cause and control.
- 1367 F. Control of potato-tuber diseases.
- 1371 F. Diseases and insects of garden vegetables.
- 1439 F. Diseases of cabbage and related plants.
- 1547 F. Rose diseases: Their cause and control.
- 1692 F. Bean diseases and their control.
- 1735 F. Pea diseases and their control.

## **Dogs.**

- 1268 F. Sheep-killing dogs.
- 1491 F. Breeds of dogs.

## **Drainage.**

- 805 F. Drainage of irrigated farms.
- \*815 F. Organization, financing, and administration of drainage districts.
- \*1131 F. Tile-trenching machinery.
- 1606 F. Farm drainage.

## **Dry Farming.**

- \*1163 F. Dry farming in western South Dakota.
- 1545 F. Dry-farming methods and practices in wheat growing in Columbia and Snake River Basins.

## **Feeds—Feeding.**

- 724 F. Feeding of grain sorghums to livestock.
- 1133 F. Feeding garbage to hogs.
- 1179 F. Feeding cottonseed products to livestock.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding sows and litters.
- 1549 F. Feeding cattle for beef.
- 1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1626 F. Feeding dairy cows.
- 1699 F. Growing root crops for livestock.
- 1718 F. Important sugar-beet byproducts and their utilization.
- 1723 F. Feeding, care, and management of young dairy stock.
- 1732 F. Growing barley for malt and feed.

## **Fertilizers.**

- 921 F. Principles of liming soils.
- 1250 F. Green manuring.
- 1496 F. Inoculation of legumes and nonlegumes with nitrogen-fixing and other bacteria.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manure in the Cotton Belt.
- 1750 F. Summer crops for green manure and soil improvement.
- 70 L. Home mixing of fertilizers.
- 71 L. Fertilizers for pecan soils.

## **Fire Hazards—Dust Explosions.**

- 1512 F. Protection from lightning.
- 1590 F. Fire-protective construction on the farm.
- 1643 F. Fire safeguards for the farm.
- 1667 F. Rural community fire departments.
- 1678 F. Safe use and storage of gasoline and kerosene on the farm.
- 44 L. Fires on farms.

## **Flax.**

- 669 F. Fiber flax.
- 1650 F. Flaxseed production by power farming methods in northern Great Plains.
- 1728 F. Flax-fiber production.
- 1747 F. Flaxseed production in the North Central States.

## **Flowers—Shrubs—Lawns.**

- 750 F. Roses for the home.
- 1087 F. Beautifying the farmstead.
- 1171 F. Growing annual flowering plants.
- 1311 F. Chrysanthemums for the home.
- 1370 F. Dahlias for the home.
- 1381 F. Herbaceous perennials.
- 1406 F. Garden irises.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1677 F. Planting and care of lawns.
- \*90 L. Rockeries.

## **Foods—Nutrition.**

- 712 F. School lunches.
- 960 F. Neufchatel and cream cheese: Farm manufacture and use.
- \*1075 F. Unfermented grape juice. How to make it in the home.
- 1082 F. Home supplies furnished by the farm.
- 1191 F. Making American cheese on the farm.
- \*1195 F. Rice as food (with recipes).
- 1236 F. Corn and its uses as food.



- \*1264 F. Farm manufacture of unfermented apple juice.
- 1313 F. Good proportions in the diet.
- \*1359 F. Milk, and its uses in the home.
- 1374 F. Care of food in the home.
- 1424 F. Making vinegar in the home and on the farm.
- 1450 F. Home baking.
- 1471 F. Canning fruits and vegetables at home.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1674 F. Food for children.
- 1705 F. Milk for the family.
- \*17 L. Cooking beef according to the cut.
- \*28 L. Lamb as you like it.
- \*39 L. Eggs at any meal.
- 42 L. Good food habits for children.
- \*45 L. Pork in preferred ways.
- 48 L. Reindeer recipes.
- 49 L. Ice creams frozen without stirring.
- \*66 L. Rabbit recipes.
- 74 L. Boning lamb cuts.
- \*81 L. Cooking cured pork.
- 112 L. Cooking American varieties of rice.
- 113 L. Honey and some of its uses.

#### Forestry—Forest Products.

- \*622 F. Basket willow culture.
- \*1071 F. Making woodlands profitable in Southern States.
- 1117 F. Forestry and farm income.
- 1123 F. Growing and planting hardwood seedlings on the farm.
- 1177 F. Care and improvement of farm woods.
- \*1208 F. Trees for town and city streets.
- \*1209 F. Planting and care of street trees.
- 1210 F. Measuring and marketing farm timber.
- 1256 F. Slash pine.
- \*1312 F. Tree planting in Great Plains region.
- 1392 F. Black walnut for timber and nuts.
- 1405 F. Windbreak as a farm asset.
- \*1417 F. Idle land and costly timber.
- 1453 F. Growing and planting coniferous trees on the farm.
- \*1481 F. Planting the roadside.
- \*1482 F. Trees for roadside planting.
- 1486 F. Long-leaf pine primer.
- \*1492 F. Arbor Day: Its purpose and observance.
- 1517 F. Loblolly pine primer.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1603 F. Planting and care of shelter belts on the northern Great Plains.
- 1628 F. Growing black locust trees.
- 1671 F. Shortleaf pine.
- 1680 F. Farmers in Northern States grow timber as a money crop.
- \*1693 F. Growing Christmas holly on the farm.
- 1728 F. Treatment and care of tree wounds.
- 18 L. Bamboos and bamboo culture.
- 29 L. Farm woods—A savings bank paying interest.
- \*30 L. Cutting the farm woods "profit wise."
- 32 L. Planting southern pine.
- 35 L. Producing pine nursery stock in the South.
- 40 L. Woods burning in the South.
- 41 L. Good naval-stores practice.
- 55 L. Small trees wasteful to cut for saw timber.
- 57 L. Pulp-wood crops in the Northeast.
- \*58 L. Making a model to show how forests prevent erosion.
- 62 L. Why some wood surfaces hold paint longer than others.
- 83 L. More turpentine, less scar, better pine.
- 84 L. Planting black walnut.
- 86 L. Protect hardwood stands from grazing.

#### Fruits.

- 471 F. Grape propagation, pruning, and training.
- 685 F. The native persimmon.
- 727 F. Growing fruit for home use in the Great Plains area.
- 776 F. Growing cherries east of Rocky Mountains.
- 794 F. Citrus-fruit improvement. How to secure and use tree-performance records.
- 917 F. Growing peaches—Sites and cultural methods.
- 918 F. Peach varieties and their classification.
- 1001 F. Growing fruit for home use.
- 1031 F. Fig growing in the South Atlantic and Gulf States.
- \*1075 F. Unfermented grape juice. How to make it in the home.
- 1204 F. Northwestern apple packing houses.
- \*1237 F. Pineapple culture in Florida.
- \*1249 F. Olive growing in southwestern United States.

- 1284 F. Apple orchard renovation.
- 1333 F. Pruning citrus trees in the Southwest.
- 1343 F. Culture of citrus fruits in the Gulf States.
- 1360 F. Apple growing east of the Mississippi River. 10c.
- \*1372 F. Plum and prune growing in Pacific States. 10c.
- 1447 F. Citrus fruit growing in the Southwest.
- 1454 F. Home utilization of muscadine grapes.
- 1522 F. Home fruit garden on northern Great Plains.
- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.
- 1687 F. Removing spray residue from apples and pears.
- 1689 F. Grape districts and varieties in the United States.
- \*1696 F. Deciduous-fruit improvement through tree-performance records.
- 1739 F. Pear growing in the Pacific Coast States.
- 1746 F. Subsistence farm gardens.
- 1752 F. Spray-residue removal from apples and other fruits.

#### Fur-Bearing Animals.

- 587 F. Economic value of North American skunks.
- 869 F. Muskrat as fur bearer. With notes on its use as food.
- 1247 F. American moles as agricultural pests and as fur producers.
- \*1519 F. Rabbit skins for fur.
- 1568 F. Rabbit parasites and diseases.
- \*1598 F. Mountain beavers in the Pacific Northwest: Their habits, economic status, and control.
- 1716 F. Mole control.
- 1730 F. Rabbit production.
- 8 L. Mink raising.
- 27 L. Recommendations to beginners in fur farming.
- 47 L. Hygiene in fox farming.

#### Game: Propagation—Protection.

- 1612 F. Propagation of aquatic game birds.
- 1613 F. Propagation of upland game birds.
- 1719 F. Improving the farm environment for wild life.
- 1742 F. Game laws for the season 1934-35.
- 1755 F. Game laws for the season 1935-36.

#### Gardening: Home—School.

- \*218 F. The school garden.
- 879 F. Home storage of vegetables.
- \*934 F. Home gardening in the South.
- 1044 F. The city home garden.
- 1242 F. Permanent fruit and vegetable gardens.
- \*1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10c.
- 1746 F. Subsistence farm gardens.

#### Gardening: Truck—Greenhouse.

- 232 F. Okra: Its culture and uses.
- 354 F. Onion culture.
- 434 F. The home production of onion seed and sets.
- 1064 F. Production of late or main-crop potatoes.
- 1253 F. Seed peas for the canner.
- \*1320 F. The production of cucumbers in greenhouses.
- 1338 F. Tomatoes as a truck crop.
- \*1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- \*1418 F. Lettuce growing in greenhouses.
- 1509 F. Bean growing in northern Idaho, eastern Washington, and eastern Oregon.
- 1563 F. Cucumber growing.
- 1609 F. Lettuce growing.
- 1620 F. Growing cucumbers for pickling.
- 1646 F. Asparagus growing.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10c.
- 1743 F. Hotbeds and coldframes.

#### Grains.

- \*786 F. Fall-sown grains in Maryland and Virginia.
- \*793 F. Foxtail millet: Its culture and utilization.
- \*827 F. Shallu, or "Egyptian wheat": A late-maturing variety of sorghum.
- \*878 F. Grains for western North and South Dakota.
- 1062 F. Buckwheat.
- \*1103 F. Growing irrigated grain in southern Idaho.
- 1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1162 F. Proso, or hog millet.
- \*1290 F. Bulk handling of grain.



- 1429 F. Emmer and spelt.
- 1464 F. Barley: Culture, uses, and varieties.
- 1542 F. Cleaning grain on farms and in country elevators.
- 1577 F. Harvesting grain sorghums.
- 1636 F. Farm bulk storage for small grains.
- 1732 F. Growing barley for malt and feed.

#### Grasses — Grazing — Forage Crops — Legumes.

- \*690 F. Field pea as a forage crop.
- \*793 F. Foxtail millet: Its culture and utilization.
- 945 F. Eradication of Bermuda grass.
- 990 F. Timothy.
- \*1072 F. Prickly pear as a stock feed.
- \*1125 F. Forage for the Cotton Belt, 1920.
- 1126 F. Sudan grass.
- 1148 F. Cowpeas: Culture and varieties.
- 1153 F. Cowpeas: Utilization.
- \*1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1254 F. Important cultivated grasses.
- 1276 F. Velvet bean.
- 1433 F. Cultivated grasses of secondary importance.
- \*1511 F. Forage crops and their culture in northern Nebraska and the Dakotas.
- 1520 F. Soybeans: Culture and varieties.
- 1537 F. Johnson grass as a weed.
- 1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1602 F. Reed canary grass.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manuring in the Cotton Belt.
- 1724 F. Farm practice with lespedeza.
- 1740 F. Vetch culture and uses.
- 91 L. Kudzu, a forage crop for the Southeast.
- 100 L. Lespedeza.
- 104 L. Crested wheatgrass.

#### Hay—Haymaking.

- \*977 F. Hay caps.
- 990 F. Timothy.
- 1525 F. Effective haying equipment and practices for northern Great Plains and intermountain regions.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- 1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.
- 1615 F. Hay stackers and their use.
- 72 L. Measuring hay in stacks.
- 99 L. Huron timothy.

#### Health—Sanitation—Rural Sociology.

- \*450 F. Some facts about malaria.
- 602 F. Production of clean milk.
- 954 F. Disinfection of stables.
- 1173 F. Plans of rural community buildings.
- 1227 F. Sewage and sewerage of farm homes.
- \*1245 F. Farmers' telephone companies, organization, financing, and management.
- \*1325 F. Social aspects of rural planning.
- \*1388 F. Rural planning: Social aspects of recreation places.
- 1408 F. House fly and how to suppress it.
- \*1441 F. Rural planning—the village.
- \*1485 F. Rural hospitals.
- 1559 F. Rural libraries.
- 1622 F. Rural buildings for business and social uses.
- 1667 F. Rural community fire departments.

#### Hogs.

- 1133 F. Feeding garbage to hogs.
- 1186 F. Pork on the farm, killing, curing, and canning.
- 1263 F. Breeds of swine.
- 1357 F. Castration of hogs.
- 1437 F. Swine production.
- 1455 F. Fitting, showing, and judging hogs.
- 1487 F. Practical hog houses.
- 1490 F. Hog-lot equipment.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding of sows and litters.

#### Home Economics.

- \*927 F. Farm home conveniences.
- 1157 F. Waterproofing and mildew proofing cotton duck.
- 1180 F. Housecleaning made easier.
- 1219 F. Floors and floor covering.

- 1374 F. Care of food in the home.
- 1449 F. Selection of cotton fabrics.
- 1474 F. Stain removal from fabrics: Home methods.
- 1497 F. Methods and equipment for home laundering.
- 1513 F. Convenient kitchens.
- 1530 F. Fitting dresses and blouses.
- 1553 F. Planning and recording family expenditures.
- 1633 F. Window curtaining.
- 52 L. Suits for small boys.
- \*54 L. Play suits for winter.
- 63 L. Ensembles for sunny days.
- 76 L. Slip covers.
- 79 L. Rompers.
- 80 L. Dresses for little girls.
- 103 L. Quality guides in buying sheets and pillowcases.
- 105 L. Quality guides in buying ready-made dresses.
- 111 L. Quality guides in buying household blankets.

#### Horses—Mules.

- 619 F. Breeds of draft horses.
- 779 F. How to select a sound horse.
- 803 F. Horse-breeding suggestions for farmers.
- 952 F. Breeds of light horses.
- 1030 F. Feeding horses.
- 1341 F. Mule production.
- 1368 F. Breaking and training colts.
- 1419 F. Care and management of farm work horses.
- 1535 F. Farm horseshoeing.

#### Insecticides, Fungicides, Disinfectants.

- 799 F. Carbon disulphide as an insecticide.
- 926 F. Some common disinfectants.
- 954 F. Disinfection of stables.
- 994 F. Commercial bordeaux mixtures. How to calculate their value.
- \*1285 F. Lime-sulphur concentrates, preparation, uses, and designs for plants.
- 1666 F. Insecticides, equipment, and methods for controlling orchard insect pests. 10c.
- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.

#### Insects: Animal—Poultry.

- 798 F. Sheep tick and its eradication by dipping.
- 801 F. Mites and lice on poultry.
- 857 F. Screw-worms and other maggots affecting animals.
- 897 F. Fleas and their control.
- 909 F. Cattle lice and their eradication.
- 980 F. Spinose ear tick, and methods of treating infested animals.
- 1057 F. Cattle-fever ticks, and methods of eradication.
- 1070 F. The fowl tick and how premises may be freed from it.
- 1085 F. Hog lice and hog mange. Methods of control and eradication.
- 1097 F. Stable fly, how to prevent its annoyance and its losses to livestock.
- 1330 F. Parasites and parasitic diseases of sheep.
- 1503 F. Horse bots and their control.
- 1596 F. Cattle grubs or heel flies, with suggestions for their control.
- \*1625 F. Tick fever.
- 1652 F. Diseases and parasites of poultry.
- 5 L. Prevention of round worms in pigs.
- 13 L. Sheep and goat lice, methods of control and eradication.
- 89 L. Controlling stomach worms in sheep and lambs.

#### Insects: Berries—Fruits—Nuts.

- 650 F. San Jose scale and its control.
- \*662 F. Apple-tree tent caterpillar.
- 675 F. The round-headed apple-tree borer.
- 722 F. Leaf blister mite of pear and apple.
- \*723 F. Oyster-shell scale and scurfy scale.
- \*860 F. Cranberry insect problems and suggestions for solving them.
- 933 F. Spraying for the control of insects and mites attacking citrus trees in Florida.
- \*1011 F. The woolly white fly in Florida citrus groves.
- \*1065 F. The flat-headed apple-tree borer.
- 1128 F. Control of aphids injurious to orchard fruits, currant, gooseberry, and grape.
- 1246 F. The peach borer. How to prevent or lessen its ravages. The para-dichloro-benzene treatment.



- \*1257 F. Insects injurious to mango in Florida and how to combat them.
- 1261 F. Avocado: Its insect enemies and how to combat them.
- 1283 F. Red-necked raspberry cane borer.
- 1309 F. Control of the common mealy bug on citrus in California.
- 1321 F. Fumigation of citrus trees for control of insect pests.
- 1326 F. Control of codling moth in Pacific Northwest.
- 1557 F. Insects attacking the peach in the South and how to control them.
- 1654 F. Insects of the pecan and how to combat them.
- 1666 F. Insecticides, equipment, and methods for controlling orchard insect pests. 10c.

#### **Insects: Fiber—Forage—Grain Crops.**

- 725 F. Wireworms destructive to cereal and forage crops.
- 731 F. True army worm and its control.
- 739 F. Cutworms and their control in corn and other cereal crops.
- 752 F. Fall army worm, or "grassworm", and its control.
- \*762 F. False chinch-bug and measures for controlling it.
- 831 F. The red spider on cotton and how to control it.
- 835 F. How to detect insect outbreaks and save grain crops.
- 875 F. Rough-headed cornstalk beetle in Southern States and its control.
- 891 F. Corn-root aphid and methods of controlling it.
- \*915 F. How to reduce weevil waste in southern corn.
- 944 F. Controlling the garden webworm in alfalfa fields.
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- 1544 F. Common barberry and black stem rust.
- 1599 F. Scab of wheat and barley and its control.
- 1607 F. Nematode disease of wheat and rye.
- \*1711 F. Wheat smuts and their control.
- 1745 F. Cotton diseases and methods of control.
- 98 L. Red-clover failure in relation to anthracnose in the southern part of the Clover Belt.

**Diseases: Flowers—Vegetables—Miscellaneous.**

- 736 F. Ginseng diseases and their control.
- 1059 F. Sweetpotato diseases.
- 1060 F. Onion diseases and their control.
- \*1345 F. Root-knot, its cause and control.
- 1367 F. Control of potato-tuber diseases.
- 1371 F. Diseases and insects of garden vegetables.
- 1547 F. Rose diseases: Their cause and control.
- 1692 F. Bean diseases and their control.
- 1735 F. Pea diseases and their control.

**Dogs.**

- 1268 F. Sheep-killing dogs.
- \*1491 F. Breeds of dogs.

**Drainage.**

- 805 F. Drainage of irrigated farms.
- \*815 F. Organization, financing, and administration of drainage districts.
- \*1131 F. Tile-trenching machinery.
- 1606 F. Farm drainage.

**Feeds—Feeding.**

- \*724 F. Feeding of grain sorghums to livestock.
- 1179 F. Feeding cottonseed products to livestock.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding sows and litters.
- 1549 F. Feeding cattle for beef.
- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1626 F. Feeding dairy cows.
- 1699 F. Growing root crops for livestock.
- 1718 F. Important sugar-beet byproducts and their utilization.
- 1723 F. Feeding, care, and management of young dairy stock.
- 1732 F. Growing barley for malt and feed.
- 1764 F. Growing and feeding grain sorghums.

**Fertilizers.**

- 1250 F. Green manuring.
- 1496 F. Inoculation of legumes and nonlegumes with nitrogen-fixing and other bacteria.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manure in the Cotton Belt.



- 1750 F. Summer crops for green manure and soil improvement.
- 70 L. Home mixing of fertilizers.
- 71 L. Fertilizers for pecan soils.

**Fire Hazards—Dust Explosions.**

- 1512 F. Protection from lightning.
- 1643 F. Fire safeguards for the farm.
- 1667 F. Rural community fire departments.
- \*44 L. Fires on farms.

**Flax.**

- 1650 F. Flaxseed production by power farming methods in northern Great Plains.
- 1728 F. Flax-fiber production.
- 1747 F. Flaxseed production in the North Central States.

**Flowers—Shrubs—Lawns.**

- 750 F. Roses for the home.
- 1087 F. Beautifying the farmstead.
- 1171 F. Growing annual flowering plants.
- 1311 F. Chrysanthemums for the home.
- 1370 F. Dahlias for the home.
- 1381 F. Herbaceous perennials.
- 1406 F. Garden irises.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1677 F. Planting and care of lawns.
- \*90 L. Rockeries.

**Foods—Nutrition (See also Canning, etc.).**

- 960 F. Neufchatel and cream cheese: Farm manufacture and use.
- 1075 F. Unfermented grape juice. How to make it in the home.
- \*1082 F. Home supplies furnished by the farm.
- 1236 F. Corn and its uses as food.
- 1374 F. Care of food in the home.
- 1424 F. Making vinegar in the home and on the farm.
- 1450 F. Home baking.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1674 F. Food for children.
- 1705 F. Milk for the family.
- 1734 F. Making American cheese on the farm for home consumption.
- 1757 F. Diets to fit the family income.
- 1762 F. Home canning of fruits, vegetables, and meats.
- \*17 L. Cooking beef according to the cut.
- \*28 L. Lamb as you like it.
- 39 L. Eggs at any meal.
- 42 L. Good food habits for children.
- \*45 L. Pork in preferred ways.
- 48 L. Reindeer recipes.
- 49 L. Ice creams frozen without stirring.
- \*66 L. Rabbit recipes.
- 74 L. Boning lamb cuts.
- \*81 L. Cooking cured pork.
- 112 L. Cooking American varieties of rice.
- 113 L. Honey and some of its uses.

**Forestry—Forest Products.**

- \*622 F. Basket willow culture.
- 1071 F. Making woodlands profitable in Southern States.
- 1117 F. Forestry and farm income.
- 1123 F. Growing and planting hardwood seedlings on the farm.
- 1177 F. Care and improvement of farm woods.
- \*1208 F. Trees for town and city streets.
- \*1209 F. Planting and care of street trees.
- 1210 F. Measuring and marketing farm timber.
- 1256 F. Slash pine.
- 1312 F. Tree planting in Great Plains region.
- \*1392 F. Black walnut for timber and nuts.
- 1405 F. Windbreak as a farm asset.
- \*1417 F. Idle land and costly timber.
- 1453 F. Growing and planting coniferous trees on the farm.
- \*1482 F. Trees for roadside planting.
- 1486 F. Long-leaf pine primer.
- 1492 F. Arbor Day: Its purpose and observance.
- 1517 F. Loblolly pine primer.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1623 F. Growing black locust trees.
- 1671 F. Shortleaf pine.

- 1680 F. Farmers in Northern States grow timber as a money crop.

- 1693 F. Growing Christmas holly on the farm.
- 1726 F. Treatment and care of tree wounds.
- 18 L. Bamboos and bamboo culture.
- 29 L. Farm woods. A savings bank paying interest.
- 30 L. Cutting the farm woods "profitwise."
- 32 L. Planting southern pine.
- 35 L. Producing pine nursery stock in the South.
- 40 L. Woods burning in the South.
- 41 L. Good naval-stores practice.
- 55 L. Small trees wasteful to cut for saw timber.
- 57 L. Pulp-wood crops in the Northeast.
- 62 L. Why some wood surfaces hold paint longer than others.
- 83 L. More turpentine, less scar, better pine.
- 84 L. Planting black walnut.
- 86 L. Protect hardwood stands from grazing.

**Fruits (See also Specific Crop).**

- \*471 F. Grape propagation, pruning, and training.
- 685 F. The native persimmon.
- 727 F. Growing fruit for home use in the Great Plains area.
- 776 F. Growing cherries east of Rocky Mountains.
- 794 F. Citrus-fruit improvement. How to secure and use tree-performance records.
- 917 F. Growing peaches: Sites and cultural methods.
- \*918 F. Peach varieties and their classification.
- 1001 F. Growing fruit for home use.
- 1031 F. Fig growing in the South Atlantic and Gulf States.
- 1075 F. Unfermented grape juice. How to make it in the home.
- 1204 F. Northwestern apple packing houses.
- 1284 F. Apple orchard renovation.
- 1333 F. Pruning citrus trees in the Southwest.
- 1343 F. Culture of citrus fruits in the Gulf States.
- 1360 F. Apple growing east of the Mississippi River. 10c.
- 1447 F. Citrus fruit growing in the Southwest.
- 1454 F. Home utilization of muscadine grapes.
- 1622 F. Home fruit garden on northern Great Plains.
- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.
- 1689 F. Grape districts and varieties in the United States.
- 1696 F. Deciduous-fruit improvement through tree-performance records.
- 1739 F. Pear growing in the Pacific Coast States.
- 1746 F. Subsistence farm gardens.
- 1752 F. Spray-residue removal from apples and other fruits.

**Fur-Bearing Animals.**

- \*587 F. Economic value of North American skunks.
- 869 F. Muskrat as fur bearer: With notes on its use as food.
- 1568 F. Rabbit parasites and diseases.
- \*1598 F. Mountain beavers in the Pacific Northwest: Their habits, economic status, and control.
- 1716 F. Mole control.
- 1730 F. Rabbit production.
- 27 L. Recommendations to beginners in fur farming.
- 47 L. Hygiene in fox farming.

**Game: Propagation—Protection.**

- 1612 F. Propagation of aquatic game birds.
- 1613 F. Propagation of upland game birds.
- 1719 F. Improving the farm environment for wild life.
- 1755 F. Game laws for the season 1935-36.
- 1759 F. Game management on the farm.
- 1766 F. Game laws for the season 1936-37.
- \*1768 F. Trapping and transplanting live beavers.

**Gardening: Home—School.**

- 879 F. Home storage of vegetables.
- 1044 F. The city home garden.
- 1242 F. Permanent fruit and vegetable gardens.
- 1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10c.
- 1746 F. Subsistence farm gardens.



**Gardening: Truck—Greenhouse** (See also Specific Crop).

- 232 F. Okra: Its culture and uses.
- 354 F. Onion culture.
- 434 F. The home production of onion seed and sets.
- 1064 F. Production of late or main-crop potatoes.
- 1253 F. Seed peas for the canner.
- 1320 F. The production of cucumbers in greenhouses.
- 1338 F. Tomatoes as a truck crop.
- 1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- 1418 F. Lettuce growing in greenhouses.
- 1509 F. Bean growing in northern Idaho, eastern Washington, and eastern Oregon.
- 1563 F. Cucumber growing.
- 1609 F. Lettuce growing.
- 1620 F. Growing cucumbers for pickling.
- 1646 F. Asparagus growing.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10c.
- 1743 F. Hotbeds and coldframes.
- 116 L. Growing the Jerusalem artichoke.

**Grains** (See also Specific Crop).

- \*786 F. Fall-sown grains in Maryland and Virginia.
- \*827 F. Shallu, or "Egyptian wheat": A late-maturing variety of sorghum.
- 878 F. Grains for western North and South Dakota.
- \*1062 F. Buckwheat.
- \*1103 F. Growing irrigated grain in southern Idaho.
- 1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1162 F. Proso or hog millet.
- \*1290 F. Bulk handling of grain.

**Grasses — Grazing — Forage Crops — Legumes** (See also Specific Crop).

- 690 F. Field pea as a forage crop.
- 945 F. Eradication of Bermuda grass.
- 990 F. Timothy.
- \*1125 F. Forage for the Cotton Belt, 1920.
- 1126 F. Sudan grass.
- 1148 F. Cowpeas: Culture and varieties.
- 1153 F. Cowpeas: Utilization.
- 1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1254 F. Important cultivated grasses.
- 1276 F. Velvet bean.
- 1433 F. Cultivated grasses of secondary importance.
- \*1511 F. Forage crops and their culture in northern Nebraska and the Dakotas.
- 1520 F. Soybeans: Culture and varieties.
- 1537 F. Johnson grass as a weed.
- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1602 F. Reed canary grass.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manuring in the Cotton Belt.
- 1724 F. Farm practice with lespedeza.
- 1740 F. Vetch culture and uses.
- 1750 F. Summer crops for green manure and soil improvement.
- 1760 F. The use of bluegrass sod in the control of soil erosion.
- 91 L. Kudzu, a forage crop for the Southeast.
- 100 L. Lespedeza.
- 104 L. Crested wheatgrass.
- 114 L. Vine-mesquite for erosion control on Southwestern ranges.
- 115 L. Timothy seed production.

**Hay—Haymaking.**

- \*977 F. Hay caps.
- 990 F. Timothy.
- 1525 F. Effective haying equipment and practices for northern Great Plains and intermountain regions.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.
- 1615 F. Hay stackers and their use.
- 72 L. Measuring hay in stacks.
- 99 L. Huron timothy.

**Health—Sanitation—Rural Sociology.**

- 450 F. Some facts about malaria.
- 602 F. Production of clean milk.
- 954 F. Disinfection of stables.
- 1173 F. Plans of rural community buildings.
- 1227 F. Sewage and sewerage of farm homes.
- \*1245 F. Farmers' telephone companies, organization, financing, and management.
- 1325 F. Social aspects of rural planning.
- 1388 F. Rural planning: Social aspects of recreation places.
- \*1408 F. House fly and how to suppress it.
- 1441 F. Rural planning—the village.
- 1485 F. Rural hospitals.
- 1559 F. Rural libraries.
- 1622 F. Rural buildings for business and social uses.
- 1667 F. Rural community fire departments.

**Hogs.**

- 1186 F. Pork on the farm. Killing, curing, and canning.
- 1263 F. Breeds of swine.
- 1357 F. Castration of hogs.
- 1455 F. Fitting, showing, and judging hogs.
- 1487 F. Practical hog houses.
- 1490 F. Hog-lot equipment.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding of sows and litters.

**Home Economics** (See also Foods—Nutrition—Canning, etc.).

- \*927 F. Farm home conveniences.
- 1157 F. Waterproofing and mildew proofing cotton duck.
- 1180 F. Housecleaning made easier.
- \*1219 F. Floors and floor coverings.
- 1374 F. Care of food in the home.
- 1449 F. Selection of cotton fabrics.
- 1474 F. Stain removal from fabrics: Home methods.
- 1497 F. Methods and equipment for home laundering.
- 1513 F. Convenient kitchens.
- 1530 F. Fitting dresses and blouses.
- 1553 F. Planning and recording family expenditures.
- 1633 F. Window curtaining.
- 1765 F. Guides for buying sheets, blankets, and bath towels.
- \*52 L. Suits for small boys.
- 76 L. Slip covers.
- \*79 L. Rompers.
- \*80 L. Dresses for little girls.
- 103 L. Quality guides in buying sheets and pillow cases.
- 105 L. Quality guides in buying ready-made dresses.
- 117 L. Quality guides in buying women's cloth coats.

**Horses—Mules.**

- 619 F. Breeds of draft horses.
- 779 F. How to select a sound horse.
- 803 F. Horse-breeding suggestions for farmers.
- 952 F. Breeds of light horses.
- 1030 F. Feeding horses.
- \*1298 F. Cost of using horses on Corn-Belt farms.
- 1341 F. Mule production.
- 1368 F. Breaking and training colts.
- 1419 F. Care and management of farm work horses.
- 1535 F. Farm horseshoeing.

**Insecticides—Fungicides—Disinfectants.**

- 799 F. Carbon disulphide as an insecticide.
- 926 F. Some common disinfectants.
- 954 F. Disinfection of stables.
- 994 F. Commercial bordeaux mixtures. How to calculate their value.
- 1285 F. Lime-sulphur concentrates, preparation, uses, and designs for plants.
- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.

**Insects: Animal—Poultry.**

- 798 F. Sheep tick and its eradication by dipping.
- 801 F. Mites and lice on poultry.
- \*897 F. Fleas and their control.
- 909 F. Cattle lice and their eradication.



- 980 F. Spinose ear tick, and methods of treating infested animals.
- 1057 F. Cattle-fever ticks, and methods of eradication.
- 1070 F. The fowl tick and how premises may be freed from it.
- 1085 F. Hog lice and hog mange. Methods of control and eradication.
- 1097 F. Stable fly: How to prevent its annoyance and its losses to live stock.
- 1330 F. Parasites and parasitic diseases of sheep.
- 1503 F. Horse bots and their control.
- 1596 F. Cattle grubs or heel flies with suggestions for their control.
- 1625 F. Tick fever.
- 1652 F. Diseases and parasites of poultry.
  - 5 L. Prevention of round worms in pigs.
  - 13 L. Sheep and goat lice, methods of control and eradication.
  - 89 L. Controlling stomach worms in sheep and lambs.

#### Insects: Berries—Fruits—Nuts.

- \*650 F. San Jose scale and its control.
- 662 F. Apple-tree tent caterpillar.
- 675 F. The round-headed apple-tree borer.
- \*722 F. Leaf blister mite of pear and apple.
- \*723 F. Oyster-shell scale and scurfy scale.
- \*860 F. Cranberry insect problems and suggestions for solving them.
- \*933 F. Spraying for the control of insects and mites attacking citrus trees in Florida.
- \*1011 F. The woolly white fly in Florida citrus groves.
- 1065 F. The flat-headed apple-tree borer.
- 1128 F. Control of aphids injurious to orchard fruits, currant, gooseberry, and grape.
- 1246 F. The peach borer. How to prevent or lessen its ravages. The paradichlorobenzene treatment.
- \*1257 F. Insects injurious to mango in Florida and how to combat them.
- 1261 F. Avocado: Its insect enemy and how to combat them.
- \*1286 F. Red-necked raspberry cane borer.
- \*1309 F. Control of the common mealy bug on citrus in California.
- 1321 F. Fumigation of citrus trees for control of insect pests.
- 1326 F. Control of codling moth in Pacific Northwest.
- 1557 F. Insects attacking the peach in the South and how to control them.
- 1654 F. Insects of the pecan and how to combat them.

#### Insects: Fiber—Forage—Grain Crops.

- \*725 F. Wireworms destructive to cereal and forage crops.
- 731 F. True army worm and its control.
- 739 F. Cutworms and their control in corn and other cereal crops.
- 752 F. Fall army worm, or "grassworm", and its control.
- \*762 F. False chinch bug and measures for controlling it.
- 831 F. The red spider on cotton and how to control it.
- 835 F. How to detect insect outbreaks and save grain crops.
- 875 F. Rough-headed cornstalk beetle in Southern States and its control.
- 891 F. Corn-root aphid and methods of controlling it.
- \*915 F. How to reduce weevil waste in southern corn.
- 944 F. Controlling the garden webworm in alfalfa fields.
- 971 F. Control of clover-flower midge.
- 982 F. Control of the green clover worm in alfalfa fields.
- 1003 F. How to control billbugs destructive to cereal and forage crops.
- 1006 F. The wheat jointworm and its control.
- 1025 F. The larger cornstalk-borer.
- 1029 F. Conserving corn from weevils in the Gulf Coast States.
- 1094 F. The alfalfa caterpillar.
- \*1156 F. Angoumois grain moth.
- \*1206 F. Corn earworm as an enemy of vetch.

- 1217 F. Green-bug or spring aphid: How to prevent its periodical outbreak.
- 1258 F. Webworms injurious to cereal and forage crops and their control.
- 1260 F. Stored-grain pests.
- \*1323 F. The wheat strawworm and its control.
- \*1329 F. Boll-weevil problem.
- 1483 F. Control of insect pests in stored grain.
- 1484 F. The clover leaf weevil and its control.
- \*1498 F. Chinch bug, how to fight it.
- \*1528 F. The control of the alfalfa weevil.
- 1543 F. Insects injurious to the rice crop.
- 1548 F. European corn borer, present status and methods of control.
- 1566 F. Sorghum midge, with control suggestions.
- \*1595 F. Bollworm or corn earworm as a cotton pest.
- 1607 F. The nematode disease of wheat and rye.
- 1627 F. The Hessian fly and how losses from it can be avoided.
- 1642 F. Chalcid control in alfalfa-seed production.
- 1651 F. Corn earworm as an enemy of field corn in the Eastern States.
- 1657 F. The Great Basin wireworm in the Pacific Northwest.
- 1662 F. Husker-shredders in corn-borer control.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to meet corn-borer conditions.
- 1688 F. Insect enemies of the cotton plant.
- 1691 F. How to control grasshoppers in cereal and forage crops.
- \*12 L. The striped blister beetle on soybeans.
- \*37 L. Poisoning the cotton boll weevil.
- \*53 L. Cotton-louse control.

#### Insects: Flowers—Vegetables—Miscellaneous.

- \*837 F. Asparagus beetles and their control.
- 846 F. Tobacco beetle and how to prevent damage by it.
- \*940 F. Common white grubs.
- 959 F. Spotted garden slug.
- 1252 F. Sawflies injurious to rose foliage.
- 1275 F. Weevils in beans and peas.
- 1306 F. Insect enemies of chrysanthemums.
- 1362 F. Insects injurious to ornamental greenhouse plants.
- 1371 F. Diseases and insects of garden vegetables.
- \*1425 F. The tobacco flea-beetle in dark fire-cured tobacco districts of Kentucky and Tennessee.
- 1489 F. Green June beetle larva in tobacco beds.
- 1494 F. Tobacco cutworms and their control.
- 1495 F. Insect enemies of the flower garden.
- 1499 F. The melon aphid and its control.
- 1514 F. Control of sugar-beet nematode by crop rotation.
- 1531 F. Tobacco budworm and its control in Georgia and Florida tobacco-growing region.
- 1561 F. Puerto Rican mole cricket.
- 1569 F. Earthworms as pests and otherwise.
- 1582 F. Protection of log cabins, rustic work, and unseasoned wood from injurious insects.
- \*1595 F. Bollworm or corn earworm as a cotton pest.
- 1624 F. Mexican bean beetle in the East and its control.
- 1668 F. The red harvester ant and how to subdue it.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to corn-borer conditions.
- 1688 F. Insect enemies of the cotton plant.
- 1712 F. The harlequin bug and its control.
  - 2 L. Cutworms in the garden.

#### Insects: Forest and Shade Trees.

- 701 F. The bagworm: An injurious shade-tree insect.
- \*705 F. The catalpa sphinx.
- \*708 F. The leopard moth: A dangerous imported insect enemy of shade trees.
- 763 F. Orchard bark beetles and pinhole borers and how to control them.
- \*1076 F. California oak worm.
- 1169 F. Insects injurious to deciduous shade trees and their control. 10c.
- 1259 F. Sawfly injurious to young pines.
- 1477 F. Preventing damage by *Lyctus* powder-post beetles.
- 1586 F. The southern pine beetle: A serious enemy of pines in the South.



**Insects: Household.**

- \*627 F. House centipede.
- 734 F. Flytraps and their operation.
- \*754 F. The bedbug.
- \*897 F. Fleas and their control.
- \*1101 F. Argentine ant as a household pest.
- \*1353 F. Clothes moths and their control.
- 1354 F. Yellow-fever mosquito.
- \*1408 F. House fly and how to suppress it.
- 1472 F. Preventing damage by termites or white ants.
- \*1570 F. Mosquito remedies and preventives.
- \*1655 F. The control of moths in upholstered furniture. 10c.
- \*1670 F. Hydrocyanic acid gas as a fumigant for destroying household insects.
- 101 L. Injury to buildings by termites.

**Irrigation.**

- 864 F. Practical information for beginners in irrigation.
- 1243 F. Border method of irrigation.
- 1348 F. Corrugation method of irrigation.
- 1404 F. Pumping from wells for irrigation.
- 1518 F. Orchard irrigation.
- 1529 F. Spray irrigation in Eastern States.
- 1556 F. Irrigation of small grains.
- 1630 F. Irrigation practices in growing alfalfa.
- 1635 F. Surface irrigation in the Eastern States.
- 1683 F. Measuring water in irrigation channels.
- 1703 F. Reservoirs for farm use.

**Lands.**

- 1526 F. Clearing land of brush and stumps.

**Leather—Hides—Tanning.**

- 1055 F. Country hides and skins: Skinning, curing, marketing.
- 1334 F. Home tanning of leather and small fur skins.
- 1523 F. Leather shoes: Selection and care.
- 69 L. Preservation of leather bookbindings.

**Livestock (See also Specific Animal).**

- 1179 F. Feeding cottonseed products to livestock.
- 1428 F. Saving livestock from starvation on southwestern ranges.
- 1721 F. Determining the age of farm animals by their teeth.
- 1753 F. Livestock for small farms.
- 1 L. Ways to save young livestock.
- 38 L. Maintaining the health of livestock in transit.
- 88 L. Poisoning of livestock by plants that produce hydrocyanic acid.

**Marketing—Markets—Market Studies.**

- \*1050 F. Handling and loading southern new potatoes.
- \*1091 F. Protection of potatoes from cold in transit—lining and loading cars.
- 1210 F. Measuring and marketing farm timber.
- 1232 F. Seed marketing hints for the farmer.
- \*1290 F. Bulk handling of grain.
- 1291 F. Preparation of fresh tomatoes for market.
- 1308 F. Marketing the cowpea-seed crop.
- 1377 F. Marketing poultry.
- 1378 F. Marketing eggs.

- 1423 F. Preparation of cabbage for market.
- 1457 F. Packing apples in boxes.
- 1459 F. Selling black-walnut timber.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- 1551 F. Marketing farm produce by parcel post.
- 1558 F. Preparation of eastern grapes for market.
- 1560 F. Preparing strawberries for market.
- 1574 F. Preparing Johnson hay for market in the Black Prairie Belt of Alabama and Mississippi.
- 1578 F. Marketing late-crop potatoes.
- 1579 F. Containers used in shipping fruits and vegetables.
- 1594 F. Preparation of bunched beets, carrots, and turnips for market.
- 1694 F. Dressing and packing turkeys for market.
- 1695 F. Preparing apples for market in barrels and boxes.
- 1700 F. Marketing hay by modern methods.
- 1702 F. Preparing peaches for market.
- 67 L. Beef grading and stamping service.
- 68 L. Roadside markets.
- 73 L. Is the public market a good civic investment?
- 92 L. Preparing wool for market.
- 122 L. U. S. graded and stamped meat.

**Melons.**

- \*1145 F. Handling and transportation of cantaloupes.
- 1394 F. Watermelons.
- 1468 F. Muskmelons.
- 1499 F. The melon aphid and its control.

**Mushrooms.**

- 1587 F. Mushroom culture for amateurs.

**Nuts.**

- 1392 F. Black walnut for timber and nuts.
- 1501 F. Nut-tree propagation.
- 1656 F. Peanut growing.
- 71 L. Fertilizers for pecan soils.
- 84 L. Planting black walnut.

**Oats.**

- 1581 F. Oats in the North Central States.
- 1583 F. Spring-sown red oats.
- 1611 F. Oats in the western half of the United States.
- 1640 F. Fall-sown oat production.
- 1659 F. Oats [spring] in the Northeastern States.

**Plants: Breeding—Propagation—Pruning.**

- 157 F. Propagation of plants.
- 1369 F. Bridge grafting.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.

**Plants—Herbs (Medicinal).**

- 304 F. Growing and curing hops.
- 613 F. Goldenseal under cultivation.
- 663 F. Drug plants under cultivation.
- 1184 F. Ginseng culture.
- 1231 F. Drying crude drugs.
- 1555 F. Peppermint and spearmint as farm crops.

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## Plants—Poisonous.

- 988 F. Larkspur or "poison weed."  
1054 F. The loco-weed disease.  
1166 F. Poison ivy and poison sumac, and their eradication.  
1273 F. Stock-poisoning death camas.  
88 L. Poisoning of livestock by plants that produce hydrocyanic acid.

**Potatoes: Irish—Sweet.**

- 999 F. Sweetpotato growing.
- 1064 F. Production of late or main-crop potatoes.
- 1205 F. Potato production in the South.
- 1267 F. Utilization of flue-heated tobacco barns  
for sweet-potato storage.
- 1332 F. Seed potatoes and how to produce them.
- 1436 F. Why potatoes run out.
- 1442 F. Storage of sweet potatoes.
- 1639 F. Potato production in the far Western  
States.
- 106 L. Prevent storage rots of sweetpotatoes.

## Poultry and Eggs.

- 684 F. Squab raising.
- 697 F. Duck raising.
- 767 F. Goose raising.
- 849 F. Capons and caponizing.
- 1391 F. The guinea fowl.
- 1409 F. Turkey raising.
- 1506 F. Breeds of chickens: I. American, Asiatic,  
English, and Mediterranean classes.
- 1507 F. Standard breeds and varieties of chickens:  
II. Continental, European, Oriental,  
and miscellaneous classes.
- 1508 F. Poultry keeping in back yards.
- 1524 F. Farm poultry raising.
- 1538 F. Incubation and brooding of chickens.
- 1541 F. Feeding chickens.
- 1554 F. Poultry houses and fixtures.
- 1694 F. Dressing and packing turkeys for market.
- 1727 F. Selecting hens for egg production.
- \*64 L. Construction and packing of an egg case.
- 96 L. Protecting poultry from predacious birds.

## Rice.

- 1092 F. Prairie rice culture.  
 \*1240 F. How to grow rice in Sacramento Valley.  
 1420 F. Handling rough rice to produce high grades.  
 112 L. Cooking American varieties of rice.

**Rodents—Predatory Mammals.**      **Animals—Other**

- 702 F. Cottontail rabbits in relation to trees and crops.
- 1397 F. Mouse control in field and orchard.
- 1533 F. Rat control.
- 1638 F. Rat-proofing buildings and premises.
- 1709 F. Pocket-gopher control.
- 1716 F. Mole control.
- 21 L. Woodchuck control in the Eastern States.
- 50 L. How to make a cat trap.
- 59 L. Hints on coyote and wolf trapping.
- 60 L. Porcupine control in the Western States.
- 65 L. Red-squill powder in rat control.
- 78 L. Hints on bobcat trapping.
- 94 L. Hints on mountain-lion trapping.
- 109 L. Eliminating bats from buildings.

Rye.

- 756 F. Culture of rye in the eastern half of the United States.  
1358 F. Growing rye in western half of United States.  
1607 F. Nematode disease of wheat and rye.

**Seeds—Seed Production** (*See also* Specific Crop).

- 948 F. Rag-doll seed tester: Its use in determining what ears of corn are fit for seed.
- 1232 F. Seed-marketing hints for the farmer.
- 1390 F. Vegetable seed for home and market garden.
- 1496 F. Inoculation of legumes and nonlegumes with nitrogen-fixing and other bacteria.
- 93 L. Red-clover seed production in the Inter-mountain States.
- 115 L. Timothy seed production.

## Sheep—Goats—Wool.

- 576 F. Breeds of sheep for the farm.
- 810 F. Equipment for farm sheep raising.
- \*840 F. Farm sheep raising for beginners.
- 920 F. Milk goats.
- 1134 F. Castrating and docking lambs.
- 1181 F. Sheep on temporary pastures.
- 1199 F. Judging sheep.
- 1203 F. The Angora goat.
- 1268 F. Sheep-killing dogs.
- 1632 F. Karakul sheep.
- 1710 F. Rang sheep production.

## Silos—Silage.

- 578 F. Making and feeding of silage.  
825 F. Pit silos.  
1725 F. Methods and costs of filling silos in the  
North Central States.

**Soils** (*See also Conservation*).

- \*446 F. Choice of crops for alkali land.  
1629 F. Steam sterilization of soil for tobacco and other crops.

## Sugar Beets.

- \*1042 F. Saving man labor in sugar-beet fields.
- 1637 F. Sugar-beet culture in the humid area of the United States.
- 1645 F. Sugar-beet growing under irrigation in the Utah-Idaho area.
- 1718 F. Important sugar-beet byproducts and their utilization.
- 97 L. Cross-blocking sugar beets by machine.

## Sugars—Sugarcanes—Sirups.

- 1366 F. Production of maple sirup and sugar.  
 \*1389 F. Sorgo-sirup manufacture.  
 1619 F. Sorgo for sirup production: Culture, har-  
 vesting, and handling.

## Tobacco.

- 523 F. Tobacco curing.  
571 F. Tobacco culture.  
1580 F. Cigar-tobacco production in Pennsylvania.  
1629 F. Steam sterilization of soil for tobacco and other crops.

*(Please arrange numbers in numerical order)*

[illegible]



**Tomatoes.**

- 1233 F. Tomatoes for canning and manufacturing.
- 1338 F. Tomatoes as a truck crop.
- 1431 F. Greenhouse tomatoes.

**Weather.**

- 1512 F. Protection of buildings and farm property from lightning.
- 1588. F. Frost and the prevention of frost damage.

**Weeds.**

- 660 F. Weeds, how to control them.
- 687 F. Eradication of ferns from pasture lands in eastern United States.
- 1054 F. The loco-weed disease.
- 1537 F. Johnson grass as a weed.
- 1544 F. Common barberry and blackstem rust.
- 43 L. Wild garlic and its control.
- 95 L. How to control ragweed, the principal cause of autumn hay fever.

**Wheat.**

- \*596 F. Culture of winter wheat in eastern United States.
- 885 F. Wheat growing in Southeastern States.
- 1168 F. Varieties of winter wheat adapted to eastern United States.
- 1305 F. Soft red winter wheats.
- \*1340 F. Polish and Poulard wheats.
- 1585 F. Varieties of hard red winter wheat.
- 1621 F. Varieties of hard red spring wheat.
- 1706 F. Varieties of durum wheat.
- 1707 F. Varieties of common white wheat.
- 1708 F. Varieties of club wheat.
- 33 L. The combination cleaning and treating of seed wheat.







# Farmers' Bulletins and Leaflets

of the

## United States Department of Agriculture

(For information and use of visitors at the Fair)

The publications here listed are free on request in limited numbers, no more than 10 to one person. In the form on the last page, list, in numerical order, the numbers of those desired. On the reverse side, write your name and address plainly, detach the form at the perforated line, and mail it in a stamped envelope to the **Division of Publications, Office of Information, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.**<sup>1</sup>

Failure to receive requested bulletins will indicate exhaustion of the free supply. These may be purchased from the **Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.**, for 5 cents a copy, unless otherwise priced in this list. Those beside which an asterisk (\*) appears are for sale only.

### Accounting—Budgeting—Farm Management.

- 511 F. Farm bookkeeping.
- 572 F. A system of farm cost accounting.
- \*782 F. The use of a diary for farm accounts.
- \*924 F. A simple way to increase crop yields.
- \*986 F. Farm practices that increase crop yields in the Gulf Coast region.
- \*1015 F. Producing family and farm supplies on the cotton farm.
- 1082 F. Home supplies furnished by the farm.
- 1088 F. Selecting a farm.
- 1117 F. Forestry and farm income.
- 1139 F. A method of analyzing the farm business.
- 1164 F. The farm lease contract.
- \*1182 F. Farm inventories.
- \*1421 F. Successful farming on 80-acre farms in central Indiana.
- 1463 F. Successful farming on 160-acre farms in central Indiana.
- 1545 F. Dry-farming methods and practices in wheat growing in the Columbia and Snake River Basins.
- 1546 F. Systems of livestock farming in the Black Prairie Belt of Alabama and Mississippi.
- 1553 F. Planning and recording family expenditures.
- 1562 F. Farm practices under corn-borer conditions.
- 1564 F. Farm budgeting.
- 1603 F. Planting and care of shelterbelts on the Northern Great Plains.
- 1614 F. Business records for poultry keepers.
- 1662 F. Husker-shredders in corn-borer control.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manure in the Cotton Belt.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to meet corn-borer conditions.
- 1697 F. Using soil-binding plants to reclaim gullies in the South.
- 1724 F. Farm practice with lespedeza.
- 1725 F. Methods and costs of filling silos in the North Central States.
- 1733 F. Planning a subsistence homestead.
- 1737 F. Stop gullies—save your farm.
- 1750 F. Summer crops for green manure and soil improvement.
- 1758 F. Cover crops for soil conservation.
- 1760 F. The use of bluegrass sod in the control of soil erosion.
- 1767 F. Soil defense in the Piedmont. 15¢.
- 1771 F. Preventing soil blowing on the Southern Great Plains.
- 1773 F. Soil and water conservation in the Pacific Northwest. 10¢.
- \*1774 F. The farmer looks ahead.

- 1776 F. Strip cropping for soil conservation.
- 1782 F. Indicators of southwestern range conditions. 10¢.
- 1784 F. Nitrogen-fixing bacteria and legumes.
- 1789 F. Terracing for soil and water conservation. 10¢.
- 1790 F. The Nichols terrace. An improved channel-type terrace for the Southeast.
- 1795 F. Conserving Corn Belt soil. 15¢.
- 1797 F. Implements and methods of tillage to control soil blowing on the Northern Great Plains.
- 123 L. The farmer's share of the consumer's dollar.

### Alfalfa.

- \*1021 F. Alfalfa on Corn-Belt farms.
- 1229 F. Utilization of alfalfa.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- \*1630 F. Irrigation practices in growing alfalfa.
- 1722 F. Growing alfalfa.
- 1731 F. Alfalfa varieties in the United States.

### Animal Breeding.

- 1167 F. Essentials of animal breeding.

### Bees—Honey.

- 961 F. Transferring bees to modern hives.
- 975 F. Control of European foulbrood.
- \*1012 F. Preparation of bees for outdoor wintering.
- \*1014 F. Wintering bees in cellars.
- 1039 F. Commercial comb-honey production.
- 1198 F. Swarm control.
- 1215 F. Beekeeping in the clover region.
- 1713 F. The treatment of American foulbrood.
- 113 L. Honey and some of its uses.

### Berries.

- 887 F. Raspberry culture.
- 901 F. Everbearing strawberries.
- 1001 F. Growing fruit for home use. 10¢.
- 1026 F. Strawberry culture, South Atlantic and Gulf Coast regions.
- 1027 F. Strawberry culture, western United States.
- 1028 F. Strawberry culture, eastern United States.
- 1043 F. Strawberry varieties.
- 1242 F. Permanent fruit and vegetable gardens.
- 1398 F. Currants and gooseberries: Their culture and relation to white-pine blister rust.
- 1399 F. Blackberry growing.
- 1400 F. Establishing cranberry fields.
- 1401 F. Managing cranberry fields.
- \*1402 F. Cranberry harvesting and handling.
- 1403 F. Dewberry growing.

<sup>1</sup> A complete list of the publications available for distribution by the U. S. Department of Agriculture will be furnished upon request to this office.



**Birds.**

- 497 F. Game, aquatic, and rapacious birds in relation to man.
- 506 F. Food of well-known birds.
- \*513 F. Fifty common birds of farm and orchard. 25¢.
- 630 F. Birds useful to the farmer.
- 684 F. Squab raising.
- 755 F. Common birds of southeastern United States.
- \*760 F. Attracting birds in northwestern United States.
- \*844 F. Attracting birds, Middle Atlantic States.
- \*912 F. Attracting birds, East Central States.
- 1327 F. Canaries, care and management.
- \*1373 F. Homing pigeons, their training.
- 1456 F. Homes for birds.
- 1571 F. European starling in United States.
- 1612 F. Propagation of aquatic game birds.
- 1613 F. Propagation of upland game birds.
- 1644 F. Local bird refuges.
- 1682 F. Usefulness of birds on the farm.
- 1781 F. Diseases of upland game birds.
- \*36 L. Gourds for bird houses.
- 61 L. English sparrow control.
- 120 L. Excluding birds from reservoirs and fish-ponds.

**Building — Buildings — Engineering — Mechanics—Machinery.**

- 744 F. The preservative treatment of farm timbers.
- 847 F. Potato-storage houses.
- \*927 F. Farm home conveniences.
- 1045 F. Laying out fields for tractor plowing.
- 1078 F. Harvesting and storing ice on the farm.
- 1132 F. Planning the farmstead.
- 1214 F. Farm dairy houses.
- 1227 F. Sewage and sewerage of farm homes.
- 1234 F. Gullies: How to control and reclaim them.
- 1318 F. Greenhouse construction and heating.
- 1342 F. Dairy-barn construction.
- 1350 F. Beef-cattle barns.
- 1393 F. Principles of dairy-barn ventilation.
- 1426 F. Farm plumbing.
- 1442 F. Storage of sweetpotatoes.
- 1448 F. Farmstead water supply.
- 1452 F. Painting on the farm.
- 1460 F. Simple plumbing repairs in the home.
- 1487 F. Practical hog houses.
- 1525 F. Effective haying equipment and practices for northern Great Plains and inter-mountain regions.
- 1526 F. Clearing land of brush and stumps.
- 1554 F. Poultry houses and fixtures.
- \*1572 F. Making cellars dry.
- 1589 F. Husker-shredder on eastern Corn-Belt farms.
- 1590 F. Fire-protective construction on the farm.
- 1615 F. Hay stackers and their use.
- 1638 F. Rat-proofing buildings and premises.
- \*1649 F. Construction of chimneys and fireplaces.
- 1658 F. Farm water power.
- 1660 F. The use of logs and poles in farm construction.
- 1662 F. Husker-shredder in corn-borer control.
- 1690 F. Plowing with moldboard plows.
- 1698 F. Heating the farm home.
- 1701 F. Cornercribs for the Corn Belt.
- 1703 F. Reservoirs for farm use.
- 1715 F. Methods and costs of husking corn in the field.
- 1720 F. Adobe or sun-dried brick for farm buildings.
- 1729 F. Machinery for dusting cotton.
- 1737 F. Stop gullies—save your farm.
- 1738 F. Farmhouse plan. 10¢.
- 1743 F. Hotbeds and coldframes.
- 1748 F. Ginning cotton.
- 1749 F. Modernizing farmhouses.
- 1751 F. Roof coverings for farm buildings and their repair.
- 1754 F. Care and repair of mowers and binders.
- 1756 F. Selection of lumber for farm and home buildings.
- 1761 F. Harvesting with combines.
- 1772 F. Use of concrete on the farm. 10¢.
- 1789 F. Terracing for soil and water conservation. 10¢.
- 1790 F. The Nichols terrace. An improved channel-type terrace for the Southeast.

1797 F. Implements and methods of tillage to control soil blowing on the Northern Great Plains.

- 56 L. Preventing cracks in new wood floors.
- 62 L. Why some wood surfaces hold paint longer than others.
- \*77 L. Bracing farm buildings.
- \*87 L. Wind-resistant construction for farm buildings.
- 97 L. Cross-blocking sugar beets by machine.
- 107 L. The barrel seed scarifier.
- 124 L. Sash greenhouses.

**Canning — Drying — Pickling — Preserving (Home).**

- 900 F. Home-made fruit butters.
- 984 F. Farm and home drying of fruits and vegetables.
- \*1075 F. Unfermented grape juice. How to make it in the home.
- 1186 F. Pork on the farm. Killing, curing, and canning.
- 1264 F. Farm manufacture of unfermented apple juice. 10¢.
- 1415 F. Beef on the farm—slaughtering, cutting, curing.
- 1424 F. Making vinegar in the home and on the farm.
- 1438 F. Making fermented pickles.
- 1454 F. Home utilization of muscadine grapes.
- 1762 F. Home canning of fruits, vegetables, and meats.
- 1800 F. Home-made jellies and preserves.

**Cattle: Beef.**

- 1068 F. Judging beef cattle.
- 1135 F. The beef calf, its growth and development.
- 1350 F. Beef-cattle barns.
- 1395 F. Beef-cattle production in the range area.
- 1415 F. Beef on the farm, slaughtering, cutting, curing.
- 1549 F. Feeding cattle for beef.
- 1584 F. Feed-lot and ranch equipment for beef cattle.
- 1592 F. Beef production on the farm.
- 1600 F. Dehorning, castrating, branding, and marking beef cattle.
- 1779 F. Beef-cattle breeds for beef and beef and milk.
- 51 L. Improving cattle in areas freed of ticks.

**Cattle: Dairy (See also Dairying—Dairy Products).**

- 1412 F. Care and management of dairy bulls.
- 1443 F. Dairy cattle breeds.
- 1470 F. Care and management of dairy cows.
- \*1532 F. Dairy-herd improvement through cooperative bull associations.
- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1604 F. Dairy-herd improvement associations and stories the records tell.
- 1626 F. Feeding dairy cows.
- 1723 F. Feeding, care, and management of young dairy stock.
- 1769 F. Dairy cattle judging.
- \*16 L. Purebred dairy sires.
- 51 L. Improving cattle in areas freed of ticks.

**Clovers.**

- 676 F. Hard clover seed and its treatment in hulling.
- \*1339 F. Red clover culture.
- \*1653 F. Sweetclover in Corn-Belt farming.
- 1741 F. Bur-clover cultivation and utilization.
- 1770 F. High grade timothy and clover hay.
- 23 L. Sweetclover.
- 93 L. Red-clover seed production in the Inter-mountain States.
- 110 L. Why red clover fails.
- 119 L. White clover.
- 160 L. Crimson clover.

**Conservation (See also Forestry—Forest Products).**

- 1234 F. Gullies: How to control and reclaim them.
- 1697 F. Using soil-binding plants to reclaim gullies in the South.
- 1719 F. Improving the farm environment for wildlife.



- 1737 F. Stop gullies—save your farm.  
 1758 F. Cover crops for soil conservation.  
 1759 F. Game management on the farm.  
 1760 F. The use of bluegrass sod in the control of soil erosion.  
 1767 F. Soil defense in the Piedmont. 15¢.  
 \*1768 F. Trapping and transplanting live beavers.  
 1771 F. Preventing soil blowing on the Southern Great Plains.  
 1773 F. Soil and water conservation in the Pacific Northwest. 10¢.  
 1776 F. Strip cropping for soil conservation.  
 1783 F. Feeding wildlife in winter.  
 1788 F. Wildlife conservation through erosion control in the Piedmont.  
 1789 F. Terracing for soil and water conservation. 10¢.  
 1790 F. The Nichols terrace. An improved channel-type terrace for the Southeast.  
 1795 F. Conserving Corn Belt soil. 15¢.  
 1797 F. Implements and methods of tillage to control soil blowing on the Northern Great Plains.  
 114 L. Vine-mesquite for erosion control on southwestern ranges.

### Corn.

- \*915 F. How to reduce weevil waste in southern corn.  
 1175 F. Better seed corn.  
 1562 F. Farm practices under corn-borer conditions.  
 1589 F. Husker-shredder on eastern Corn-Belt farms.  
 1634 F. Growing sugar corn for the cannery.  
 1662 F. Husker-shredder in corn-borer control.  
 1679 F. Pop corn.  
 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to meet corn-borer conditions.  
 1701 F. Corncribs for the Corn Belt.  
 1714 F. Corn culture.  
 1715 F. Methods and costs of husking corn in the field.  
 1744 F. The what and how of hybrid corn.

### Cotton—Cottonseed.

- \*501 F. Cotton improvement under weevil conditions.  
 1384 F. Community cotton production.  
 1432 F. Culture of Pima and upland cotton in Arizona.  
 1661 F. Farm study of the cotton plant.  
 1686 F. Common errors in cotton production.  
 1729 F. Machinery for dusting cotton.  
 1748 F. Ginning cotton.  
 151 L. Effects of feeds and saw speeds on cotton turnout and quality.

### Dairying—Dairy Products.

- 602 F. Production of clean milk.  
 876 F. Making butter on the farm.  
 960 F. Neufchatel and cream cheese, farm manufacture and use.  
 976 F. Cooling milk and cream on the farm.  
 1214 F. Farm dairy houses.  
 \*1272 F. Renting dairy farms.  
 1315 F. Cleaning milking machines.  
 1342 F. Dairy-barn construction.  
 1451 F. Making and using cottage cheese in the home.  
 1610 F. Dairy farming for beginners.  
 1675 F. Care of milk utensils on the farm.  
 1723 F. Feeding, care, and management of young dairy stock.  
 1734 F. Making American cheese on the farm for home consumption.  
 3 L. Improved sanitation in milk production.  
 9 L. Making and storing farm butter for winter use.  
 19 L. Improving dairy herds.  
 25 L. Preventing feed flavors and odors in milk.

### Diseases: Animal—Poultry.

- 449 F. Rabies or hydrophobia.  
 \*666 F. Foot-and-mouth disease.  
 713 F. Sheep scab.  
 781 F. Tuberculosis of hogs.  
 834 F. Hog cholera: Prevention and treatment.

- 1017 F. Cattle scab and methods of control and eradication.  
 1018 F. Hemorrhagic septicemia, stockyards fever, swine plague, fowl cholera, etc.  
 1054 F. Loco-weed disease.  
 1069 F. Tuberculosis in livestock. Detection, control, and eradication.  
 1085 F. Hog lice and hog mange. Methods of control and eradication.  
 1146 F. Dourine of horses.  
 1155 F. Diseases of sheep, infectious and noninfectious.  
 1244 F. Diseases, ailments, and abnormal conditions of swine.  
 1330 F. Parasites and parasitic diseases of sheep.  
 1355 F. Blackleg, its nature, cause, and prevention.  
 1422 F. Udder diseases of dairy cows.  
 1568 F. Rabbit parasites and diseases.  
 1596 F. Cattle grubs or heel flies with suggestions for their control.  
 1625 F. Tick fever.  
 1652 F. Diseases and parasites of poultry.  
 1704 F. Bang's disease (infectious abortion).  
 1736 F. Anthrax.  
 1787 F. Internal parasites of swine. 10¢.  
 \*34 L. Trichinosis: A disease caused by eating raw pork.  
 75 L. Warts on cattle.  
 89 L. Controlling stomach worms in sheep and lambs.  
 102 L. Eradicating tuberculosis from poultry and swine.  
 108 L. Controlling kidney worms in swine in the Southern States.  
 118 L. Controlling lungworms of swine.

### Diseases: Berries—Fruits—Nuts.

- 938 F. Apple bitter-rot and its control.  
 1053 F. Control of cherry leaf-spot.  
 1120 F. Control of apple powdery mildew.  
 1160 F. Diseases of apples in storage.  
 \*1345 F. Root-knot: Its cause and control.  
 1380 F. Apple scald and its control.  
 \*1410 F. Control of brown-rot of prunes and cherries in the Pacific Northwest.  
 \*1435 F. Diseases of stone fruits on the markets.  
 1458 F. Strawberry diseases.  
 1478 F. Apple scab.  
 1479 F. Apple blotch.  
 1488 F. Diseases of raspberries and blackberries.  
 1527 F. Peach brown rot and scab.  
 \*1641 F. Chestnut blight.

### Diseases: Fiber—Forage—Grain Crops.

- \*1124 F. The brown-spot of corn with suggestions for its control.  
 1212 F. Straighthead of rice and its control.  
 \*1345 F. Root-knot: Its cause and control.  
 \*1414 F. The rosette disease of wheat and its control.  
 1599 F. Scab of wheat and barley and its control.  
 1607 F. Nematode disease of wheat and rye.  
 \*1711 F. Wheat smuts and their control.  
 1745 F. Cotton diseases and methods of control.  
 1803 F. Culture and pests of field peas.  
 98 L. Red-clover failure in relation to anthracnose in the southern part of the Clover Belt.

### Diseases: Flowers—Vegetables—Miscellaneous.

- 736 F. Ginseng diseases and their control.  
 1059 F. Sweetpotato diseases.  
 1060 F. Onion diseases and their control.  
 \*1345 F. Root-knot, its cause and control.  
 1367 F. Control of potato-tuber diseases.  
 1371 F. Diseases and insects of garden vegetables. 10¢.  
 1439 F. Diseases of cabbage and related plants.  
 1547 F. Rose diseases: Their cause and control.  
 1692 F. Bean diseases and their control.  
 1735 F. Pea diseases and their control.  
 1799 F. Blue mold (downy mildew) disease of tobacco.  
 106 L. Prevent storage rots of sweetpotatoes.

### Dogs.

- 1268 F. Sheep-killing dogs.  
 1491 F. Breeds of dogs.



**Drainage.**

- 805 F. Drainage of irrigated farms.
- \*815 F. Organization, financing, and administration of drainage districts.
- 1606 F. Farm drainage.

**Feeds—Feeding.**

- \*724 F. Feeding of grain sorghums to livestock.
- 1179 F. Feeding cottonseed products to livestock.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding sows and litters.
- 1549 F. Feeding cattle for beef.
- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1626 F. Feeding dairy cows.
- 1699 F. Growing root crops for livestock.
- 1718 F. Important sugar-beet byproducts and their utilization.
- 1723 F. Feeding, care, and management of young dairy stock.
- 1732 F. Growing barley for malt and feed.
- 1764 F. Growing and feeding grain sorghums.
- 1783 F. Feeding wildlife in winter.

**Fertilizers.**

- 1496 F. Inoculation of legumes and nonlegumes with nitrogen-fixing and other bacteria.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manure in the Cotton Belt.
- 1750 F. Summer crops for green manure and soil improvement.
- 1801 F. Making lime on the farm.
- 70 L. Home mixing fertilizers.
- 71 L. Fertilizers for pecan soils.

**Fire Hazards—Dust Explosions.**

- 1512 F. Protection from lightning.
- 1590 F. Fire-protective construction on the farm.
- \*1643 F. Fire safeguards for the farm.
- 1667 F. Rural community fire departments.
- 1786 F. Fireproofing fabrics.
- \*44 L. Fires on farms.

**Flax—Flaxseed.**

- 1650 F. Flaxseed production by power farming methods in northern Great Plains.
- 1728 F. Flax-fiber production.
- 1747 F. Flaxseed production in the North Central States.
- 1793 F. Flaxseed production in the far Western States.

**Flowers—Shrubs—Lawns.**

- 750 F. Roses for the home.
- 1087 F. Beautifying the farmstead.
- 1171 F. Growing annual flowering plants.
- 1311 F. Chrysanthemums for the home.
- 1370 F. Dahlias for the home.
- 1381 F. Herbaceous perennials. 10¢.
- 1406 F. Garden irises.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1677 F. Planting and care of lawns.
- \*90 L. Rockeries.

**Foods—Nutrition (See also Canning.)**

- 960 F. Neufchatel and cream cheese: Farm manufacture and use.
- 1082 F. Home supplies furnished by the farm.
- 1236 F. Corn and its uses as food.
- 1264 F. Farm manufacture of unfermented apple juice. 10¢.
- 1374 F. Care of food in the home.
- 1424 F. Making vinegar in the home and on the farm.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1674 F. Food for children.
- 1705 F. Milk for the family.
- 1734 F. Making American cheese on the farm for home consumption.
- 1757 F. Diets to fit the family income.
- 1762 F. Home canning of fruits, vegetables, and meats.
- 1775 F. Homemade bread, cake, and pastry.
- 1800 F. Home-made jellies and preserves.
- \*17 L. Cooking beef according to the cut.
- \*28 L. Lamb as you like it.

34 L. Trichinosis: A disease caused by eating raw pork.

- 39 L. Eggs at any meal.
- 42 L. Good food habits for children.
- \*45 L. Pork in preferred ways.
- 48 L. Reindeer recipes.
- 49 L. Ice creams frozen without stirring.
- \*66 L. Rabbit recipes.
- 74 L. Boning lamb cuts.
- 81 L. Cooking cured pork.
- 112 L. Cooking American varieties of rice.
- 113 L. Honey and some of its uses.

**Forestry—Forest Products.**

- \*622 F. Basket willow culture.
- \*1071 F. Making woodlands profitable in Southern States.
- 1117 F. Forestry and farm income.
- 1123 F. Growing and planting hardwood seedlings on the farm.
- \*1208 F. Trees for town and city streets.
- 1209 F. Planting and care of street trees.
- 1210 F. Measuring and marketing farm timber.
- 1256 F. Slash pine.
- 1392 F. Black walnut for timber and nuts.
- 1405 F. Windbreak as a farm asset.
- 1453 F. Growing and planting coniferous trees on the farm.
- 1459 F. Selling black walnut timber.
- 1482 F. Trees for roadside planting.
- 1486 F. Long-leaf pine primer.
- 1492 F. Arbor Day: Its purpose and observance.
- 1517 F. Loblolly pine primer.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1628 F. Growing black locust trees.
- 1660 F. The uses of logs and poles in farm construction.
- 1671 F. Shortleaf pine.
- 1680 F. Farmers in Northern States grow timber as a money crop.
- 1693 F. Growing Christmas holly on the farm.
- 1726 F. Treatment and care of tree wounds.
- 1756 F. Selection of lumber for farm and home.
- 1782 F. Indicators of southwestern range conditions. 10¢.
- 1794 F. Forest farming.
- \*18 L. Bamboos and bamboo culture.
- 29 L. Farm woods. A savings bank paying interest.
- 30 L. Cutting the farm woods "profitwise."
- 40 L. Woods burning in the South.
- 41 L. Good naval-stores practice.
- 55 L. Small trees wasteful to cut for saw timber.
- 57 L. Pulp-wood crops in the Northeast.
- 62 L. Why some wood surfaces hold paint longer than others.
- 83 L. More turpentine, less scar, better pine.
- 84 L. Planting black walnut.
- 86 L. Protect hardwood stands from grazing.
- 153 L. How to cut Southern farm timber for steady profit.
- 155 L. Growing nursery stock for southern pines.
- 156 L. Harvesting and selling seed of southern pines.
- 159 L. Planting southern pines.

**Fruits (See also specific crop.)**

- 471 F. Grape propagation, pruning, and training.
- 685 F. The native persimmon.
- 727 F. Growing fruit for home use in the Great Plains area.
- 776 F. Growing cherries east of Rocky Mountains.
- 794 F. Citrus-fruit improvement. How to secure and use tree-performance records.
- 917 F. Growing peaches: Sites and cultural methods.
- \*918 F. Peach varieties and their classification.
- 1001 F. Growing fruit for home use. 10¢.
- 1031 F. Fig growing in the South Atlantic and Gulf States.
- 1204 F. Northwestern apple packing houses.
- 1284 F. Apple orchard renovation.
- 1333 F. Pruning citrus trees in the Southwest.
- 1343 F. Culture of citrus fruits in the Gulf States.
- 1360 F. Apple growing east of the Mississippi River. 10¢.
- 1447 F. Citrus fruit growing in the Southwest.
- 1454 F. Home utilization of muscadine grapes.



- 1522 F. Home fruit garden on northern Great Plains.
- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.
- 1689 F. Grape districts and varieties in the United States.
- 1696 F. Deciduous-fruit improvement through tree-performance records.
- 1739 F. Pear growing in the Pacific Coast States.
- 1746 F. Subsistence farm gardens.
- 1752 F. Spray-residue removal from apples and other fruits.
- 1763 F. Harvesting and handling citrus fruits in the Gulf States.
- 1785 F. Muscadine grapes.
- 1796 F. Handling and preparing the Kieffer pear for use as food.
- 158 L. Quince growing.

### Fur-Bearing Animals.

- \*587 F. Economic value of North American skunks.
- \*869 F. Muskrat as fur bearer: With notes on its use as food.
- 1568 F. Rabbit parasites and diseases.
- 1598 F. Mountain beavers in the Pacific Northwest: Their habits, economic status, and control.
- 1716 F. Mole control.
- 1730 F. Rabbit production.
- 1768 F. Trapping and transplanting live beavers.
- 1777 F. Diseases of fur animals.
- 27 L. Recommendations to beginners in fur farming.
- 47 L. Hygiene in fox farming.

### Game: Propagation—Protection.

- 497 F. Some common game, aquatic, and rapacious birds in relation to man.
- 1612 F. Propagation of aquatic game birds.
- 1613 F. Propagation of upland game birds.
- 1719 F. Improving the farm environment for wildlife.
- 1759 F. Game management on the farm.
- 1768 F. Trapping and transplanting live beavers.
- 1777 F. Diseases of fur animals.
- 1781 F. Diseases of upland game birds.
- 1783 F. Feeding wildlife in winter.
- 1788 F. Wildlife conservation through erosion control in the Piedmont.

### Gardening: Home—School.

- 879 F. Home storage of vegetables.
- 1044 F. The city home garden.
- 1242 F. Permanent fruit and vegetable gardens.
- 1390 F. Vegetable seeds for the home and market garden.
- 1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10¢.
- 1746 F. Subsistence farm gardens.

### Gardening: Truck—Greenhouse (See also specific crop).

- 232 F. Okra: Its culture and uses.
- \*354 F. Onion culture.
- 434 F. The home production of onion seed and sets.
- 1253 F. Seed peas for the canner.
- 1320 F. The production of cucumbers in greenhouses.
- 1338 F. Tomatoes as a truck crop.
- 1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- 1418 F. Lettuce growing in greenhouses.
- 1509 F. Bean growing in northern Idaho, eastern Washington, and eastern Oregon.
- 1563 F. Cucumber growing.
- 1609 F. Lettuce growing.
- 1620 F. Growing cucumbers for pickling.
- 1646 F. Asparagus growing.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10¢.
- 1743 F. Hotbeds and coldframes.
- 116 L. Growing the Jerusalem artichoke.
- 125 L. Production of carrots.
- 126 L. Rhubarb production.
- 127 L. The culture of table beets.
- 128 L. Production of spinach.
- 129 L. Production and preparation of horseradish.
- 130 L. Cauliflower and heading broccoli production.

- 131 L. Production of eggplant.
- 133 L. Production of chicory and endive.
- 134 L. Production of water cress.
- 135 L. Production of salsify or vegetable-oyster.
- 136 L. Production of parsley.
- 137 L. Rhubarb forcing.
- 138 L. Production of garlic.
- 139 L. Production of roselle.
- 140 L. Production of peppers.
- 141 L. Production of pumpkins and squashes.
- 142 L. Production of turnips and rutabagas.
- 143 L. Production of kale.
- 154 L. Production of parsnips.
- 157 L. Production of radishes.

### Grains (See also Specific Crop).

- \*786 F. Fall-sown grains in Maryland and Virginia.
- \*827 F. Shallu, or "Egyptian wheat": A late-maturing variety of sorghum.
- \*878 F. Grains for western North and South Dakota.
- \*1062 F. Buckwheat.
- \*1103 F. Growing irrigated grain in southern Idaho.
- 1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1162 F. Proso or hog millet.
- 1429 F. Emmer and spelt.
- \*1542 F. Cleaning grain on farms and in country elevators.
- 1577 F. Harvesting grain sorghums.
- 1636 F. Farm bulk storage of small grains.
- 1732 F. Growing barley for malt and feed.
- 1761 F. Harvesting with combines.
- 1764 F. Growing and feeding grain sorghums. 10¢.

### Grasses — Grazing — Forage Crops — Legumes (See also specific crop).

- \*690 F. Field pea as a forage crop.
- 945 F. Eradication of Bermuda grass.
- 990 F. Timothy.
- \*1125 F. Forage for the Cotton Belt, 1920.
- 1126 F. Sudan grass.
- 1148 F. Cowpeas: Culture and varieties.
- 1153 F. Cowpeas: Utilization.
- 1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1254 F. Important cultivated grasses.
- 1276 F. Velvet bean.
- 1433 F. Cultivated grasses of secondary importance.
- \*1511 F. Forage crops and their culture in northern Nebraska and the Dakotas.
- 1520 F. Soybeans: Culture and varieties.
- 1537 F. Johnson grass as a weed.
- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1602 F. Reed canary grass.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1631 F. Broomcorn growing and handling.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manuring in the Cotton Belt.
- 1724 F. Farm practice with lespedeza.
- 1740 F. Vetch culture and uses.
- 1750 F. Summer crops for green manure and soil improvement.
- 1760 F. The use of bluegrass sod in the control of soil erosion.
- 1782 F. Indicators of southwestern range conditions 10¢.
- 1784 F. Nitrogen-fixing bacteria and legumes.
- 1803 F. Culture and pests of field peas.
- 91 L. Kudzu, a forage crop for the Southeast.
- 100 L. Lespedeza.
- 104 L. Crested wheatgrass.
- 114 L. Vine-mesquite for erosion control on Southwestern ranges.
- 115 L. Timothy seed production.

### Hay—Haymaking.

- \*977 F. Hay caps.
- 990 F. Timothy.
- 1525 F. Effective haying equipment and practices for northern Great Plains and intermountain regions.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.



- 1615 F. Hay stackers and their use.
- 1770 F. High grade timothy and clover hay.
- 72 L. Measuring hay in stacks.
- 99 L. Huron timothy.

### Health—Sanitation—Rural Sociology.

- 450 F. Some facts about malaria.
- 602 F. Production of clean milk.
- 954 F. Disinfection of stables.
- 1173 F. Plans of rural community buildings.
- 1227 F. Sewage and sewerage of farm homes.
- 1245 F. Farmers' telephone companies, organization, financing, and management.
- 1325 F. Social aspects of rural planning.
- 1388 F. Rural planning: Social aspects of recreation places.
- 1441 F. Rural planning—the village.
- \*1559 F. Rural libraries.
- 1622 F. Rural buildings for business and social uses.
- 1667 F. Rural community fire departments.
- 1792 F. Hospitals for rural communities.
- 34 L. Trichinosis: A disease caused by eating raw pork.
- 95 L. How to control ragweed, the principal cause of autumn hay fever.

### Hogs.

- 1186 F. Pork on the farm. Killing, curing, and canning.
- 1263 F. Breeds of swine.
- 1357 F. Castration of hogs.
- 1455 F. Fitting, showing, and judging hogs.
- 1487 F. Practical hog houses.
- 1490 F. Hog-lot equipment.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding of sows and litters.

### Home Economics (See also Foods—Nutrition—Canning, etc.).

- \*927 F. Farm home conveniences.
- 1157 F. Waterproofing and mildew proofing cotton duck.
- 1219 F. Floors and floor coverings.
- 1374 F. Care of food in the home.
- 1449 F. Selection of cotton fabrics.
- 1474 F. Stain removal from fabrics: Home methods.
- 1497 F. Methods and equipment for home laundering.
- 1513 F. Convenient kitchens.
- 1530 F. Fitting dresses and blouses.
- 1553 F. Planning and recording family expenditures.
- 1633 F. Window curtaining.
- 1765 F. Guides for buying sheets, blankets, and bath towels.
- 1778 F. Fabrics and designs for children's clothes.
- 1786 F. Fireproofing fabrics.
- 76 L. Slip covers.
- \*79 L. Rompers.
- 105 L. Quality guides in buying ready-made dresses.
- 117 L. Quality guides in buying women's cloth coats.

### Horses—Mules.

- 619 F. Breeds of draft horses.
- 779 F. How to select a sound horse.
- 803 F. Horse-breeding suggestions for farmers.
- 952 F. Breeds of light horses.
- 1030 F. Feeding horses.
- \*1298 F. Cost of using horses on Corn-Belt farms.
- 1341 F. Mule production.
- 1368 F. Breaking and training colts.
- 1419 F. Care and management of farm work horses.
- 1535 F. Farm horseshoeing.

### Insecticides — Fungicides — Disinfectants.

- 799 F. Carbon disulphide as an insecticide.
- 926 F. Some common disinfectants.
- 954 F. Disinfection of stables.
- 994 F. Commercial bordeaux mixtures. How to calculate their value.
- 1285 F. Lime-sulphur concentrates, preparation, uses, and designs for plants.
- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.

### Insects: Animal—Poultry.

- 798 F. Sheep tick and its eradication by dipping.
- 801 F. Mites and lice on poultry.
- 909 F. Cattle lice and their eradication.
- 980 F. Spinose ear tick, and methods of treating infested animals.
- 1057 F. Cattle-fever ticks, and methods of eradication.
- 1070 F. The fowl tick and how premises may be freed from it.
- 1085 F. Hog lice and hog mange. Methods of control and eradication.
- 1097 F. Stable fly: How to prevent its annoyance and its losses to live stock.
- 1330 F. Parasites and parasitic diseases of sheep.
- 1503 F. Horse bots and their control.
- 1596 F. Cattle grubs or heel flies with suggestions for their control.
- 1625 F. Tick fever.
- 1652 F. Diseases and parasites of poultry. 10¢.
- 5 L. Prevention of round worms in pigs.
- 13 L. Sheep and goat lice, methods of control and eradication.
- 89 L. Controlling stomach worms in sheep and lambs.
- 152 L. How to control fleas.
- 162 L. Screwworm control.

### Insects: Berries—Fruits—Nuts.

- \*650 F. San Jose scale and its control.
- 675 F. The round-headed apple-tree borer.
- \*723 F. Oyster-shell scale and scurfy scale.
- \*860 F. Cranberry insect problems and suggestions for solving them.
- \*933 F. Spraying for the control of insects and mites attacking citrus trees in Florida.
- \*1011 F. The woolly white fly in Florida citrus groves.
- 1065 F. The flat-headed apple-tree borer.
- 1128 F. Control of aphids injurious to orchard fruits, currant, gooseberry, and grape.
- 1246 F. The peach borer. How to prevent or lessen its ravages. The paradichlorobenzene treatment.
- 1257 F. Insects injurious to mango in Florida and how to combat them.
- 1261 F. Avocado: Its insect enemies and how to combat them.
- \*1286 F. Red-necked raspberry cane borer.
- \*1309 F. Control of the common mealy bug on citrus in California.
- \*1321 F. Fumigation of citrus trees for control of insect pests.
- 1326 F. Control of codling moth in Pacific Northwest.
- 1557 F. Insects attacking the peach in the South and how to control them.
- 1654 F. Insects of the pecan and how to combat them.
- 161 L. The eastern tent caterpillar.

### Insects: Fiber—Forage—Grain Crops.

- 731 F. True army worm and its control.
- 739 F. Cutworms and their control in corn and other cereal crops.
- 752 F. Fall army worm, or "grassworm," and its control.
- \*762 F. False chinch bug and measures for controlling it.
- 831 F. The red spider on cotton and how to control it.
- 835 F. How to detect insect outbreaks and save grain crops.
- 875 F. Rough-headed cornstalk beetle in Southern States and its control.
- 891 F. Corn-root aphid and methods of controlling it.
- \*915 F. How to reduce weevil waste in southern corn.
- 944 F. Controlling the garden webworm in alfalfa fields.
- 971 F. Control of clover-flower midge.
- 982 F. Control of the green clover worm in alfalfa fields.
- 1003 F. How to control billbugs destructive to cereal and forage crops.
- 1006 F. The wheat jointworm and its control.
- 1025 F. The larger cornstalk-borer.
- 1094 F. The alfalfa caterpillar.



- \*1156 F. Angoumois grain moth.
- \*1206 F. Corn earworm as an enemy of vetch.
- 1217 F. Green-bug or spring aphid: How to prevent its periodical outbreak.
- 1258 F. Webworms injurious to cereal and forage crops and their control.
- 1260 F. Stored-grain pests.
- 1323 F. The wheat strawworm and its control.
- 1483 F. Control of insect pests in stored grain.
- 1484 F. The clover leaf weevil and its control.
- \*1528 F. The control of the alfalfa weevil.
- 1543 F. Insects injurious to the rice crop.
- 1648 F. European corn borer, present status and methods of control.
- 1566 F. Sorghum midge, with control suggestions.
- \*1595 F. Bollworm or corn earworm as a cotton pest.
- 1607 F. The nematode disease of wheat and rye.
- 1627 F. The Hessian fly and how losses from it can be avoided.
- 1642 F. Chalcid control in alfalfa-seed production.
- 1651 F. Corn earworm as an enemy of field corn in the Eastern States.
- 1657 F. The Great Basin wireworm in the Pacific Northwest.
- 1662 F. Husker-shredders in corn-borer control.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to meet corn-borer conditions.
- 1688 F. Insect enemies of the cotton plant.
- 1691 F. How to control grasshoppers in cereal and forage crops.
- 1780 F. How to fight the chinch bug.
- 1798 F. Control of common white grubs in cereal and forage crops.
- 1803 F. Culture and pests of field peas.
- \*12 L. The striped blister beetle on soybeans.
- \*37 L. Poisoning the cotton boll weevil.
- \*53 L. Cotton-louse control.

#### **Insects: Flowers—Vegetables—Miscellaneous.**

- \*837 F. Asparagus beetles and their control.
- \*846 F. Tobacco beetle and how to prevent damage by it.
- 959 F. Spotted garden slug.
- 1252 F. Sawflies injurious to rose foliage.
- \*1275 F. Weevils in beans and peas.
- \*1306 F. Insect enemies of chrysanthemums.
- \*1362 F. Insects injurious to ornamental greenhouse plants. 10¢.
- 1371 F. Diseases and insects of garden vegetables. 10¢.
- \*1425 F. The tobacco flea-beetle in dark fire-cured tobacco districts of Kentucky and Tennessee. 10¢.
- 1489 F. Green June beetle larva in tobacco beds.
- 1494 F. Tobacco cutworms and their control.
- 1495 F. Insect enemies of the flower garden.
- 1499 F. The melon aphid and its control.
- 1514 F. Control of sugar-beet nematode by crop rotation.
- 1531 F. Tobacco budworm and its control Georgia and Florida tobacco-growing region.
- 1561 F. Puerto Rican mole cricket.
- 1569 F. Earthworms as pests and otherwise.
- 1582 F. Protection of log cabins, rustic work, and unseasoned wood from injurious insects.
- \*1595 F. Bollworm or corn earworm as a cotton pest.
- 1624 F. Mexican bean beetle in the East and its control.
- 1668 F. The red harvester ant and how to subdue it.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to corn-borer conditions.
- 1688 F. Insect enemies of the cotton plant.
- 1712 F. The harlequin bug and its control.
- 1798 F. Control of common white grubs in cereal and forage crops.
- 2 L. Cutworms in the garden.
- 121 L. The sweetpotato weevil and how to control it.

#### **Insects: Forest and Shade Trees.**

- 701 F. The bagworm: An injurious shade-tree insect.
- 705 F. The catalpa sphinx.
- 763 F. Orchard bark beetles and pinhole borers and how to control them.
- \*1076 F. California oak worm.

- 1169 F. Insects injurious to deciduous shade trees and their control. 10¢.
- 1259 F. Sawfly injurious to young pines.
- 1477 F. Preventing damage by *Lyctus* powder-post beetles.
- 1586 F. The southern pine beetle: A serious enemy of pines in the South.
- 161 L. The eastern tent caterpillar.

#### **Insects: Household.**

- 627 F. House centipede.
- 734 F. Flytraps and their operation.
- \*1101 F. Argentine ant as a household pest.
- \*1354 F. Yellow-fever mosquito.
- 1408 F. House fly and how to suppress it.
- 1472 F. Preventing damage by termites or white ants.
- 1570 F. Mosquito remedies and preventives.
- \*1670 F. Hydrocyanic acid gas as a fumigant for destroying household insects.
- 101 L. Injury to buildings by termites.
- 144 L. Cockroaches and their control.
- 145 L. Clothes moths.
- 146 L. Bedbugs.
- 147 L. House ants.
- 149 L. Silverfish.
- 150 L. Carpet beetles.
- 152 L. How to control fleas.

#### **Irrigation.**

- 864 F. Practical information for beginners in irrigation.
- 1243 F. Border method of irrigation.
- 1348 F. Corrugation method of irrigation.
- 1404 F. Pumping from wells for irrigation.
- 1518 F. Orchard irrigation.
- 1529 F. Spray irrigation in Eastern States.
- 1556 F. Irrigation of small grains.
- \*1630 F. Irrigation practices in growing alfalfa.
- 1635 F. Surface irrigation in the Eastern States.
- 1683 F. Measuring water in irrigation channels.
- 1703 F. Reservoirs for farm use.

#### **Lands.**

- 1088 F. Selecting a farm.
- 1132 F. Planning the farmstead.
- 1526 F. Clearing land of brush and stumps.
- 1733 F. Planning a subsistence homestead.

#### **Leather—Hides—Tanning.**

- 1055 F. Country hides and skins: Skinning, curing, marketing. 10¢.
- 1334 F. Home tanning of leather and small fur skins.
- 1523 F. Leather shoes: Selection and care.
- 69 L. Preservation of leather bookbindings.

#### **Livestock (See also Specific Animal).**

- 1167 F. Essentials of animal breeding.
- 1179 F. Feeding cottonseed products to livestock.
- 1428 F. Saving livestock from starvation on southwestern ranges.
- 1721 F. Determining the age of farm animals by their teeth.
- 1753 F. Livestock for small farms.
- 1 L. Ways to save young livestock.
- 38 L. Maintaining the health of livestock in transit.
- 88 L. Poisoning of livestock by plants that produce hydrocyanic acid.

#### **Marketing—Markets—Market Studies.**

- \*1050 F. Handling and loading southern new potatoes.
- \*1091 F. Protection of potatoes from cold in transit—lining and loading cars.
- 1210 F. Measuring and marketing farm timber.
- \*1232 F. Seed marketing hints for the farmer.
- 1291 F. Preparation of fresh tomatoes for market.
- \*1308 F. Marketing the cowpea-seed crop.
- 1877 F. Marketing poultry.
- \*1378 F. Marketing eggs.
- 1423 F. Preparation of cabbage for market.
- 1457 F. Packing apples in boxes.
- 1459 F. Selling black-walnut timber.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- 1551 F. Marketing farm produce by parcel post.



- 1558 F. Preparation of eastern grapes for market.
- 1560 F. Preparing strawberries for market.
- 1574 F. Preparing Johnson hay for market in the Black Prairie Belt of Alabama and Mississippi.
- 1578 F. Marketing late-crop potatoes.
- \*1579 F. Containers used in shipping fruits and vegetables.
- 1594 F. Preparation of bunched beets, carrots, and turnips for market.
- 1694 F. Dressing and packing turkeys for market.
- 1695 F. Preparing apples for market in barrels and boxes.
- 1700 F. Marketing hay by modern methods.
- 1702 F. Preparing peaches for market.
- 1770 F. High grade timothy and clover hay.
- 1796 F. Handling and preparing the Kieffer pear for use as food.
- 1805 F. Grading wool.
- 67 L. Beef grading and stamping service.
- 68 L. Roadside markets.
- 73 L. Is the public market a good civic investment?
- 92 L. Preparing wool for market.
- 122 L. U. S. graded and stamped meat.
- 123 L. The farmer's share of the consumer's dollar.
- 156 L. Harvesting and selling seed of southern pines.

#### Melons.

- 1394 F. Watermelons.
- 1468 F. Muskmelons.
- 1499 F. The melon aphid and its control.

#### Mushrooms.

- 1587 F. Mushroom culture for amateurs.

#### Nuts.

- 1392 F. Black walnut for timber and nuts.
- 1501 F. Nut-tree propagation.
- 1656 F. Peanut growing.
- 71 L. Fertilizers for pecan soils.
- 84 L. Planting black walnut.

#### Oats.

- 1581 F. Oats in the North Central States.
- 1583 F. Spring-sown red oats.
- 1611 F. Oats in the western half of the United States.
- 1640 F. Fall-sown oat production.
- 1659 F. Oats [spring] in the Northeastern States.

#### Plants: Breeding—Propagation—Pruning.

- 157 F. Propagation of plants.
- 1369 F. Bridge grafting.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1743 F. Hotbeds and coldframes.

#### Plants—Herbs (Medicinal).

- 304 F. Growing and curing hops.
- 613 F. Goldenseal under cultivation.
- 663 F. Drug plants under cultivation.
- 1184 F. Ginseng culture.
- 1231 F. Drying crude drugs.
- 1555 F. Peppermint and spearmint as farm crops.

#### Plants—Poisonous.

- 988 F. Larkspur or "poison weed."
- 1054 F. The loco-weed disease.
- 1166 F. Poison ivy and poison sumac, and their eradication.
- 1273 F. Stock-poisoning death camas.
- 88 L. Poisoning of livestock by plants that produce hydrocyanic acid.
- 95 L. How to control ragweed, the principal cause of autumn hay fever.

#### Potatoes: Irish—Sweet.

- 847 F. Potato storage and storage houses.
- 999 F. Sweetpotato growing.
- 1064 F. Production of late or main-crop potatoes.
- 1205 F. Potato production in the South.
- 1267 F. Utilization of flue-heated tobacco barns for sweetpotato storage.
- 1332 F. Seed potatoes and how to produce them.
- 1436 F. Why potatoes run out.
- 1442 F. Storage of sweetpotatoes.

- \*1639 F. Potato production in the far Western States.

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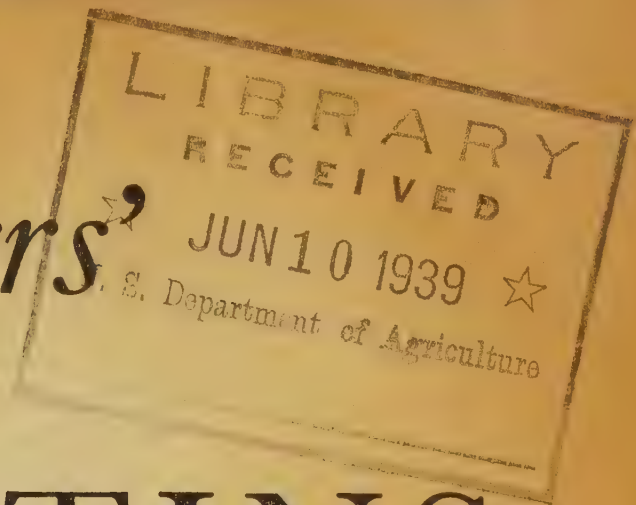
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- 123 L. The farmer's share of the consumer's dollar.
- 163 L. Legumes in soil conservation practices.
- 165 L. Soil-depleting, soil-conserving, and soil-building crops.

#### Feeds—Feeding.

- \*724 F. Feeding of grain sorghums to livestock.
- 1179 F. Feeding cottonseed products to livestock.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding sows and litters.
- 1549 F. Feeding cattle for beef.
- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1626 F. Feeding dairy cows.
- 1699 F. Growing root crops for livestock.
- 1718 F. Important sugar-beet byproducts and their utilization.
- 1723 F. Feeding, care, and management of young dairy stock.
- 1732 F. Growing barley for malt and feed.
- 1764 F. Growing and feeding grain sorghums.
- 1783 F. Feeding wildlife in winter.

#### Fertilizers.

- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manure in the Cotton Belt.
- 1750 F. Summer crops for green manure and soil improvement.
- 1784 F. Nitrogen-fixing bacteria and legumes.
- 1801 F. Making lime on the farm.
- 70 L. Home mixing fertilizers.
- 71 L. Fertilizers for pecan soils.

#### Fire Hazards—Dust Explosions.

- 1512 F. Protection from lightning.
- 1590 F. Fire-protective construction on the farm.
- \*1643 F. Fire safeguards for the farm.
- 1667 F. Rural community fire departments.
- 1786 F. Fireproofing fabrics.
- \*44 L. Fires on farms.

#### Flax—Flaxseed.

- 1650 F. Flaxseed production by power farming methods in northern Great Plains.
- 1728 F. Flax-fiber production.
- 1747 F. Flaxseed production in the North Central States.
- 1793 F. Flaxseed production in the far Western States.

#### Flowers—Shrubs—Lawns.

- 750 F. Roses for the home.
- 1087 F. Beautifying the farmstead.
- 1171 F. Growing annual flowering plants.
- 1311 F. Chrysanthemums for the home.
- 1370 F. Dahlias for the home.
- 1381 F. Herbaceous perennials. 10¢.
- 1406 F. Garden irises.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1677 F. Planting and care of lawns.
- 90 L. Rockeries.

#### Foods—Nutrition (See also Canning).

- 960 F. Neufchatel and cream cheese: Farm manufacture and use.
- \*1082 F. Home supplies furnished by the farm.
- 1236 F. Corn and its uses as food.
- 1264 F. Farm manufacture of unfermented apple juice. 10¢.
- 1374 F. Care of food in the home.
- 1424 F. Making vinegar in the home and on the farm.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1674 F. Food for children.
- 1705 F. Milk for the family.
- 1734 F. Making American cheese on the farm for home consumption.
- 1757 F. Diets to fit the family income.
- 1762 F. Home canning of fruits, vegetables, and meats.
- 1775 F. Homemade bread, cake and pastry.
- 1800 F. Homemade jellies and preserves.
- \*17 L. Cooking beef according to the cut.
- \*28 L. Lamb as you like it.
- 34 L. Trichinosis: A disease caused by eating raw pork.
- 39 L. Eggs at any meal.
- 42 L. Good food habits for children.
- 45 L. Pork in preferred ways.
- 48 L. Reindeer recipes.
- 49 L. Ice creams frozen without stirring.
- \*66 L. Rabbit recipes.
- 74 L. Boning lamb cuts.
- 81 L. Cooking cured pork.
- 112 L. Cooking American varieties of rice.
- 113 L. Honey and some of its uses.
- 166 L. Soybeans for the table.
- 177 L. The pasteurization of milk.

#### Forestry—Forest Products.

- \*622 F. Basket willow culture.
- \*1071 F. Making woodlands profitable in Southern States.
- 1117 F. Forestry and farm income.
- 1123 F. Growing and planting hardwood seedlings on the farm.
- 1177 F. Care and improvement of the farm woods. 10¢.
- \*1208 F. Trees for town and city streets.
- 1209 F. Planting and care of street trees.
- 1210 F. Measuring and marketing farm timber.
- \*1256 F. Slash pine.
- 1392 F. Black walnut for timber and nuts.
- 1405 F. Windbreak as a farm asset.
- 1453 F. Growing and planting coniferous trees on the farm.
- 1459 F. Selling black walnut timber.
- \*1482 F. Trees for roadside planting.
- 1486 F. Long-leaf pine primer.
- 1492 F. Arbor Day: Its purpose and observance.
- 1517 F. Loblolly pine primer.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1628 F. Growing black locust trees.
- 1660 F. The uses of logs and poles in farm construction.
- 1671 F. Shortleaf pine.
- 1680 F. Farmers in Northern States grow timber as a money crop.
- 1693 F. Growing Christmas holly on the farm.
- 1726 F. Treatment and care of tree wounds.
- 1756 F. Selection of lumber for farm and home.
- 1782 F. Indicators of southwestern range conditions. 10¢.
- 1794 F. Forest farming.
- 29 L. Farm woods. A savings bank paying interest.
- 30 L. Cutting the farm woods "profitwise."
- 40 L. Woods burning in the South.



- 41 L. Good naval-stores practice.
- 55 L. Small trees wasteful to cut for saw timber.
- 57 L. Pulp-wood crops in the Northeast.
- 62 L. Why some wood surfaces hold paint longer than others.
- 83 L. More turpentine, less scar, better pine.
- 84 L. Planting black walnut.
- 86 L. Protect hardwood stands from grazing.
- 153 L. How to cut Southern farm timber for steady profit.
- 155 L. Growing nursery stock for southern pines.
- 156 L. Harvesting and selling seed of southern pines.
- 159 L. Planting southern pines.
- 168 L. Dual-purpose pines.

#### **Fruits** (See also specific crop.)

- 471 F. Grape propagation, pruning, and training.
- 685 F. The native persimmon.
- 727 F. Growing fruit for home use in the Great Plains area.
- 776 F. Growing cherries east of Rocky Mountains.
- 794 F. Citrus-fruit improvement. How to secure and use tree-performance records.
- 917 F. Growing peaches: Sites and cultural methods.
- \*918 F. Peach varieties and their classification.
- 1001 F. Growing fruit for home use. 10¢.
- 1031 F. Fig growing in the South Atlantic and Gulf States.
- 1204 F. Northwestern apple packing houses.
- 1249 F. Olive growing in the Southwestern United States.
- 1284 F. Apple orchard renovation.
- 1333 F. Pruning citrus trees in the Southwest.
- 1343 F. Culture of citrus fruits in the Gulf States.
- 1360 F. Apple growing east of the Mississippi River. 10¢.
- 1372 F. Plum and prune growing in the Pacific States. 10¢.
- 1447 F. Citrus fruit growing in the Southwest.
- 1454 F. Home utilization of muscadine grapes.
- 1522 F. Home fruit garden on northern Great Plains.
- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.
- 1689 F. Grape districts and varieties in the United States.
- 1696 F. Deciduous-fruit improvement through tree-performance records.
- 1739 F. Pear growing in the Pacific Coast States.
- 1746 F. Subsistence farm gardens.
- 1752 F. Spray-residue removal from apples and other fruits.
- 1763 F. Harvesting and handling citrus fruits in the Gulf States.
- 1785 F. Muscadine grapes.
- 1796 F. Handling and preparing the Kieffer pear for use as food.
- 158 L. Quince growing.
- 170 L. Date growing in the United States.
- 172 L. Why fruit trees fail to bear.
- 173 L. The bud-graft method of propagating vinifera grape varieties on rootstocks.
- 178 L. Dwarf fruits.
- 179 L. The native papaw.

#### **Fur-Bearing Animals.**

- \*587 F. Economic value of North American skunks.
- \*869 F. Muskrat as fur bearer: With notes on its use as food.
- 1568 F. Rabbit parasites and diseases.
- 1598 F. Mountain beavers in the Pacific Northwest: Their habits, economic status, and control.
- 1716 F. Mole control.
- 1730 F. Rabbit production.
- 1768 F. Trapping and transplanting live beavers.
- 1777 F. Diseases of fur animals.
- 47 L. Hygiene in fox farming.

#### **Game: Propagation—Protection.**

- 497 F. Some common game, aquatic, and rapacious birds in relation to man.
- 1612 F. Propagation of aquatic game birds.
- \*1613 F. Propagation of upland game birds.
- 1719 F. Improving the farm environment for wild life.
- 1759 F. Game management on the farm.

- 1768 F. Trapping and transplanting live beavers.
- 1777 F. Diseases of fur animals.
- 1781 F. Diseases of upland game birds.
- 1783 F. Feeding wildlife in winter.
- 1788 F. Wildlife conservation through erosion control in the Piedmont.

#### **Gardening: Home—School.**

- 879 F. Home storage of vegetables.
- 1044 F. The city home garden.
- 1242 F. Permanent fruit and vegetable gardens.
- 1390 F. Vegetable seeds for the home and market garden.
- 1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10¢.
- 1746 F. Subsistence farm gardens.

#### **Gardening: Truck—Greenhouse** (See also specific crop).

- \*232 F. Okra; Its culture and uses.
- \*354 F. Onion culture.
- 434 F. The home production of onion seed and sets.
- 1253 F. Seed peas for the canner.
- 1320 F. The production of cucumbers in greenhouses.
- 1338 F. Tomatoes as a truck crop.
- 1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- \*1418 F. Lettuce growing in greenhouses.
- \*1509 F. Bean growing in northern Idaho, eastern Washington, and eastern Oregon.
- 1563 F. Cucumber growing.
- 1609 F. Lettuce growing.
- 1620 F. Growing cucumbers for pickling.
- 1646 F. Asparagus growing.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10¢.
- 1743 F. Hotbeds and coldframes.
- 116 L. Growing the Jerusalem artichoke.
- 125 L. Production of carrots.
- 126 L. Rhubarb production.
- 127 L. The culture of table beets.
- 128 L. Production of spinach.
- 129 L. Production and preparation of horseradish.
- 130 L. Cauliflower and heading broccoli production.
- 131 L. Production of eggplant.
- 133 L. Production of chicory and endive.
- 134 L. Production of water cress.
- 135 L. Production of salsify or vegetable-oyster.
- 136 L. Production of parsley.
- 137 L. Rhubarb forcing.
- 138 L. Production of garlic.
- 139 L. Production of roselle.
- 140 L. Production of peppers.
- 141 L. Production of pumpkins and squashes.
- 142 L. Production of turnips and rutabagas.
- 143 L. Production of kale.
- 154 L. Production of parsnips.
- 157 L. Production of radishes.

#### **Grains** (See also specific crop).

- \*786 F. Fall-sown grains in Maryland and Virginia.
- \*1103 F. Growing irrigated grain in southern Idaho.
- \*1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1162 F. Proso or hog millet.
- 1429 F. Emmer and spelt.
- \*1542 F. Cleaning grain on farms and in country elevators.
- \*1577 F. Harvesting grain sorghums.
- 1636 F. Farm bulk storage of small grains.
- 1732 F. Growing barley for malt and feed.
- 1761 F. Harvesting with combines.
- 1764 F. Growing and feeding grain sorghums. 10¢.

#### **Grasses — Grazing — Forage Crops — Legumes** (See also specific crop).

- \*945 F. Eradication of Bermuda grass.
- 990 F. Timothy.
- \*1125 F. Forage for the Cotton Belt, 1920.
- 1126 F. Sudan grass.
- 1148 F. Cowpeas: Culture and varieties.
- 1151 F. Alsike clover.
- 1153 F. Cowpeas: Utilization.
- \*1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1254 F. Important cultivated grasses.
- 1276 F. Velvet bean.
- 1433 F. Cultivated grasses of secondary importance.



- 1511 F. Forage crops and their culture in northern Nebraska and the Dakotas.
- 1520 F. Soybeans: Culture and varieties.
- 1537 F. Johnson grass as a weed.
- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1602 F. Reed canary grass.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1631 F. Broomcorn growing and handling.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manuring in the Cotton Belt.
- 1724 F. Farm practice with lespedeza.
- 1740 F. Vetch culture and uses.
- 1750 F. Summer crops for green manure and soil improvement.
- 1760 F. The use of bluegrass sod in the control of soil erosion.
- 1782 F. Indicators of southwestern range conditions. 10¢.
- 1784 F. Nitrogen-fixing bacteria and legumes.
- 1803 F. Culture and pests of field peas.
- 91 L. Kudzu, a forage crop for the Southeast.
- \*100 L. Lespedeza.
- 104 L. Crested wheatgrass.
- 114 L. Vine-mesquite for erosion control on Southwestern ranges.
- 115 L. Timothy seed production.
- 163 L. Legumes in soil conservation practices.
- 171 L. The timothy crop.
- 180 L. How to keep and increase black grama on southwestern ranges.

#### Hay—Haymaking.

- 990 F. Timothy.
- 1525 F. Effective haying equipment and practices for northern Great Plains and intermountain regions.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.
- 1615 F. Hay stackers and their use.
- 1770 F. High grade timothy and clover hay.
- 72 L. Measuring hay in stacks.
- 99 L. Huron timothy.

#### Health—Sanitation—Rural Sociology.

- \*450 F. Some facts about malaria.
- 602 F. Production of clean milk.
- 954 F. Disinfection of stables.
- 1227 F. Sewage and sewerage of farm homes.
- \*1245 F. Farmers' telephone companies, organization, financing, and management.
- \*1325 F. Social aspects of rural planning.
- \*1388 F. Rural planning: Social aspects of recreation places.
- 1441 F. Rural planning—the village.
- \*1559 F. Rural libraries.
- \*1622 F. Rural buildings for business and social uses.
- 1667 F. Rural community fire departments.
- 1792 F. Hospitals for rural communities.
- 1804 F. Community buildings for farm families.
- 34 L. Trichinosis: A disease caused by eating raw pork.
- 95 L. How to control ragweed, the principal cause of autumn hay fever.

#### Hogs.

- 1186 F. Pork on the farm. Killing, curing, and canning.
- 1263 F. Breeds of swine.
- 1357 F. Castration of hogs.
- 1437 F. Swine production.
- \*1455 F. Fitting, showing, and judging hogs.
- 1487 F. Practical hog houses.
- 1490 F. Hog-lot equipment.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding of sows and litters.

#### Home Economics (See also Foods—Nutrition—Canning, etc.).

- \*927 F. Farm home conveniences.
- 1157 F. Waterproofing and mildew proofing cotton duck.
- 1374 F. Care of food in the home.
- 1449 F. Selection of cotton fabrics.

- 1474 F. Stain removal from fabrics: Home methods.
- 1497 F. Methods and equipment for home laundering.
- 1513 F. Convenient kitchens.
- 1530 F. Fitting dresses and blouses.
- 1553 F. Planning and recording family expenditures.
- 1633 F. Window curtaining.
- 1765 F. Guides for buying sheets, blankets, and bath towels.
- 1778 F. Fabrics and designs for children's clothes.
- 1786 F. Fireproofing fabrics.
- 76 L. Slip covers.
- 105 L. Quality guides in buying ready-made dresses.
- 117 L. Quality guides in buying women's cloth coats.

#### Horses—Mules.

- 619 F. Breeds of draft horses.
- 779 F. How to select a sound horse.
- 803 F. Horse-breeding suggestions for farmers.
- 952 F. Breeds of light horses.
- 1030 F. Feeding horses.
- \*1298 F. Cost of using horses on Corn-Belt farms.
- 1341 F. Mule production.
- 1368 F. Breaking and training colts.
- 1419 F. Care and management of farm work horses.
- 1535 F. Farm horseshoeing.

#### Insecticides — Fungicides — Disinfectants.

- 799 F. Carbon disulphide as an insecticide.
- 926 F. Some common disinfectants.
- 954 F. Disinfection of stables.
- 994 F. Commercial bordeaux mixtures. How to calculate their value.
- 1285 F. Lime-sulphur concentrates, preparation, uses, and designs for plants.
- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.

#### Insects: Animal—Poultry.

- 798 F. Sheep tick and its eradication by dipping.
- 801 F. Mites and lice on poultry.
- 909 F. Cattle lice and their eradication.
- 980 F. Spinose ear tick, and methods of treating infested animals.
- 1057 F. Cattle-fever ticks, and methods of eradication.
- \*1070 F. The fowl tick and how premises may be freed from it.
- 1085 F. Hog lice and hog mange. Methods of control and eradication.
- 1097 F. Stable fly: How to prevent its annoyance and its losses to live stock.
- 1330 F. Parasites and parasitic diseases of sheep.
- 1503 F. Horse bots and their control.
- 1596 F. Cattle grubs or heel flies with suggestions for their control.
- 1625 F. Tick fever.
- 1652 F. Diseases and parasites of poultry. 10¢.
- 5 L. Prevention of round worms in pigs.
- 13 L. Sheep and goat lice, methods of control and eradication.
- 89 L. Controlling stomach worms in sheep and lambs.
- 152 L. How to control fleas.
- 162 L. Screwworm control.

#### Insects: Berries—Fruits—Nuts.

- \*650 F. San Jose scale and its control.
- 675 F. The round-headed apple-tree borer.
- \*723 F. Oyster-shell scale and scurfy scale.
- \*860 F. Cranberry insect problems and suggestions for solving them.
- \*933 F. Spraying for the control of insects and mites attacking citrus trees in Florida.
- \*1011 F. The woolly white fly in Florida citrus groves.
- 1065 F. The flat-headed apple-tree borer.
- 1128 F. Control of aphids injurious to orchard fruits, currant, gooseberry, and grape.
- 1246 F. The peach borer. How to prevent or lessen its ravages. The paradichlorobenzene treatment.
- 1257 F. Insects injurious to mango in Florida and how to combat them.
- \*1261 F. Avocado: Its insect enemies and how to combat them.



- \*1286 F. Red-necked raspberry cane borer.
- \*1309 F. Control of the common mealy bug on citrus in California.
- \*1321 F. Fumigation of citrus trees for control of insect pests.
- 1326 F. Control of codling moth in Pacific Northwest.
- 1557 F. Insects attacking the peach in the South and how to control them.
- \*1654 F. Insects of the pecan and how to combat them.
- 161 L. The eastern tent caterpillar.

#### **Insects: Fiber—Forage—Grain Crops.**

- 731 F. True army worm and its control.
- 739 F. Cutworms and their control in corn and other cereal crops.
- 752 F. Fall army worm, or "grassworm," and its control.
- \*762 F. False chinch bug and measures for controlling it.
- 831 F. The red spider on cotton and how to control it.
- 835 F. How to detect insect outbreaks and save grain crops.
- 875 F. Rough-headed cornstalk beetle in Southern States and its control.
- 891 F. Corn-root aphid and methods of controlling it.
- \*915 F. How to reduce weevil waste in southern corn.
- 944 F. Controlling the garden webworm in alfalfa fields.
- 971 F. Control of clover-flower midge.
- 982 F. Control of the green clover worm in alfalfa fields.
- 1003 F. How to control billbugs destructive to cereal and forage crops.
- 1006 F. The wheat jointworm and its control.
- 1025 F. The larger cornstalk-borer.
- 1094 F. The alfalfa caterpillar.
- \*1156 F. Angoumois grain moth.
- \*1206 F. Corn earworm as an enemy of vetch.
- 1217 F. Green-bug or spring aphid: How to prevent its periodical outbreak.
- 1258 F. Webworms injurious to cereal and forage crops and their control.
- 1260 F. Stored-grain pests.
- 1323 F. The wheat strawworm and its control.
- 1483 F. Control of insect pests in stored grain.
- 1484 F. The clover leaf weevil and its control.
- \*1528 F. The control of the alfalfa weevil.
- 1543 F. Insects injurious to the rice crop.
- 1548 F. European corn borer, present status and methods of control.
- 1566 F. Sorghum midge, with control suggestions.
- 1607 F. The nematode disease of wheat and rye.
- 1627 F. The Hessian fly and how losses from it can be avoided.
- 1642 F. Chalcid control in alfalfa-seed production.
- 1651 F. Corn earworm as an enemy of field corn in the Eastern States.
- 1657 F. The Great Basin wireworm in the Pacific Northwest.
- 1662 F. Husker-shredders in corn-borer control.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to meet corn-borer conditions.
- 1688 F. Insect enemies of the cotton plant.
- 1691 F. How to control grasshoppers in cereal and forage crops.
- 1780 F. How to fight the chinch bug.
- 1798 F. Control of common white grubs in cereal and forage crops.
- 1803 F. Culture and pests of field peas.
- 1811 F. Control of insects attacking grain in farm storage.
- \*12 L. The striped blister beetle on soybeans.

#### **Insects: Flowers — Vegetables — Miscellaneous.**

- \*837 F. Asparagus beetles and their control.
- \*846 F. Tobacco beetle and how to prevent damage by it.
- \*955 F. Spotted garden slug.
- 1252 F. Sawflies injurious to rose foliage.
- 1275 F. Weevils in beans and peas.
- \*1306 F. Insect enemies of chrysanthemums.
- \*1362 F. Insects injurious to ornamental greenhouse plants. 10¢.
- 1371 F. Diseases and insects of garden vegetables, 10¢.

- \*1425 F. The tobacco flea-beetle in dark fire-cured tobacco districts of Kentucky and Tennessee. 10¢.
- 1489 F. Green June beetle larva in tobacco beds.
- 1494 F. Tobacco cutworms and their control.
- 1495 F. Insect enemies of the flower garden.
- 1499 F. The melon aphid and its control.
- 1514 F. Control of sugar-beet nematode by crop rotation.
- \*1531 F. Tobacco budworm and its control in Georgia and Florida tobacco-growing region.
- 1561 F. Puerto Rican mole cricket.
- 1569 F. Earthworms as pests and otherwise.
- 1582 F. Protection of log cabins, rustic work, and unseasoned wood from injurious insects.
- 1624 F. Mexican bean beetle in the East and its control.
- 1668 F. The red harvester ant and how to subdue it.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to corn-borer conditions.
- 1688 F. Insect enemies of the cotton plant.
- 1712 F. The harlequin bug and its control.
- 1798 F. Control of common white grubs in cereal and forage crops.
- 2 L. Cutworms in the garden.
- 121 L. The sweetpotato weevil and how to control it.

#### **Insects: Forest and Shade Trees.**

- \*701 F. The bagworm: An injurious shade-tree insect.
- \*705 F. The catalpa sphinx.
- 763 F. Orchard bark beetles and pinhole borers and how to control them.
- \*1076 F. California oak worm.
- 1169 F. Insects injurious to deciduous shade trees and their control. 10¢.
- 1259 F. Sawfly injurious to young pines.
- 1477 F. Preventing damage by *Lyctus* powder-post beetles.
- 1586 F. The southern pine beetle: A serious enemy of pines in the South.
- 161 L. The eastern tent caterpillar.

#### **Insects: Household.**

- 627 F. House centipede.
- 734 F. Flytraps and their operation.
- \*1101 F. Argentine ant as a household pest.
- \*1354 F. Yellow-fever mosquito.
- \*1408 F. Housefly and how to suppress it.
- 1472 F. Preventing damage by termites or white ants.
- 1570 F. Mosquito remedies and preventives.
- \*1670 F. Hydrocyanic acid gas as a fumigant for destroying household insects.
- 101 L. Injury to buildings by termites.
- 144 L. Cockroaches and their control.
- 145 L. Clothes moths.
- 146 L. Bedbugs.
- 147 L. House ants.
- 149 L. Silverfish.
- 150 L. Carpet beetles.
- 152 L. How to control fleas.

#### **Irrigation.**

- 864 F. Practical information for beginners in irrigation.
- 1243 F. Border method of irrigation.
- 1348 F. Corrugation method of irrigation.
- 1404 F. Pumping from wells for irrigation.
- 1518 F. Orchard irrigation.
- \*1529 F. Spray irrigation in Eastern States.
- 1556 F. Irrigation of small grains.
- 1630 F. Irrigation practices in growing alfalfa.
- \*1635 F. Surface irrigation in the Eastern States.
- 1683 F. Measuring water in irrigation channels.
- 1703 F. Reservoirs for farm use.

#### **Lands.**

- 1088 F. Selecting a farm.
- \*1132 F. Planning the farmstead.
- 1526 F. Clearing land of brush and stumps.
- 1733 F. Planning a subsistence homestead.

#### **Leather—Hides—Tanning.**

- 1055 F. Country hides and skins: Skinning, curing, marketing. 10¢.
- 1334 F. Home tanning of leather and small fur skins.
- 1523 F. Leather shoes: Selection and care.
- 69 L. Preservation of leather bookbindings.



**Livestock** (*See also specific animal*).

- 1167 F. Essentials of animal breeding.
- 1179 F. Feeding cottonseed products to livestock.
- 1428 F. Saving livestock from starvation on southwestern ranges.
- 1721 F. Determining the age of farm animals by their teeth.
- 1753 F. Livestock for small farms.
  - 1 L. Ways to save young livestock.
- 38 L. Maintaining the health of livestock in transit.
- 88 L. Poisoning of livestock by plants that produce hydrocyanic acid.

**Marketing—Markets—Market Studies.**

- 1210 F. Measuring and marketing farm timber.
- \*1232 F. Seed marketing hints for the farmer.
- 1291 F. Preparation of fresh tomatoes for market.
- 1308 F. Marketing the cowpea-seed crop.
- 1377 F. Marketing poultry.
- 1378 F. Marketing eggs.
- 1423 F. Preparation of cabbage for market.
- 1457 F. Packing apples in boxes.
- 1459 F. Selling black-walnut timber.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- 1551 F. Marketing farm produce by parcel post.
- 1558 F. Preparation of eastern grapes for market.
- 1560 F. Preparing strawberries for market.
- 1574 F. Preparing Johnson hay for market in the Black Prairie Belt of Alabama and Mississippi.
- 1594 F. Preparation of bunched beets, carrots, and turnips for market.
- 1694 F. Dressing and packing turkeys for market.
- 1695 F. Preparing apples for market in barrels and boxes.
- 1700 F. Marketing hay by modern methods.
- 1702 F. Preparing peaches for market.
- 1770 F. High grade timothy and clover hay.
- 1796 F. Handling and preparing the Kieffer pear for use as food.
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  - 92 L. Preparing wool for market.
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**Melons.**

- 1394 F. Watermelons.
- 1468 F. Muskmelons.
- 1499 F. The melon aphid and its control.

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- 1587 F. Mushroom culture for amateurs.

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- 1392 F. Black walnut for timber and nuts.
- 1501 F. Nut-tree propagation.
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  - 71 L. Fertilizers for pecan soils.
  - 84 L. Planting black walnut.

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- 1583 F. Spring-sown red oats.
- 1611 F. Oats in the western half of the United States.
- 1640 F. Fall-sown oat production.
- 1659 F. Oats [spring] in the Northeastern States.

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- \*157 F. Propagation of plants.
- 1369 F. Bridge grafting.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1743 F. Hotbeds and coldframes.

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- 613 F. Goldenseal under cultivation.
- 663 F. Drug plants under cultivation.
- 1184 F. Ginseng culture.
- 1231 F. Drying crude drugs.
- 1555 F. Peppermint and spearmint as farm crops.

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- 1054 F. The loco-weed disease.
- 1166 F. Poison ivy and poison sumac, and their eradication.
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- 847 F. Potato storage and storage houses.
- 999 F. Sweetpotato growing.
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- 1397 F. Mouse control in field and orchard.
- 1533 F. Rat control.
- 1638 F. Rat-proofing buildings and premises.
- 1709 F. Pocket-gopher control.
- 1716 F. Mole control.
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- 109 L. Eliminating bats from buildings.
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- \*1358 F. Growing rye in western half of United States.
- 1607 F. Nematode disease of wheat and rye.

**Seeds—Seed Production** (*See also specific crop*).

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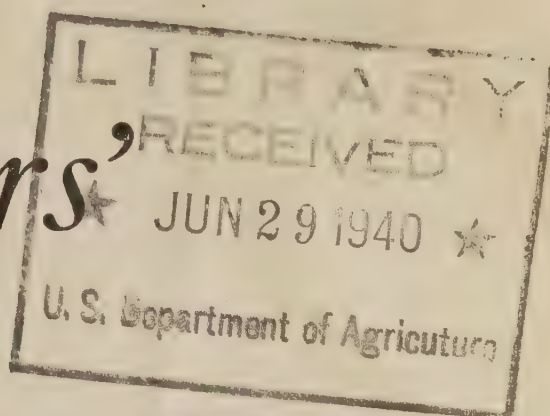
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- 1367 F. Control of potato-tuber diseases.
- 1371 F. Diseases and insects of garden vegetables. 10¢.
- 1398 F. Currants and gooseberries: Their culture and relation to white-pine blister rust.
- 1439 F. Disease of cabbage and related plants.
- 1547 F. Rose diseases: Their cause and control.
- 1692 F. Bean diseases and their control.
- 1735 F. Pea diseases and their control.
- 1799 F. Blue mold (downy mildew) disease of tobacco.
- 1827 F. Culture and diseases of delphiniums.
- 106 L. Prevent storage rots of sweetpotatoes.
- 174 L. Bean bacterial wilt.
- 175 L. Eradication of the cultivated black currant in white-pine regions.

**Dogs.**

- 1268 F. Sheep-killing dogs.
- 1491 F. Breeds of dogs.

**Drainage.**

- 805 F. Drainage of irrigated farms.
- \*815 F. Organization, financing, and administration of drainage districts.
- 1606 F. Farm drainage.

**Farm Management.**

- \*986 F. Farm practices that increase crop yields in the Gulf Coast region.
- \*1015 F. Producing family and farm supplies on the cotton farm.
- \*1082 F. Home supplies furnished by the farm.
- 1088 F. Selecting a farm.



- \*1117 F. Forestry and farm income.
- 1139 F. A method of analyzing the farm business.
- 1164 F. The farm lease contract.
- \*1545 F. Dry-farming methods and practices in wheat growing in the Columbia and Snake River Basins.
- 1546 F. Systems of livestock farming in the Black Prairie Belt of Alabama and Mississippi.
- 1553 F. Planning and recording family expenditures.
- 1562 F. Farm practices under corn-borer conditions.
- 1564 F. Farm budgeting.
- 1614 F. Business records for poultry keepers.
- 1662 F. Husker-shredders in corn-borer control.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manure in the Cotton Belt.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to meet corn-borer conditions.
- \*1724 F. Farm practice with lespedeza.
- 1725 F. Methods and costs of filling silos in the North Central States.
- 1733 F. Planning a subsistence homestead.
- 1750 F. Summer crops for green manure and soil improvement.
- 1758 F. Cover crops for soil conservation.
- 1767 F. Soil defense in the Piedmont. 15¢.
- 1771 F. Preventing soil blowing on the Southern Great Plains.
- 1773 F. Soil and water conservation in the Pacific Northwest. 10¢.
- \*1774 F. The farmer looks ahead.
- 1776 F. Strip cropping for soil conservation.
- 1782 F. Indicators of southwestern range conditions. 10¢.
- 1784 F. Nitrogen-fixing bacteria and legumes.
- 1789 F. Terracing for soil and water conservation. 10¢.
- 1790 F. The Nichols terrace: An improved channel-type terrace for the Southeast.
- 1794 F. Forest farming.
- 1795 F. Conserving Corn Belt soil. 15¢.
- 1797 F. Implements and methods of tillage to control soil blowing on the Northern Great Plains.
- 123 L. The farmer's share of the consumer's dollar.
- 163 L. Legumes in soil conservation practices.
- 165 L. Soil-depleting, soil-conserving, and soil-building crops.

#### Feeds—Feeding.

- \*724 F. Feeding of grain sorghums to livestock.
- 1179 F. Feeding cottonseed products to livestock.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding sows and litters.
- 1549 F. Feeding cattle for beef.
- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1626 F. Feeding dairy cows.
- 1699 F. Growing root crops for livestock.
- 1718 F. Important sugar-beet byproducts and their utilization.
- 1723 F. Feeding, care, and management of young dairy stock.
- 1732 F. Growing barley for malt and feed.
- 1764 F. Growing and feeding grain sorghums. 10¢.
- 1783 F. Feeding wildlife in winter.
- 1841 F. The feeding of chickens.

#### Fertilizers.

- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manure in the Cotton Belt.
- 1750 F. Summer crops for green manure and soil improvement.
- 1784 F. Nitrogen-fixing bacteria and legumes.
- 1801 F. Making lime on the farm.
- 70 L. Home mixing fertilizers.
- 71 L. Fertilizers for pecan soils.

#### Fire Hazards—Dust Explosions.

- 1512 F. Protection from lightning.
- 1590 F. Fire-protective construction on the farm.
- 1643 F. Fire safeguards for the farm.
- \*1667 F. Rural community fire departments.
- 1786 F. Fireproofing fabrics.
- \*44 L. Fires on farms.
- 193 L. Fireproofing Christmas trees.

#### Flax—Flaxseed.

- 1650 F. Flaxseed production by power farming methods in northern Great Plains.

- 1728 F. Flax-fiber production.
- 1747 F. Flaxseed production in the North Central States.
- 1793 F. Flaxseed production in the far Western States.

#### Flowers—Lawns—Shrubs—Trees.

- 750 F. Roses for the home.
- 1087 F. Beautifying the farmstead.
- 1171 F. Growing annual flowering plants. 10¢.
- 1311 F. Chrysanthemums for the home.
- 1370 F. Dahlias for the home.
- 1381 F. Herbaceous perennials. 10¢.
- 1406 F. Garden irises.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1677 F. Planting and care of lawns.
- 1826 F. Care of ornamental trees and shrubs. 10¢.
- 1827 F. Culture and diseases of delphiniums.
- 90 L. Rockeries.

#### Foods—Nutrition (See also Canning).

- 960 F. Neufchatel and cream cheese: Farm manufacture and use.
- \*1082 F. Home supplies furnished by the farm.
- 1236 F. Corn and its uses as food.
- 1264 F. Farm manufacture of unfermented apple juice. 10¢.
- 1424 F. Making vinegar in the home and on the farm.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1674 F. Food for children.
- 1705 F. Milk for the family.
- 1734 F. Making American cheese on the farm for home consumption.
- 1757 F. Diets to fit the family income.
- 1762 F. Home canning of fruits, vegetables, and meats.
- 1775 F. Homemade bread, cake and pastry.
- 1800 F. Homemade jellies and preserves.
- \*17 L. Cooking beef according to the cut.
- \*28 L. Lamb as you like it.
- 34 L. Trichinosis: A disease caused by eating raw pork.
- 39 L. Eggs at any meal.
- 42 L. Good food habits for children.
- 45 L. Pork in preferred ways.
- \*48 L. Reindeer recipes.
- 49 L. Ice creams frozen without stirring.
- \*66 L. Rabbit recipes.
- 74 L. Boning lamb cuts.
- 81 L. Cooking cured pork.
- 112 L. Cooking American varieties of rice.
- 113 L. Honey and some of its uses.
- 166 L. Soybeans for the table.
- 177 L. The pasteurization of milk.

#### Forestry—Forest Products.

- \*622 F. Basket willow culture.
- \*1117 F. Forestry and farm income.
- 1123 F. Growing and planting hardwood seedlings on the farm.
- 1177 F. Care and improvement of the farm woods. 10¢.
- \*1208 F. Trees for town and city streets.
- 1210 F. Measuring and marketing farm timber.
- \*1256 F. Slash pine. 10¢.
- 1392 F. Black walnut for timber and nuts.
- 1405 F. Windbreak as a farm asset.
- 1453 F. Growing and planting coniferous trees on the farm.
- 1459 F. Selling black walnut timber.
- \*1482 F. Trees for roadside planting.
- 1486 F. Long-leaf pine primer.
- 1492 F. Arbor Day: Its purpose and observance.
- 1517 F. Loblolly pine primer.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1591 F. Transplanting trees and shrubs.
- 1628 F. Growing black locust trees.
- 1660 F. The uses of logs and poles in farm construction.
- 1671 F. Shortleaf pine.
- 1680 F. Farmers in Northern States grow timber as a money crop.
- 1693 F. Growing Christmas holly on the farm.
- 1726 F. Treatment and care of tree wounds.
- 1756 F. Selection of lumber for farm and home.
- 1782 F. Indicators of southwestern range conditions. 10¢.
- 1794 F. Forest farming.



- 29 L. Farm woods: A savings bank paying interest.
- \*30 L. Cutting the farm woods "profitwise."
- \*40 L. Woods burning in the South.
- 41 L. Good naval-stores practice.
- \*55 L. Small trees wasteful to cut for saw timber.
- 57 L. Pulp-wood crops in the Northeast.
- 62 L. Why some wood surfaces hold paint longer than others.
- 83 L. More turpentine, less scar, better pine.
- 84 L. Planting black walnut.
- \*86 L. Protect hardwood stands from grazing.
- 153 L. How to cut Southern farm timber for steady profit.
- 155 L. Growing nursery stock for southern pines.
- 156 L. Harvesting and selling seed of southern pines.
- 159 L. Planting southern pines.
- 168 L. Dual-purpose pines.

#### Fruits (See also specific crop).

- 471 F. Grape propagation, pruning, and training.
- 685 F. The native persimmon.
- 727 F. Growing fruit for home use in the Great Plains area.
- 776 F. Growing cherries east of Rocky Mountains.
- 794 F. Citrus-fruit improvement: How to secure and use tree-performance records.
- 917 F. Growing peaches: Sites and cultural methods.
- \*918 F. Peach varieties and their classification.
- 1001 F. Growing fruit for home use. 10¢.
- 1031 F. Fig growing in the South Atlantic and Gulf States.
- 1204 F. Northwestern apple packing houses.
- 1249 F. Olive growing in the Southwestern United States.
- 1284 F. Apple orchard renovation.
- \*1333 F. Pruning citrus trees in the Southwest.
- 1343 F. Culture of citrus fruits in the Gulf States.
- 1360 F. Apple growing east of the Mississippi River. 10¢.
- 1372 F. Plum and prune growing in the Pacific States. 10¢.
- 1447 F. Citrus fruit growing in the Southwest.
- 1454 F. Home utilization of muscadine grapes.
- 1522 F. Home fruit garden on northern Great Plains.
- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.
- 1689 F. Grape districts and varieties in the United States.
- 1696 F. Deciduous fruit improvement through tree-performance records.
- 1739 F. Pear growing in the Pacific Coast States.
- 1746 F. Subsistence farm gardens.
- 1752 F. Spray-residue removal from apples and other fruits.
- 1763 F. Harvesting and handling citrus fruits in the Gulf States.
- 1785 F. Muscadine grapes.
- 1796 F. Handling and preparing the Kieffer pear for use as food.
- 158 L. Quince growing.
- 170 L. Date growing in the United States.
- 172 L. Why fruit trees fail to bear.
- 173 L. The bud-graft method of propagating vinifera grape varieties on rootstocks.
- 178 L. Dwarf fruits.
- 179 L. The native papaw.

#### Fur-Bearing Animals.

- \*587 F. Economic value of North American skunks.
- \*1568 F. Rabbit parasites and diseases.
- 1598 F. Mountain beavers in the Pacific Northwest: Their habits, economic status, and control.
- 1716 F. Mole control.
- 1730 F. Rabbit production. 10¢.
- 1768 F. Trapping and transplanting live beavers.
- 1777 F. Diseases of fur animals.
- 47 L. Hygiene in fox farming.

#### Game: Propagation—Protection.

- 497 F. Some common game, aquatic, and rapacious birds in relation to man.
- 1612 F. Propagation of aquatic game birds.
- \*1613 F. Propagation of upland game birds. 10¢.
- 1719 F. Improving the farm environment for wildlife.

- 1759 F. Game management on the farm.
- 1768 F. Trapping and transplanting live beavers.
- 1777 F. Diseases of fur animals.
- 1781 F. Diseases of upland game birds.
- 1783 F. Feeding wildlife in winter.
- 1788 F. Wildlife conservation through erosion control in the Piedmont.

#### Gardening: Home—School.

- 879 F. Home storage of vegetables.
- 1044 F. The city home garden.
- 1242 F. Permanent fruit and vegetable gardens.
- 1390 F. Vegetable seeds for the home and market garden.
- 1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10¢.
- 1746 F. Subsistence farm gardens.

#### Gardening: Truck—Greenhouse (See also specific crop).

- 232 F. Okra: Its culture and uses.
- 354 F. Onion culture.
- 434 F. The home production of onion seed and sets.
- 1253 F. Seed peas for the canner.
- 1320 F. The production of cucumbers in greenhouses.
- 1338 F. Tomatoes as a truck crop.
- 1396 F. The dasheen: A southern root crop for home use and market.
- 1418 F. Lettuce growing in greenhouses.
- \*1509 F. Bean growing in northern Idaho, eastern Washington, and eastern Oregon.
- 1563 F. Cucumber growing.
- \*1609 F. Lettuce growing.
- 1620 F. Growing cucumbers for pickling.
- 1646 F. Asparagus growing.
- 1673 F. The farm garden. 10¢.
- 1743 F. Hotbeds and coldframes.
- 116 L. Growing the Jerusalem artichoke.
- 125 L. Production of carrots.
- 126 L. Rhubarb production.
- 127 L. The culture of table beets.
- 128 L. Production of spinach.
- 129 L. Production and preparation of horseradish.
- 130 L. Cauliflower and heading broccoli production.
- 131 L. Production of eggplant.
- 133 L. Production of chicory and endive.
- 134 L. Production of water cress.
- 135 L. Production of salsify or vegetable-oyster.
- 136 L. Production of parsley.
- 137 L. Rhubarb forcing.
- 138 L. Production of garlic.
- 139 L. Production of roselle.
- 140 L. Production of peppers.
- 141 L. Production of pumpkins and squashes.
- 142 L. Production of turnips and rutabagas.
- 143 L. Production of kale.
- 154 L. Production of parsnips.
- 157 L. Production of radishes.

#### Grains (See also specific crop).

- \*1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1162 F. Proso or hog millet.
- 1429 F. Emmer and spelt.
- \*1542 F. Cleaning grain on farms and in country elevators.
- \*1577 F. Harvesting grain sorghums.
- 1636 F. Farm bulk storage of small grains.
- 1732 F. Growing barley for malt and feed.
- 1761 F. Harvesting with combines.
- 1764 F. Growing and feeding grain sorghums. 10¢.
- 1835 F. Growing buckwheat.

#### Grasses — Grazing — Forage Crops — Legumes (See also specific crop).

- 990 F. Timothy.
- 1126 F. Sudan grass.
- 1148 F. Cowpeas: Culture and varieties.
- 1151 F. Alsike clover.
- 1153 F. Cowpeas: Utilization.
- \*1158 F. Growing and utilizing sorghums for forage.
- 1254 F. Important cultivated grasses.
- 1276 F. Velvet bean.
- 1433 F. Cultivated grasses of secondary importance.
- \*1511 F. Forage crops and their culture in northern Nebraska and the Dakotas.
- 1520 F. Soybeans: Culture and varieties.
- 1537 F. Johnson grass as a weed.



- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1602 F. Reed canary grass.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.
- 1617 F. Soybean utilization.
- 1631 F. Broomcorn growing and handling.
- 1663 F. Winter legumes for green manuring in the Cotton Belt.
- \*1724 F. Farm practice with lespedeza.
- 1740 F. Vetch culture and uses.
- 1750 F. Summer crops for green manure and soil improvement.
- 1782 F. Indicators of southwestern range conditions. 10¢.
- 1784 F. Nitrogen-fixing bacteria and legumes.
- 1803 F. Culture and pests of field peas.
- 1812 F. Native and adapted grasses for conservation of soil and moisture in the Great Plains and Western States. 10¢.
- 1823 F. Reseeding range lands of the Intermountain region.
- 1847 F. Kudzu for erosion control in the Southeast.
  - 91 L. Kudzu, a forage crop for the Southeast.
  - 104 L. Crested wheatgrass.
  - 114 L. Vine-mesquite for erosion control on southwestern ranges.
  - 115 L. Timothy seed production.
  - 163 L. Legumes in soil conservation practices.
  - 171 L. The timothy crop.
  - 180 L. How to keep and increase black grama on southwestern ranges.

#### Hay—Haymaking.

- 1525 F. Effective haying equipment and practices for northern Great Plains and intermountain regions.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- \*1573 F. Legume hays for milk production.
- 1597 F. The production of Johnson grass for hay and pasturage.
- 1605 F. Soybean hay and seed production.
- 1615 F. Hay stackers and their use.
- 1770 F. High grade timothy and clover hay.
  - 72 L. Measuring hay in stacks.
  - 99 L. Huron timothy.

#### Health—Sanitation—Rural Sociology.

- 602 F. Production of clean milk.
- 954 F. Disinfection of stables.
- 1227 F. Sewage and sewerage of farm homes.
- \*1245 F. Farmers' telephone companies, organization, financing, and management.
- \*1325 F. Social aspects of rural planning.
- \*1388 F. Rural planning: Social aspects of recreation places.
- 1441 F. Rural planning—the village.
- \*1622 F. Rural buildings for business and social uses.
- 1667 F. Rural community fire departments.
- 1792 F. Hospitals for rural communities.
- 1804 F. Community buildings for farm families. 10¢.
  - 34 L. Trichinosis: A disease caused by eating raw pork.
  - 95 L. How to control ragweed, the principal cause of autumn hay fever.

#### Hogs.

- 1186 F. Pork on the farm: Killing, curing, and canning.
- 1263 F. Breeds of swine.
- 1357 F. Castration of hogs.
- 1437 F. Swine production.
- 1455 F. Fitting, showing, and judging hogs.
- 1487 F. Practical hog houses.
- 1490 F. Hog-lot equipment.
- 1504 F. Self-feeding versus hand-feeding sows and litters.

#### Home Economics (See also Foods—Nutrition—Canning, etc.).

- \*927 F. Farm home conveniences.
- 1157 F. Waterproofing and mildew proofing cotton duck.
- 1374 F. Care of food in the home.
- 1449 F. Selection of cotton fabrics.
- 1474 F. Stain removal from fabrics: Home methods.

- 1497 F. Methods and equipment for home laundering.

- \*1513 F. Convenient kitchens.
- 1530 F. Fitting dresses and blouses.
- 1553 F. Planning and recording family expenditures.
- 1633 F. Window curtaining.
- 1765 F. Guides for buying sheets, blankets, and bath towels.
- 1778 F. Fabrics and designs for children's clothes.
- 1786 F. Fireproofing fabrics.
- 1831 F. Judging fabric quality.
- 1837 F. Cotton shirts for men and boys.
  - 76 L. Slip covers.
  - 105 L. Quality guides in buying ready-made dresses.
  - 117 L. Quality guides in buying women's cloth coats.

#### Horses—Mules.

- 619 F. Breeds of draft horses.
- 779 F. How to select a sound horse.
- 803 F. Horse-breeding suggestions for farmers.
- 952 F. Breeds of light horses.
- \*1030 F. Feeding horses.
- \*1298 F. Cost of using horses on Corn-Belt farms.
- 1341 F. Mule production.
- 1368 F. Breaking and training colts.
- 1419 F. Care and management of farm work horses.
- 1535 F. Farm horseshoeing.

#### Insecticides — Fungicides — Disinfectants.

- 926 F. Some common disinfectants.
- 954 F. Disinfection of stables.
- \*994 F. Commercial bordeaux mixtures: How to calculate their value.
- 1285 F. Lime-sulphur concentrates, preparation, uses, and designs for plants.
- 1676 F. Lubricating-oil sprays for use on dormant fruit trees.

#### Insects: Animal—Poultry.

- 798 F. Sheep tick and its eradication by dipping.
- 801 F. Mites and lice on poultry.
- 909 F. Cattle lice and their eradication.
- 980 F. Spinose ear tick, and methods of treating infested animals.
- 1057 F. Cattle-fever ticks, and methods of eradication.
- \*1070 F. The fowl tick and how premises may be freed from it.
- 1085 F. Hog lice and hog mange: Methods of control and eradication.
- 1097 F. Stable fly: How to prevent its annoyance and its losses to livestock.
- 1330 F. Parasites and parasitic diseases of sheep.
- 1503 F. Horse bots and their control.
- 1596 F. Cattle grubs or heel flies with suggestions for their control.
- 1625 F. Tick fever.
- 1652 F. Diseases and parasites of poultry. 10¢.
  - 5 L. Prevention of round worms in pigs.
  - 13 L. Sheep and goat lice: Methods of control and eradication.
  - 89 L. Controlling stomach worms in sheep and lambs.
  - 152 L. How to control fleas.
  - 162 L. Screwworm control.

#### Insects: Berries—Fruits—Nuts.

- \*650 F. San Jose scale and its control.
- 675 F. The round-headed apple-tree borer.
- \*723 F. Oyster-shell scale and scurfy scale.
- \*933 F. Spraying for the control of insects and mites attacking citrus trees in Florida.
- \*1011 F. The woolly white fly in Florida citrus groves.
- 1065 F. The flat-headed apple-tree borer.
- 1128 F. Control of aphids injurious to orchard fruits, currant, gooseberry, and grape.
- 1246 F. The peach borer: How to prevent or lessen its ravages.—The paradichlorobenzene treatment.
- \*1257 F. Insects injurious to mango in Florida and how to combat them.
- \*1261 F. Avocado: Its insect enemies and how to combat them.
- \*1286 F. Red-necked raspberry cane borer.



- \*1309 F. Control of the common mealybug on citrus in California.
- \*1321 F. Fumigation of citrus trees for control of insect pests.
- 1557 F. Insects attacking the peach in the South and how to control them.
- \*1654 F. Insects of the pecan and how to combat them. 10¢.
- 161 L. The eastern tent caterpillar.
- 183 L. Cankerworms.

#### Insects: Fiber—Forage—Grain Crops.

- \*731 F. True army worm and its control.
- 739 F. Cutworms and their control in corn and other cereal crops.
- 752 F. Fall army worm, or "grassworm," and its control.
- \*762 F. False chinch bug and measures for controlling it.
- 831 F. The red spider on cotton and how to control it.
- \*835 F. How to detect insect outbreaks and save grain crops.
- 875 F. Rough-headed cornstalk beetle in Southern States and its control.
- 891 F. Corn-root aphid and methods of controlling it.
- \*915 F. How to reduce weevil waste in southern corn.
- 944 F. Controlling the garden webworm in alfalfa fields.
- 971 F. Control of clover-flower midge.
- 982 F. Control of the green clover worm in alfalfa fields.
- 1003 F. How to control billbugs destructive to cereal and forage crops.
- \*1006 F. The wheat jointworm and its control.
- 1025 F. The larger cornstalk-borer.
- 1094 F. The alfalfa caterpillar.
- \*1156 F. Angoumois grain moth.
- \*1206 F. Corn earworm as an enemy of vetch.
- 1217 F. Green-bug or spring aphid: How to prevent its periodical outbreak.
- 1258 F. Webworms injurious to cereal and forage crops and their control.
- 1260 F. Stored-grain pests. 10¢.
- 1323 F. The wheat strawworm and its control.
- \*1483 F. Control of insect pests in stored grain.
- 1484 F. The clover leaf weevil and its control.
- 1543 F. Insects injurious to the rice crop.
- 1548 F. European corn borer, present status and methods of control.
- 1566 F. Sorghum midge, with control suggestions.
- 1607 F. The nematode disease of wheat and rye.
- 1627 F. The Hessian fly and how losses from it can be avoided.
- 1642 F. Chalcid control in alfalfa-seed production.
- 1651 F. Corn earworm as an enemy of field corn in the Eastern States.
- 1657 F. The Great Basin wireworm in the Pacific Northwest.
- 1662 F. Husker-shredders in corn-borer control.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to meet corn-borer conditions.
- 1688 F. Insect enemies of the cotton plant.
- 1780 F. How to fight the chinch bug.
- 1798 F. Control of common white grubs in cereal and forage crops.
- 1803 F. Culture and pests of field peas.
- 1811 F. Control of insects attacking grain in farm storage.
- 1828 F. Grasshoppers and their control. 10¢.
- \*12 L. The striped blister beetle on soybeans.

#### Insects: Flowers—Vegetables—Miscellaneous.

- \*959 F. Spotted garden slug.
- 1252 F. Sawflies injurious to rose foliage.
- 1275 F. Weevils in beans and peas.
- \*1306 F. Insect enemies of chrysanthemums.
- \*1362 F. Insects injurious to ornamental greenhouse plants. 10¢.
- 1371 F. Diseases and insects of garden vegetables. 10¢.
- \*1425 F. The tobacco flea-beetle in dark fire-cured tobacco districts of Kentucky and Tennessee. 5¢.
- \*1489 F. Green June beetle larva in tobacco beds.
- 1494 F. Tobacco cutworms and their control.
- \*1495 F. Insect enemies of the flower garden.

- 1499 F. The melon aphid and its control.
- 1514 F. Control of sugar-beet nematode by crop rotation.
- 1531 F. Tobacco budworm and its control in Georgia and Florida tobacco-growing region.
- 1561 F. Puerto Rican mole cricket.
- 1569 F. Earthworms as pests and otherwise.
- 1582 F. Protection of log cabins, rustic work, and unseasoned wood from injurious insects.
- 1624 F. Mexican bean beetle in the East and its control.
- 1668 F. The red harvester ant and how to subdue it.
- 1681 F. Adjusting Corn-Belt farming to corn-borer conditions.
- 1688 F. Insect enemies of the cotton plant.
- 1712 F. The harlequin bug and its control.
- 1798 F. Control of common white grubs in cereal and forage crops.
- 1811 F. Control of insects attacking grain in farm storage.
- 2 L. Cutworms in the garden.
- 121 L. The sweetpotato weevil and how to control it.

#### Insects: Forest and Shade Trees.

- \*701 F. The bagworm: An injurious shade-tree insect.
- \*705 F. The catalpa sphinx.
- 763 F. Orchard bark beetles and pinhole borers and how to control them.
- \*1076 F. California oak worm.
- 1169 F. Insects injurious to deciduous shade trees and their control. 10¢.
- 1259 F. Sawfly injurious to young pines.
- 1477 F. Preventing damage by *Lyctus* powder-post beetles.
- 1586 F. The southern pine beetle: A serious enemy of pines in the South.
- 1824 F. The Black Hills beetle, a serious enemy of Rocky Mountain pines.
- 161 L. The eastern tent caterpillar.
- 183 L. Cankerworms.
- 184 L. The elm leaf beetle.
- 185 L. Elm bark beetles.

#### Insects: Household.

- 627 F. House centipede.
- 734 F. Flytraps and their operation.
- \*1101 F. Argentine ant as a household pest.
- \*1354 F. Yellow-fever mosquito.
- 1472 F. Preventing damage by termites or white ants.
- \*1670 F. Hydrocyanic acid gas as a fumigant for destroying household insects.
- 101 L. Injury to buildings by termites.
- 144 L. Cockroaches and their control.
- 145 L. Clothes moths.
- 146 L. Bedbugs.
- 147 L. House ants.
- 149 L. Silverfish.
- 150 L. Carpet beetles.
- 152 L. How to control fleas.
- 182 L. Housefly control.
- 186 L. Domestic mosquitoes.
- 189 L. Psocids, annoying household pests.
- 192 L. Centipedes and millipedes in the house.

#### Irrigation.

- 864 F. Practical information for beginners in irrigation.
- 1243 F. Border method of irrigation.
- 1348 F. Corrugation method of irrigation.
- 1404 F. Pumping from wells for irrigation.
- 1518 F. Orchard irrigation.
- \*1529 F. Spray irrigation in Eastern States.
- 1556 F. Irrigation of small grains.
- 1630 F. Irrigation practices in growing alfalfa.
- \*1635 F. Surface irrigation in the Eastern States.
- 1683 F. Measuring water in irrigation channels.
- 1703 F. Reservoirs for farm use.

#### Lands.

- 1088 F. Selecting a farm.
- \*1132 F. Planning the farmstead.
- 1526 F. Clearing land of brush and stumps.
- 1733 F. Planning a subsistence homestead.



**Leather—Hides—Tanning.**

- 1055 F. Country hides and skins: Skinning, curing, marketing. 10¢.
- 1334 F. Home tanning of leather and small fur skins.
- 1523 F. Leather shoes: Selection and care.
- 69 L. Preservation of leather bookbindings.

**Livestock** (*See also specific animal*).

- 1167 F. Essentials of animal breeding.
- 1179 F. Feeding cottonseed products to livestock.
- 1428 F. Saving livestock from starvation on southwestern ranges.
- 1721 F. Determining the age of farm animals by their teeth.
- 1753 F. Livestock for small farms.
  - 1 L. Ways to save young livestock.
- 38 L. Maintaining the health of livestock in transit.
- 88 L. Poisoning of livestock by plants that produce hydrocyanic acid.

**Marketing—Markets—Market Studies.**

- 1210 F. Measuring and marketing farm timber.
- \*1232 F. Seed marketing hints for the farmer.
- 1291 F. Preparation of fresh tomatoes for market.
- 1308 F. Marketing the cowpea-seed crop.
- 1377 F. Marketing poultry.
- \*1378 F. Marketing eggs.
- 1423 F. Preparation of cabbage for market.
- 1457 F. Packing apples in boxes.
- 1459 F. Selling black-walnut timber.
- 1539 F. High-grade alfalfa hay: Methods of producing, baling, and loading for market.
- 1551 F. Marketing farm produce by parcel post.
- 1558 F. Preparation of eastern grapes for market.
- 1560 F. Preparing strawberries for market.
- 1574 F. Preparing Johnson hay for market in the Black Prairie Belt of Alabama and Mississippi.
- 1594 F. Preparation of bunched beets, carrots, and turnips for market.
- 1694 F. Dressing and packing turkeys for market.
- 1695 F. Preparing apples for market in barrels and boxes.
- 1700 F. Marketing hay by modern methods.
- 1702 F. Preparing peaches for market.
- 1770 F. High-grade timothy and clover hay.
- 1796 F. Handling and preparing the Kieffer pear for use as food.
- 1805 F. Grading wool.
- 1815 F. Grading dressed turkeys.
- 1821 F. Containers for fruits and vegetables. 10¢.
- 68 L. Roadside markets.
- 73 L. Is the public market a good civic investment?
- 92 L. Preparing wool for market.
- 122 L. U. S. graded and stamped meat.
- 123 L. The farmer's share of the consumer's dollar.
- 156 L. Harvesting and selling seed of southern pines.

**Melons.**

- 1394 F. Watermelons.
- 1468 F. Muskmelons.
- 1499 F. The melon aphid and its control.

**Mushrooms.**

- 1587 F. Mushroom culture for amateurs.

**Nuts.**

- 1392 F. Black walnut for timber and nuts.
- 1501 F. Nut-tree propagation.
- 1656 F. Peanut growing.
- 71 L. Fertilizers for pecan soils.
- 84 L. Planting black walnut.

**Oats.**

- 1581 F. Oats in the North Central States.
- 1583 F. Spring-sown red oats.
- 1611 F. Oats in the western half of the United States.
- 1640 F. Fall-sown oat production.
- 1659 F. Oats [spring] in the Northeastern States.

**Plants: Breeding—Propagation—Pruning.**

- 1369 F. Bridge grafting.
- 1567 F. Propagation of trees and shrubs.
- 1743 F. Hotbeds and coldframes.

**Plants—Herbs (Medicinal).**

- 304 F. Growing and curing hops.

- 613 F. Goldenseal under cultivation.
- 663 F. Drug plants under cultivation.
- 1184 F. Ginseng culture.
- 1231 F. Drying crude drugs.
- 1555 F. Peppermint and spearmint as farm crops.

**Plants—Poisonous.**

- 988 F. Larkspur or "poison weed."
- 1054 F. The loco-weed disease.
- 1166 F. Poison ivy and poison sumac, and their eradication.
- 1273 F. Stock-poisoning death camas.
- 88 L. Poisoning of livestock by plants that produce hydrocyanic acid.
- 95 L. How to control ragweed, the principal cause of autumn hay fever.

**Potatoes: Irish—Sweet.**

- 847 F. Potato storage and storage houses.
- 999 F. Sweetpotato growing.
- 1064 F. Production of late or main-crop potatoes.
- 1205 F. Potato production in the South.
- 1267 F. Utilization of flue-heated tobacco barns for sweetpotato storage.
- 1332 F. Seed potatoes and how to produce them.
- 1436 F. Why potatoes run out.
- 1442 F. Storage of sweetpotatoes.
- \*1639 F. Potato production in the far Western States.
- 106 L. Prevent storage rots of sweetpotatoes.

**Poultry and Eggs.**

- 684 F. Squab raising.
- 697 F. Duck raising.
- 767 F. Goose raising.
- 849 F. Capons and caponizing.
- 1409 F. Turkey raising.
- 1506 F. Breeds of chickens: I. American, Asiatic, English, and Mediterranean classes.
- 1507 F. Standard breeds and varieties of chickens: II. Continental, European, Oriental, and miscellaneous classes.
- 1508 F. Poultry keeping in back yards.
- 1524 F. Farm poultry raising.
- 1538 F. Incubation and brooding of chickens.
- 1554 F. Poultry houses and fixtures.
- 1694 F. Dressing and packing turkeys for market.
- 1727 F. Selecting hens for egg production.
- 1815 F. Grading dressed turkeys.
- 1841 F. The feeding of chickens.
- 96 L. Protecting poultry from predacious birds.

**Rice.**

- 1240 F. How to grow rice in Sacramento Valley.
- 1420 F. Handling rough rice to produce high grades. 10¢.
- 1808 F. Rice culture in the Southern States.
- 112 L. Cooking American varieties of rice.
- 148 L. When to cut rice.

**Rodents — Predatory Animals — Other Mammals.**

- 702 F. Cottontail rabbits in relation to trees and crops.
- 1397 F. Mouse control in field and orchard.
- \*1533 F. Rat control.
- \*1638 F. Rat-proofing buildings and premises.
- 1709 F. Pocket-gopher control.
- 1716 F. Mole control.
- 21 L. Woodchuck control in the Eastern States
- 59 L. Hints on coyote and wolf trapping.
- 60 L. Porcupine control in the Western States.
- \*65 L. Red squill powder in rat control.
- 78 L. Hints on bobcat trapping.
- 94 L. Hints on mountain lion trapping.
- 109 L. Eliminating bats from buildings.
- 132 L. Den hunting as a means of coyote control.

**Rye.**

- \*756 F. Culture of rye in the eastern half of the United States.
- 1607 F. Nematode disease of wheat and rye.

**Seeds—Seed Production** (*See also specific crop*).

- 434 F. The home production of onion seed and sets.
- \*676 F. Hard clover seed and its treatment in hauling.
- 948 F. Rag-doll seed tester: Its use in determining what ears of corn are fit for seed.
- 1123 F. Growing and planting hardwood seedlings on the farm.
- \*1232 F. Seed-marketing hints for the farmer.
- 1253 F. Seed peas for the canner.







